

Hurricane Camp Expands Significantly as Drilling Confirms Thick High-Grade Gold

HIGHLIGHTS:

- Latest **Hurricane camp** drilling continues to validate, connect and extend the modelled wireframes underpinning Benz's recently released Glenburgh Exploration Target and advance the drill-supported target toward maiden **Mineral Resource** definition.
- **Significant shallow, high-grade mineralisation discovered between Zone 126 and Zone 102**, linking the two deposits for the first time, materially expanding the Hurricane Camp and highlighting the potential for a **substantial open-pit opportunity** across the broader Hurricane trend. Highlights include:
 - **70m at 2.9 g/t Au** from 214m, incl. 37m at 5.2 g/t Au (26HZ135)
 - **56m at 1.6 g/t Au** from 162m, incl. 17m at 3.6 g/t Au (26HZ125)
 - **49m at 1.7 g/t Au** from 336m, incl. 23m at 3.2 g/t Au (26HZ131)
- **Hurricane trend** continues to significantly grow along newly discovered NE plunge corridor
 - **14m at 8.9 g/t Au** from 383m, incl. 5m at 24.2 g/t Au (26HZ105)
 - **86m at 1.0 g/t Au** from 359m, incl. 37m at 1.4 g/t Au (26HZ097)
 - **64m at 1.4 g/t Au** from 441m, incl. 12m at 5.0 g/t Au (26HZ147)
- **Z126 Trend:** High grade lenses are now linking and adding volume into a larger more continuous gold bearing trend
 - **79m at 2.8 g/t Au** from 499m, incl. **38m at 5.0 g/t Au** (26HZ145)
 - **27m at 6.4 g/t Au** from 432m (26HZ145)
 - **20m at 6.3 g/t Au** from 160 m, incl. **8m at 14.7 g/t Au** (26HZ059)
- **Major 400 m down-plunge step-out opens a major new underground growth opportunity at Hurricane:** First pass drilling more than 400 m down plunge of Zone 126 has intersected the mineralised system in line with Benz's down-plunge projection, **potentially doubling the Hurricane search space.**

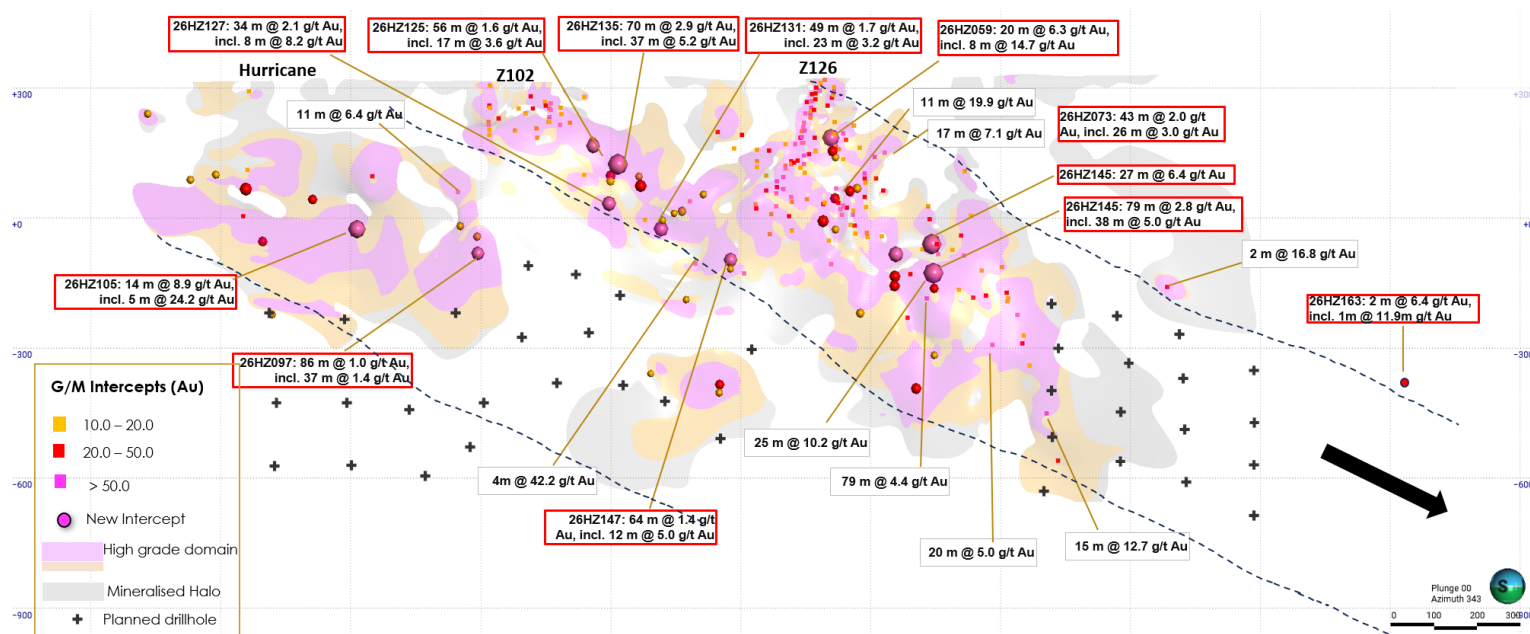


Figure 1: Long section looking north of Hurricane Camp Drilling with highlights reported in this announcement shown in red outline.

Benz Mining Corp (ASX: BNZ, TSXV: BZ) (“Benz” or the “Company”) is pleased to report new gold assay results from ongoing drilling at the Hurricane Camp, part of its 100%-owned Glenburgh Gold Project in the Gascoyne region of Western Australia.

Relationship to the Glenburgh Exploration Target

The Hurricane Camp is a major component of the Glenburgh Exploration Target and represents the highest-grade camp in the project, contributing a high-grade core of **31–35 Mt at 2.50–2.72 g/t Au for 2.5–3.0 Moz** within the broader Glenburgh higher-grade domain Exploration Target of **110–125 Mt at 1.7–1.8 g/t Au for 6.1–7.3 Moz**.

The potential quantity and grade of the Exploration Target is conceptual in nature. There has been insufficient exploration to estimate a Mineral Resource and it is uncertain whether further exploration will result in the estimation of a Mineral Resource. See announcement dated 24 June 2026 for further details.

Approximately 80% of the Exploration Target is already drill-defined, assay-supported and wireframed. The current systematic fence-line drilling at Hurricane continues to support the target wireframes, improve connectivity, add mineralised volume and define high-grade zones as Benz advances toward maiden Mineral Resource definition.

Mark Lynch Staunton, CEO, commented:

“Hurricane Camp is growing fast.

“The latest drilling shows a camp growing on multiple fronts: shallow high-grade mineralisation has linked Zone 126 and Zone 102, the high-grade lenses at Zone 126 are connecting into a larger gold-bearing trend, and a major new down-plunge opportunity has emerged more than 400 metres beyond the current drilled area.

“This is exactly how a large gold system builds. The model is holding together, the wireframes are connecting, mineralised volume is growing and Hurricane is advancing toward maiden Mineral Resource definition.

“The 400 metre down-plunge step-out is a major development. It intersected the mineralised system in line with our projection and appears to have clipped the edge of the target corridor. We now have a clear vector to drill deeper into the core of the system, and we are moving immediately.

“This new down-plunge opportunity is outside the current Glenburgh Exploration Target and points to substantial underground growth potential. Combined with the emerging shallow open-pit opportunity, Hurricane is rapidly becoming a major growth centre at Glenburgh.”

Major 400 m down-plunge step-out opens a major new underground growth opportunity at Hurricane:

First-pass drilling more than 400 m down plunge of Zone 126 has opened a major new growth opportunity at Hurricane, confirming the mineralised system continues well beyond the current drilled area and beneath a ~6 km gold-in-soil anomaly (see Figure 2).

With **2m at 6.4 g/t Au** returned from hole 26HZ163, including **1m at 11.9 g/t Au**, this hole is interpreted to have clipped the margin of the prospective corridor in line with Benz's down-plunge projection. This provides a clear vector to drill deeper into the core of the target zone, with follow-up drilling planned immediately. This down-plunge opportunity is not included in the current Glenburgh Exploration Target and highlights **substantial underground growth potential along the untested 6km trend**.

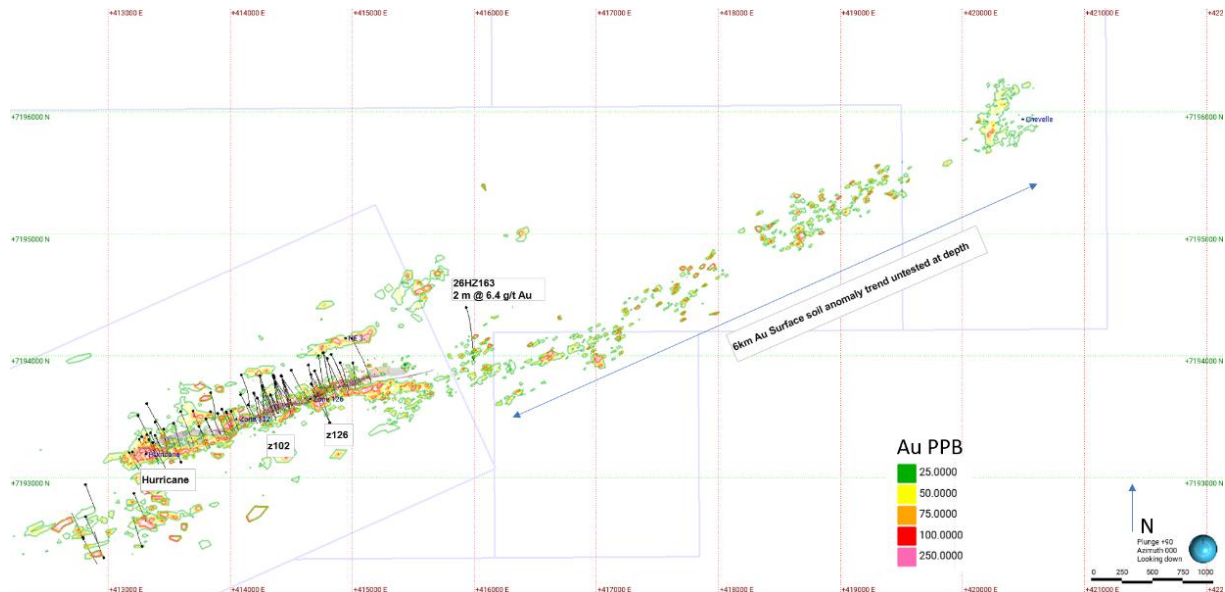


Figure 2: Collar map of holes released. Exploration upside suggested where hole 26HZ163 intersected projected Zone 126 mineralised plunge corridor at depth.

Next Steps

Drilling at Hurricane is ongoing and will remain focused on two clear objectives: convert the drill-supported Exploration Target and grow the system beyond the current target area.

Benz will continue to flesh out the Zone 126 high-grade trend, which remains open along strike and at depth, while infill drilling advances the drill-defined domains toward maiden Mineral Resource spacing.

At the same time, the Company will immediately follow up the new 400m down-plunge opportunity, where first pass drilling has confirmed the mineralised system continues well beyond the current drilled area.

This combination of infill drilling in proven ground and step-out drilling into new ground is designed to increase confidence, add scale and support conversion of the Glenburgh Exploration Target into a maiden Mineral Resource in CY27.

Glenburgh Deposit Geology

The Glenburgh deposit geology is interpreted to comprise muddy pelitic sediments and mafic volcanic rocks metamorphosed to migmatites and amphibolites during the ca. 1990Ma Glenburgh Orogeny. Within this package of rocks, an extensive sea floor or sub-sea floor alteration system is associated with gold mineralisation.

The core of the mineralised envelope at Glenburgh is defined by a folded sequence of metapelitic rocks interlayered with silica-rich grey chert bands, sulphide and oxide sedimentary iron formations, iron-rich grunerite bearing layers, and tungsten-rich and phosphate bands.

Recrystallisation of gold and other silicate minerals during granulite facies metamorphism is considered responsible for the exceptional metallurgical recoveries reported in the announcement dated 17 June 2026.

Glenburgh – A New Frontier Gold District

The 100%-owned Glenburgh Gold Project is rapidly emerging as a new frontier gold district with multi-million-ounce potential. Located in Western Australia's Gascoyne region, Glenburgh hosts an 18–20 kilometre mineralised corridor anchored by the large-scale Icon–Apollo trend and the high-grade Zone 126 system.

Glenburgh's unique combination of thick, bulk-style gold mineralisation (Icon–Apollo) and multiple high-grade underground lenses (Zone 126) positions it as a rare opportunity in the Australian gold sector. With gold prices at record levels, the ability to develop both large-scale open pit and underground operations offers exceptional leverage and growth potential.

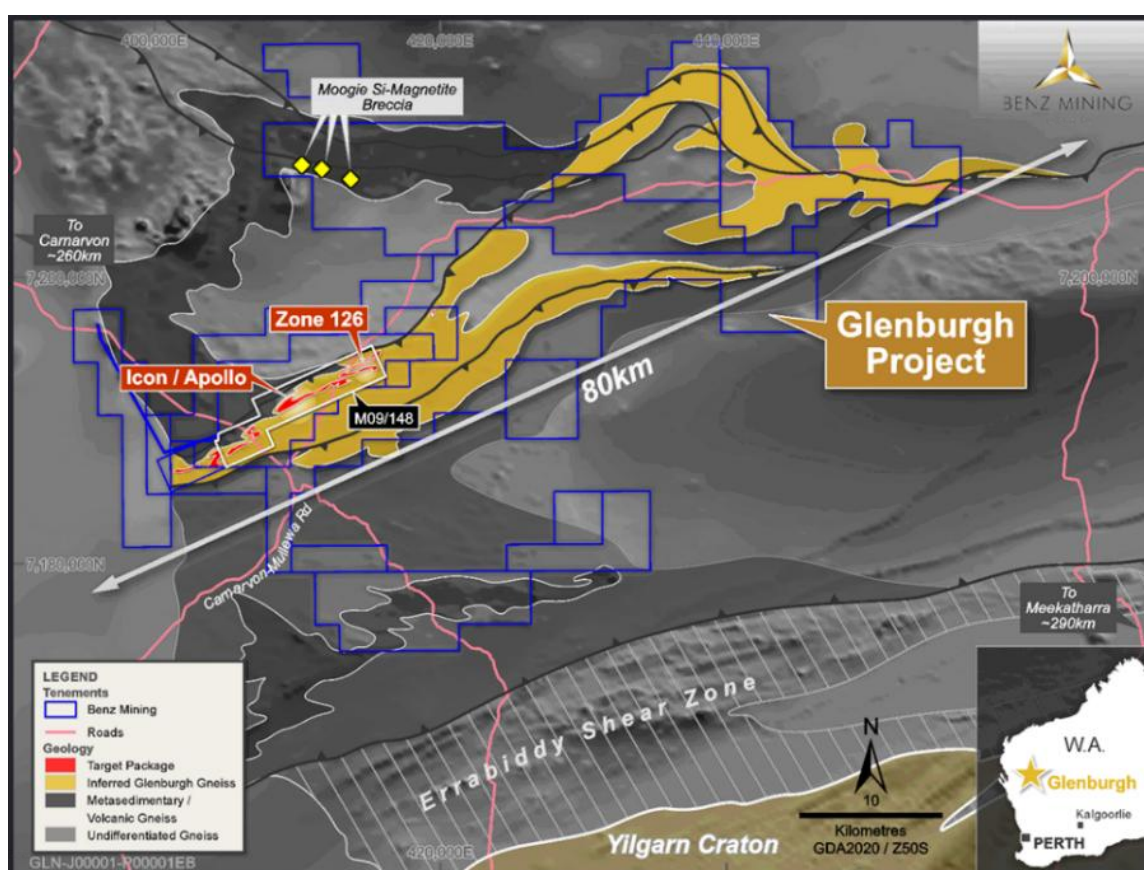


Figure 3: Geological overview of the Glenburgh Gold Project.

- END -

This announcement has been approved for release by the Board of Benz Mining Corp.

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About Benz Mining Corp.

Benz Mining Corp. (TSXV:BZ, ASX:BNZ) is a pure-play gold exploration company dual-listed on the TSX Venture Exchange and Australian Securities Exchange. The Company owns the Eastmain Gold Project in Quebec, and the recently acquired Glenburgh and Mt Egerton Gold Projects in Western Australia.

Benz's key point of difference lies in its team's deep geological expertise and the use of advanced geological techniques, particularly in high-metamorphic terrane exploration. The Company aims to rapidly grow its global resource base and solidify its position as a leading gold explorer across two of the world's most prolific gold regions.

The Glenburgh Gold Project features a Mineral Resource Estimate of 16.3Mt at 1.0 g/t Au (510,100 ounces of contained gold)¹.

The Eastmain Gold Project in Quebec hosts a Mineral Resource Estimate of 1,005,000 ounces at 6.1g/t Au² showcasing Benz's focus on high-grade, high-margin assets in premier mining jurisdictions.



For more information, please visit: <https://benzmining.com/>.

¹ Indicated: 13.5Mt at 1.0g/t Au for 430.7koz; Inferred: 2.8Mt at 0.9g/t Au for 79.4koz. See *Historical Mineral Resource Estimates*, below

² Indicated: 1.3Mt at 9.0g/t Au for 384koz; Inferred: 3.8Mt at 5.1g/t Au for 621koz

Competent Person's Statements

The information in this announcement that relates to the Glenburgh Exploration Target and Exploration Results is based on, and fairly represents, information and supporting documentation compiled by Mark Lynch-Staunton, a Competent Person who is a Member of Australian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG) Membership ID: 6918. Mark Lynch-Staunton has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code). Mark Lynch-Staunton consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on this information in the form and context in which it appears. Further information regarding the Exploration Target is set out in the announcement dated 24 June 2026.

The Mineral Resource Estimates for the Eastmain Project and the Glenburgh Gold Project were previously reported in accordance with Listing Rule 5.8 on 24 May 2023 and 6 November 2024, respectively. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements and confirms that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Estimates continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements.

The information in this announcement that relates to prior exploration results for the Glenburgh Gold Project was first reported to the ASX in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 5.7 on 11 September 2025, 14 October 2025 and 31 March 2026. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement.

Forward-Looking Statements

Statements contained in this news release that are not historical facts are "forward-looking information" or "forward looking statements" (collectively **Forward-Looking Information**) as such term is used in applicable Canadian securities laws. Forward-Looking Information includes, but is not limited to, disclosure regarding the exploration potential of the Glenburgh Gold Project and the anticipated benefits thereof, planned exploration and related activities on the Glenburgh Gold Project. In certain cases, Forward-Looking Information can be identified by the use of words and phrases or variations of such words and phrases or statements such as "anticipates", "complete", "become", "expects", "next steps", "commitments" and "potential", in relation to certain actions, events or results "could", "may", "will", "would", be achieved. In preparing the Forward-Looking Information in this news release, the Company has applied several material assumptions, including, but not limited to, that the accuracy and reliability of the Company's exploration thesis in respect of additional drilling at the Glenburgh Gold Project will be consistent with the Company's expectations based on available information; the Company will be able to raise additional capital as necessary; the current exploration, development, environmental and other objectives concerning the Company's Projects (including Glenburgh and Mt Egerton Gold Projects) can be achieved; and the continuity of the price of gold and other metals, economic and political conditions, and operations.

Forward-looking information is subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause plans, estimates and actual results to vary materially from those projected in such forward-looking information. Factors that could cause the forward-looking information in this news release to change or to be inaccurate include, but are not limited to, the early stage nature of the Company's exploration of the Glenburgh Gold Project, the risk that any of the assumptions referred to prove not to be valid or reliable, that occurrences such as those referred to above are realized and result in delays, or cessation in planned work, that the Company's financial condition and development plans change, and delays in regulatory approval, as well as the other risks and uncertainties applicable to the Company as set forth in the Company's continuous disclosure filings filed under the Company's profile at www.sedarplus.ca and www.asx.com.au. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on Forward-Looking Information. The Forward-looking information in this news release is based on plans, expectations, and estimates of management at the date the information is provided and the Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements, other than as required by applicable law.

NEITHER THE TSX VENTURE EXCHANGE NOR ITS REGULATION SERVICES PROVIDER (AS THAT TERM IS DEFINED IN THE POLICIES OF THE TSX VENTURE EXCHANGE) ACCEPTS RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS RELEASE.

Appendix 1: Detailed Breakdown Of Exploration Target

GLENBURGH EXPLORATION TARGET – by deposit and grade domain			
Hurricane Camp			
Basis	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Gold (Moz)
High grade			
Drill-constrained (data-driven)	25 – 28	2.50 – 2.72	2.0 – 2.5
Conceptual projection	6 – 7	2.50 – 2.72	0.5 – 0.6
Subtotal – high grade	31 – 35	2.50 – 2.72	2.5 – 3.0
Mineralised halo			
Drill-constrained (data-driven)	166 – 184	0.37 – 0.39	2.0 – 2.3
Conceptual projection	40 – 44	0.37 – 0.39	0.5 – 0.6
Subtotal – mineralised halo	206 – 229	0.37 – 0.39	2.4 – 2.9
TOTAL – Hurricane	235 – 265	0.65 – 0.70	5.0 – 5.9

Icon			
Basis	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Gold (Moz)
High grade			
Drill-constrained (data-driven)	54 – 60	1.40 – 1.47	2.4 – 2.8
Conceptual projection	8 – 9	1.40 – 1.47	0.35 – 0.41
Subtotal – high grade	62 – 69	1.40 – 1.47	2.8 – 3.3
Mineralised halo			
Drill-constrained (data-driven)	125 – 139	0.28 – 0.29	1.1 – 1.3
Conceptual projection	18 – 20	0.28 – 0.29	0.16 – 0.19
Subtotal – mineralised halo	143 – 159	0.28 – 0.29	1.3 – 1.5
TOTAL – Icon	205 – 230	0.62 – 0.65	4.1 – 4.7

Thunderbolt			
Basis	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Gold (Moz)
High grade			
Drill-constrained (data-driven)	3.07 – 3.41	1.40 – 1.55	0.1 – 0.2
Conceptual projection	16 – 17	1.40 – 1.55	0.7 – 0.9
Subtotal – high grade	19 – 21	1.40 – 1.55	0.8 – 1.0
Mineralised halo			
Drill-constrained (data-driven)	4 – 5	0.28 – 0.31	0.04 – 0.05
Conceptual projection	21 – 24	0.28 – 0.31	0.19 – 0.24
Subtotal – mineralised halo	26 – 29	0.28 – 0.31	0.2 – 0.3
TOTAL – Thunderbolt	45 – 50	0.75 – 0.83	1.1 – 1.3

Glenburgh Exploration Target – reconciliation by camp			
Basis	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Gold (Moz)
Hurricane	235 – 265	0.65 – 0.70	5.0 – 5.9
Icon	205 – 230	0.62 – 0.65	4.1 – 4.7
Thunderbolt	45 – 50	0.75 – 0.83	1.1 – 1.3
GLENBURGH EXPLORATION TARGET	485 – 540	0.65 – 0.69	10.1 – 12.0

Appendix 2: JORC Tables

JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1 report template

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	Commentary
<i>Sampling techniques</i>	- Results are part of BNZ's RC drilling campaign at the recently acquired Glenburgh Gold Project situated ~285 km east of Carnarvon via Gascoyne Junction, WA. - RC drilling samples were collected as 1m single samples. - Each sample collected represents each one (1) metre drilled collected from the rig-mounted cone splitter into individual calico bags (~3kg). - The rig mounted cyclone/cone splitter was levelled at the start of each hole to aid an even fall of the sample through the cyclone into the cone splitter. - RC drilling sample submissions include the use of certified standards (CRMs), and field duplicates were added to the submitted sample sequence to test laboratory equipment calibrations. Standards selected are matched to the analytical method of photon assaying at ALS labs in Perth (~500g units). No composites were taken. - Based on statistical analysis of these results, there is no evidence to suggest the samples are not representative.
<i>Drilling techniques</i>	- The RC drill rig was a Schramm C685 & T685 rig type with the capability to reach >500m depths with a rig-mounted cyclone/cone splitter using a face sample hammer bit of 5 1/2 - 6" size. - The booster was used to apply air to keep drill holes dry and reach deeper depths.
<i>Drill sample recovery</i>	- RC sample recovery is visually assessed and recorded where significantly reduced. Negligible sample loss has been recorded. - RC samples were visually checked for recovery, moisture and contamination. A cyclone and cone splitter were used to provide a uniform sample, and these were routinely cleaned. - RC Sample recoveries are generally high. No significant sample loss has been recorded.
<i>Logging</i>	- RC chip samples have been geologically logged on a per 1 metre process recording lithology, mineralisation, veining, alteration, and weathering. - Geological logging is considered appropriate for this style of deposit (metamorphosed orogenic gold). The entire length of all holes has been geologically logged.

Criteria	Commentary
	- RC drill logging was completed by Benz Mining staff and data entered into BNZ's MXDeposit digital data collection platform provided by Expedio. - All drill chips were collected into 20 compartment-trays for future reference and stored securely at Glenburgh camp.
<i>Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation</i>	- RC chips were cone split at the rig. Samples were generally dry. - A sample size of between 3 and 5 kg was collected. This size is considered appropriate, and representative of the material being sampled given the width and continuity of the intersections, and the grain size of the material being collected. - For the 1 metre samples, certified analytical standards (appropriate for photon assaying) and field duplicates were inserted at appropriate intervals at a rate equal to 1 in 20 and sent for analysis with the samples. - Sample preparation was undertaken at ALS Laboratory - Perth. Gold analysis utilised the photon assaying methodology where original samples are crushed to 90% better than -3mm with a sub-set 500g separated for non-destructive analysis. - Any sample reporting as having elevated > 1µSv readings during the preparation for photon assaying at ALS labs were flagged and were submitted for fire assay (Au-AA26) methodology at ALS labs in Perth as a quantifying check against the Photon assays.
<i>Quality of assay data and laboratory test</i>	- PhotonAssay at ALS Perth: Samples submitted for PhotonAssay analysis were dried, crushed to achieve approximately 90% passing 3.15 mm, rotary split, and a nominal ~500 g sub-sample was collected (method codes CRU-32a and SPL-32a). The ~500 g sub-sample was analysed for gold using the PhotonAssay technique (method code Au-PA01), together with quality control samples including certified reference materials and field duplicates. - ALS PhotonAssay Analysis Technique: Developed by CSIRO in collaboration with Chrysos Corporation, PhotonAssay is a rapid, chemical-free alternative to conventional fire assay that uses high-energy X-rays. The technique is non-destructive and analyses a substantially larger sample mass than the standard 50 g fire assay. ALS has extensively tested and validated the PhotonAssay method, with results benchmarked against traditional fire assay. - Routine mutli-element analysis - four acid digest with ICP-MS finish (method code ME-MS61) and portable XRF (method code pXRF-NQ) has been completed down hole on a pulverize 500 g split to better than 85% passing 75um (method code PUL-32m) but this information does not form part of this report. - Laboratory QA/QC is maintained through the routine use of

Criteria	Commentary
	internal certified reference materials and blanks as part of standard in-house procedures. In addition, BNZ submitted an independent suite of certified reference materials (see above). These data are formally reviewed on a periodic basis.
<i>Verification of sampling and assaying</i>	• Significant drill intersections are checked by the supervising personnel. The intersections are compared to recorded geology and neighbouring data and reviewed in Leapfrog and QGIS software. • No twinned holes have been drilled to date by Benz Mining, but, planned holes have tested the interpreted mineralised trends, verifying the geometry of the mineralised targets. • All logs were validated by the Project Geologist prior to being sent to the Database Administrator for import • No adjustments have been made to assay data apart from values below the detection limit which are assigned a value of half the detection limit (positive number)
<i>Location of data points</i>	• Hole collar coordinates including RLs have been located by handheld GPS in the field during initial drill site preparation. Actual hole collars were collected by a DGPS system at the Glenburgh Gold Project. • The grid system used for the location of all drill holes is GDA94_MGA_Zone 50s. • Planned hole coordinates and final GPS coordinates are compared in QGIS and Leapfrog project files to ensure all targets have been tested as intended. • The drill string path is monitored as drilling progresses using downhole Axis Champ Gyro tool and compared against the planned drill path, adjustment to the drilling technique is requested as required to ensure the intended path is followed. • Readings were recorded at 30m intervals from surface to end of hole after Benz reviewed single shot verses EOH continuous surveying of the Axis Champ Gyro tool and noted >3 degrees variance in azimuth with hole depth. The single shots produce less variability and are used for hole trace reporting in the database. • Historical drill hole surveys and methods will be reviewed in preparation for any updates to MRE in the future.
<i>Data spacing and distribution</i>	• BNZ's Glenburgh RC drilling has been designed to infill and extend mineralisation defined by historical drilling. Drill spacings are varied. Holes were generally angled between -65 degrees towards ~145 degrees. • The mineralised domains established for pre-BNZ Mineral Resource Estimates have sufficient continuity in both geology and

Criteria	Commentary
	grade to be considered appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedures and classification applied under the 2012 JORC Code. Ongoing drilling will be sufficiently spaced for a reinterpretation based on BNZ's structural model. No sample compositing of material from drilling has been applied during this drilling campaign.
<i>Orientation of data in relation to geological structure</i>	- Drilling has primarily been undertaken perpendicular to the interpreted mineralised structures as stated above. - No orientation-based sampling bias has been identified - observed intercepts to date indicate the interpreted geology hosting mineralisation is robust.
<i>Sample security</i>	- All samples were prepared in the field by Benz Mining staff and delivered by contracted couriers from the field site to the ALS laboratory in Perth directly. - Individual pre-numbered calco sample bags are placed in polywoven plastic bags (5 per bag) secured at the top with a cable tie. These bags are annotated with the company name and sample numbers, the bags are placed in larger bulker bags for transport to ALS labs in Perth, also labelled with corresponding company name, drill hole and sample identifiers. - Sample pulps are stored in a dry, secure location at Benz's Glenburgh camp.
<i>Audits or reviews</i>	- Data is validated by Benz staff and Geolytic database consultants as it is entered into MXDeposit. Errors are returned to field staff for validation. - All drilled hole collars have been located with a DGPS. - There have been no audits undertaken.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	Commentary
<i>Mineral tenement and land tenure status</i>	- Glenburgh Gold Project is a group of 10 tenements and 2 applications. The majority of known gold deposits are located on Mining Lease M09/148. - The tenement is 100% owned by Benz Mining Limited. - The tenements are in good standing and no known impediments exist.

Criteria	Commentary
<i>Exploration done by other parties</i>	• Since Helix Resources in 1994 and subsequent work by Gascoyne Resources, about 159,149 soil samples, 1,349 vacuum holes and 2,285 auger holes have been completed at Glenburgh. • 48 diamond holes, 398 RC holes, 6 air-core holes and 462 RAB holes have been drilled in the Glenburgh area to identify the distribution and evaluate the potential of the deposit. • Drilling to date has identified 10 high potential deposits in the Glenburgh area which are: Tuxedo, Icon, Apollo, Mustang, Shelby, Hurricane, Zone 102, Zone 126, NE3 and NE4 deposits.
<i>Geology</i>	• Gold mineralisation at the Glenburgh deposit is hosted in Paleoproterozoic upper-amphibolite to granulite facies siliciclastic rocks of the Glenburgh Terrane, in the southern Gascoyne Province of Western Australia. • Gold was first discovered at the Glenburgh deposit in 1994 by Helix Resources during follow-up drilling of soil geochemical anomalies. Mineralisation occurs in shears within quartz + feldspar + biotite ± garnet gneiss, which contains discontinuous blocks or lenses of amphibolite and occasional thin magnetite-bearing metamorphics, probably derived from chemical sediments. • Higher-grade mineralisation appears to be directly related to silica flooding in the gneiss. This silica flooding may give rise to quartz 'veins' up to several metres thick, although scales of several centimetres to tens of centimetres are the norm. Neither the higher-grade silica lodes nor the more pervasive lower-grade mineralisation exhibits sharp or well-defined lithological contacts.
<i>Drill hole Information</i>	• For this announcement, 89 RC holes are being reported. • For earlier released results, see previous announcements by Gascoyne Resources (ASX:GCY) and Spartan Resources (ASX:SPR).
<i>Data aggregation methods</i>	• No material information has been excluded. • High grade Intercepts: A nominal 0.7g/t Au lower cut off has been applied to results including up to a 5m limit on internal dilution unless otherwise stated. A minimum composite length of 2m is applied. • Bulk Intercepts: A nominal 0.3g/t Au lower cut off has been applied to results including up to a 10m limit on internal dilution unless otherwise stated. Short high-grade composites < 1.5 gram metres are included, otherwise a minimum composite length of 2m is applied. • Higher grade Au intervals lying within broader zones of Au mineralisation are reported as included intervals. • No top cuts have been applied to reported intercepts. • No metal equivalent values have been used.

Criteria	Commentary
	• All reported assays have been length weighted if appropriate. • Some drill holes reported in this announcement were previously disclosed based on partial assay results. Completion of outstanding assays has resulted in updated intercepts now being reported.
<i>Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths</i>	• Drilling is generally oriented perpendicular to the interpreted strike of mineralisation, and intercepts are reported as downhole lengths unless otherwise stated. • To improve understanding of true widths, a subset of holes in this program were drilled from the opposite azimuth to previous drilling to test structural geometry. Ongoing drilling and geological modelling are required to confirm the true orientation and extent of mineralised lenses.
<i>Diagrams</i>	• Relevant diagrams are included in the report.
<i>Balanced reporting</i>	• All meaningful data relating to the Exploration program has been included and reported to the market as assays are received.
<i>Other substantive exploration data</i>	• See body of announcement.
<i>Further work</i>	• Assays for the remainder of the programme will be reported once received and validated. • Ongoing drilling across the Glenburgh camp to extend mineralisation along strike and at depth.

Appendix 3: Collar Table. Coordinates system: GDA94/MGA Zone 50

Hole ID	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Dip	Azimuth	End Depth
26HZ011	412815	7192944	306	55	158	402
26HZ012	412793	7192514	311	54	336	402
26HZ013	412798	7192503	311	54	154	450
26HZ044	412816	7192681	309	54	156	450
26HZ045	414420	7193836	316	67	159	873
26HZ050	412964	7192345	309	55	335	450
26HZ055	413277	7192439	309	54	339	510
26HZ058	414664	7193770	319	57	141	322
26HZ059	414667	7193766	319	56	150	300
26HZ064	414662	7193846	316	60	153	552
26HZ065	414818	7193450	324	64	337	900
26HZ066	413212	7192872	311	53	156	450
26HZ067	413456	7193398	311	65	175	450
26HZ068	414692	7193875	318	52	156	396
26HZ069	413456	7193395	311	55	173	354
26HZ070	414692	7193876	318	52	152	402
26HZ072	414816	7193454	324	52	333	577
26HZ073	414797	7193977	322	65	167	804
26HZ074	413480	7193063	313	56	335	552
26HZ075	413538	7193448	312	58	163	504
26HZ077	414765	7194027	320	65	170	906
26HZ078	413597	7193129	315	67	341	600
26HZ079	413385	7193349	310	65	156	402
26HZ081	413386	7193347	310	55	158	354
26HZ082	414353	7193835	315	72	165	1008
26HZ083	413348	7193368	309	61	159	402
26HZ084	413173	7193206	309	56	156	300
26HZ086	413198	7193214	309	57	151	252
26HZ087	414357	7193829	315	70	147	942
26HZ089	413317	7193353	309	57	155	354
26HZ090	414354	7193841	318	66	173	702
26HZ091	413256	7193316	309	64	153	402
26HZ093	413364	7193289	311	54	163	300
26HZ094	413840	7193542	312	66	156	504
26HZ096	414369	7193772	315	61	168	552
26HZ097	413898	7193526	313	69	157	594
26HZ098	414371	7193766	315	53	158	450
26HZ099	413897	7193529	313	58	158	402
26HZ100	413332	7193313	310	56	154	354
26HZ101	413968	7193540	313	68	155	450
26HZ102	413276	7193336	309	62	145	500
26HZ103	414901	7193943	325	57	154	474

Hole ID	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Dip	Azimuth	End Depth
26HZ104	414360	7193821	315	60	178	600
26HZ105	413595	7193542	310	57	156	621
26HZ106	414362	7193819	315	66	160	650
26HZ107	415005	7193942	329	56	165	365
26HZ108	413969	7193534	313	55	156	319
26HZ110	414762	7194025	320	62	151	972
26HZ111	414997	7194141	328	52	152	654
26HZ112	413695	7193547	310	59	156	654
26HZ113	413801	7193484	311	71	160	552
26HZ114	413932	7193562	313	70	148	480
26HZ115	414641	7193924	317	62	169	654
26HZ116	414418	7193833	316	69	142	870
26HZ118	414008	7193546	313	69	153	480
26HZ119	414330	7193680	316	71	141	510
26HZ121	414009	7193544	313	61	156	348
26HZ122	413801	7193483	311	60	157	450
26HZ123	414086	7193681	311	53	151	396
26HZ124	414332	7193678	316	69	163	420
26HZ125	414148	7193598	314	55	152	300
26HZ126	413744	7193422	312	64	154	430
26HZ127	414193	7193695	315	52	168	450
26HZ128	414196	7193691	315	50	144	450
26HZ129	414264	7193754	312	69	169	714
26HZ131	414263	7193750	313	62	157	582
26HZ132	414265	7193750	313	64	175	852
26HZ133	414760	7194024	320	66	165	870
26HZ134	414332	7193676	316	60	153	354
26HZ135	414222	7193653	319	53	164	384
26HZ136	414724	7194001	320	63	168	800
26HZ137	414261	7193748	313	61	175	702
26HZ139	414245	7193836	313	67	162	900
26HZ140	414500	7193882	320	64	154	714
26HZ141	414265	7193749	313	59	155	550
26HZ142	414245	7193836	313	65	176	852
26HZ143	414265	7193749	313	53	158	480
26HZ144	414420	7193838	316	64	169	702
26HZ145	414827	7194010	321	62	149	750
26HZ146	414827	7194010	321	66	150	804
26HZ147	414420	7193838	316	64	168	654
26HZ148	413386	7193457	309	66	155	582
26HZ150	414420	7193837	316	55	159	552
26HZ151	414092	7193842	310	64	156	789
26HZ152	414421	7193834	311	53	163	528

Hole ID	Easting	Northing	Elevation	Dip	Azimuth	End Depth
26HZ156	413245	7193512	308	64	154	804
26HZ158	413317	7193608	307	58	155	804
26HZ160	413841	7193698	313	64	162	742
26HZ163	415934	7194395	318	59	161	930

Appendix 4a: High Grade Intercepts

A nominal 0.7g/t Au lower cut off has been applied to results including up to a 5m limit on internal dilution unless otherwise stated. A minimum composite length of 2m is applied.

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ012	126	139	0.8	13
26HZ044	133	136	0.8	3
26HZ044	146	148	0.9	2
26HZ044	178	180	1.3	2
26HZ045	722	726	1.6	4
26HZ045	741	752	2.1	11
26HZ045	760	772	1.2	12
26HZ050	198	201	2.4	3
26HZ058	182	185	5	3
26HZ058	211	215	3.5	4
26HZ059	50	52	1.4	2
26HZ059	160	168	14.7	8
26HZ059	178	180	3	2
26HZ059	197	204	4	7
26HZ064	289	294	6.4	5
26HZ064	300	308	3.3	8
26HZ064	323	325	3.2	2
26HZ064	377	385	1.9	8
26HZ065	662	666	1.4	4
26HZ066	167	174	0.9	7
26HZ067	262	264	0.8	2
26HZ067	271	274	0.9	3
26HZ067	309	317	1.2	8
26HZ068	244	250	1.4	6
26HZ068	314	326	2.4	12
26HZ069	217	223	1.2	6
26HZ069	289	294	1.1	5
26HZ069	304	306	2.5	2
26HZ070	239	243	2.7	4
26HZ070	303	322	1	19
26HZ072	400	417	2.2	17
26HZ072	490	492	0.9	2
26HZ072	510	512	1.6	2
26HZ072	526	530	1.3	4
26HZ072	562	566	2.5	4
26HZ073	445	471	3	26
26HZ073	479	481	1.1	2
26HZ073	510	520	3.5	10
26HZ073	535	544	3.4	9
26HZ074	356	359	3.3	3

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ075	316	318	11.4	2
26HZ077	822	826	2	4
26HZ078	462	465	2.9	3
26HZ078	530	534	2.7	4
26HZ079	257	280	2	23
26HZ081	133	135	0.9	2
26HZ081	242	248	1.2	6
26HZ081	282	284	0.8	2
26HZ081	300	304	1	4
26HZ082	703	706	1.3	3
26HZ082	753	755	3	2
26HZ083	296	298	1	2
26HZ086	79	88	1.6	9
26HZ086	202	204	2	2
26HZ087	482	484	4.2	2
26HZ087	766	770	1	4
26HZ089	235	237	1.5	2
26HZ089	247	259	1.2	12
26HZ089	280	287	0.8	7
26HZ090	421	423	1.8	2
26HZ091	147	150	0.9	3
26HZ091	188	192	1	4
26HZ091	242	259	0.9	17
26HZ091	271	278	0.7	7
26HZ094	367	381	1.1	14
26HZ094	428	431	1.8	3
26HZ096	365	368	1.6	3
26HZ096	397	403	0.8	6
26HZ096	542	551	1.3	9
26HZ097	289	291	0.8	2
26HZ097	334	342	1.6	8
26HZ097	359	363	0.8	4
26HZ097	374	388	1.2	14
26HZ097	404	441	1.4	37
26HZ098	300	304	0.9	4
26HZ098	317	325	1.6	8
26HZ098	349	354	0.9	5
26HZ099	217	222	1.4	5
26HZ101	205	207	1.7	2
26HZ102	164	166	3.1	2
26HZ102	249	253	0.8	4
26HZ102	270	272	1.5	2
26HZ103	299	301	1.2	2

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ104	405	407	1.6	2
26HZ105	386	391	24.2	5
26HZ105	430	438	0.7	8
26HZ105	457	459	1	2
26HZ106	306	308	5.1	2
26HZ106	430	437	0.8	7
26HZ106	584	588	0.7	4
26HZ107	299	308	0.8	9
26HZ108	279	281	1.3	2
26HZ110	666	676	2.1	10
26HZ110	697	699	1.4	2
26HZ110	765	791	1.2	26
26HZ110	846	852	0.8	6
26HZ111	520	522	2.5	2
26HZ112	370	373	2.4	3
26HZ112	385	387	1.7	2
26HZ113	319	321	1.3	2
26HZ113	329	332	0.9	3
26HZ113	494	497	1.6	3
26HZ113	537	542	1.2	5
26HZ115	428	431	1.3	3
26HZ115	452	455	1	3
26HZ116	478	480	1.3	2
26HZ116	518	520	1.8	2
26HZ116	553	557	1.3	4
26HZ118	166	175	0.9	9
26HZ119	3	5	10.7	2
26HZ119	212	218	0.9	6
26HZ119	317	321	5	4
26HZ121	326	328	2.2	2
26HZ122	204	211	1.5	7
26HZ122	320	329	0.9	9
26HZ123	322	330	0.8	8
26HZ123	354	359	1.8	5
26HZ124	189	204	2.6	15
26HZ124	326	334	1.4	8
26HZ124	358	368	1.2	10
26HZ125	135	137	0.9	2
26HZ125	163	172	1.6	9
26HZ125	174	191	3.6	17
26HZ125	214	217	2	3
26HZ127	266	271	5.7	5
26HZ127	277	290	1.4	13

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ127	296	298	2.1	2
26HZ127	341	349	8.2	8
26HZ128	274	281	2	7
26HZ128	300	311	3.6	11
26HZ128	334	336	2.4	2
26HZ129	379	387	1.1	8
26HZ131	344	349	0.8	5
26HZ131	362	385	3.2	23
26HZ131	402	405	0.8	3
26HZ131	420	422	1.3	2
26HZ131	560	566	1.3	6
26HZ132	632	634	1.7	2
26HZ132	841	845	0.8	4
26HZ133	833	841	0.9	8
26HZ134	280	283	0.9	3
26HZ135	216	253	5.2	37
26HZ135	280	284	1.6	4
26HZ136	559	561	2.1	2
26HZ136	614	619	3.9	5
26HZ136	628	630	1.9	2
26HZ137	289	306	1.7	17
26HZ137	337	348	1	11
26HZ139	807	809	1.1	2
26HZ139	843	846	1.1	3
26HZ140	455	461	1.2	6
26HZ140	493	495	2.9	2
26HZ141	281	283	1.7	2
26HZ141	291	293	0.8	2
26HZ141	296	299	0.8	3
26HZ141	366	373	1.7	7
26HZ141	379	385	1	6
26HZ141	401	408	1	7
26HZ141	424	426	1.5	2
26HZ142	676	683	0.7	7
26HZ142	704	706	1	2
26HZ142	739	746	1.6	7
26HZ144	499	501	0.8	2
26HZ144	595	602	1	7
26HZ145	432	459	6.4	27
26HZ145	504	542	5	38
26HZ145	557	570	1.6	13
26HZ145	627	630	0.8	3
26HZ146	459	461	1.6	2

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ146	585	587	2.4	2
26HZ146	690	701	1.2	11
26HZ146	724	727	2.5	3
26HZ146	746	750	0.8	4
26HZ147	469	481	5	12
26HZ147	495	504	1.3	9
26HZ148	383	399	1.5	16
26HZ148	407	409	1.3	2
26HZ148	427	433	0.9	6
26HZ150	408	412	2.1	4
26HZ150	442	444	1.4	2
26HZ151	583	586	2.2	3
26HZ152	311	313	0.9	2
26HZ152	332	341	1	9
26HZ158	603	608	3.2	5
26HZ163	762	764	6.4	2

Appendix 4b: Bulk Intercepts

A nominal 0.3g/t Au lower cut off has been applied to results including up to a 10m limit on internal dilution unless otherwise stated. Short high-grade composites > 1.5 gram metres are included, otherwise a minimum composite length of 2m is applied.

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ011	395	397	0.6	2
26HZ012	75	83	0.3	8
26HZ012	88	91	0.4	3
26HZ012	126	139	0.8	13
26HZ013	163	172	0.3	9
26HZ044	123	156	0.4	33
26HZ044	174	183	0.6	9
26HZ044	403	404	1.7	1
26HZ050	134	139	0.5	5
26HZ050	198	202	1.9	4
26HZ050	228	235	0.4	7
26HZ055	432	434	0.3	2
26HZ058	166	187	1	21
26HZ058	211	216	2.9	5
26HZ058	252	263	0.4	11
26HZ059	50	53	1	3
26HZ059	160	180	6.3	20
26HZ059	197	205	3.6	8
26HZ064	252	267	0.3	15
26HZ064	281	308	2.3	27
26HZ064	323	335	0.7	12
26HZ064	377	389	1.4	12
26HZ064	431	433	0.3	2
26HZ064	451	458	0.3	7
26HZ064	468	469	1.6	1
26HZ065	517	518	8	1
26HZ065	530	535	0.4	5
26HZ065	542	547	0.3	5
26HZ065	633	637	0.4	4
26HZ065	650	678	0.5	28
26HZ065	726	729	0.6	3
26HZ066	167	174	0.9	7
26HZ066	286	307	0.4	21
26HZ067	32	35	0.6	3
26HZ067	253	281	0.4	28
26HZ067	299	320	0.7	21
26HZ068	243	251	1.2	8
26HZ068	312	333	1.6	21
26HZ069	212	230	0.6	18

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ069	242	270	0.3	28
26HZ069	281	311	0.6	30
26HZ070	239	243	2.7	4
26HZ070	303	336	0.8	33
26HZ072	356	360	1.1	4
26HZ072	378	381	0.4	3
26HZ072	393	418	1.6	25
26HZ072	486	492	0.5	6
26HZ072	510	530	0.6	20
26HZ072	554	566	1	12
26HZ073	380	411	0.3	31
26HZ073	445	488	2	43
26HZ073	510	528	2.1	18
26HZ073	535	587	0.9	52
26HZ073	615	621	0.3	6
26HZ073	694	696	0.6	2
26HZ073	773	775	0.4	2
26HZ074	199	208	0.3	9
26HZ074	216	218	0.4	2
26HZ074	235	241	0.4	6
26HZ074	316	322	0.4	6
26HZ074	352	359	1.6	7
26HZ074	491	495	0.6	4
26HZ075	294	298	0.4	4
26HZ075	303	305	0.4	2
26HZ075	316	318	11.4	2
26HZ077	822	828	1.5	6
26HZ078	242	252	0.3	10
26HZ078	272	274	0.4	2
26HZ078	461	468	1.5	7
26HZ078	530	538	1.4	8
26HZ079	257	287	1.6	30
26HZ081	126	135	0.3	9
26HZ081	197	202	0.6	5
26HZ081	237	284	0.4	47
26HZ081	300	307	0.7	7
26HZ082	546	549	0.7	3
26HZ082	561	564	0.5	3
26HZ082	697	713	0.5	16
26HZ082	749	757	1	8
26HZ082	852	854	0.5	2
26HZ082	949	953	0.6	4
26HZ082	1005	1008	0.8	3

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ083	200	205	0.7	5
26HZ083	283	310	0.4	27
26HZ084	141	143	0.3	2
26HZ086	78	89	1.4	11
26HZ086	115	119	0.4	4
26HZ086	193	204	0.6	11
26HZ087	482	488	1.6	6
26HZ087	578	589	0.4	11
26HZ087	751	778	0.4	27
26HZ087	798	810	0.3	12
26HZ089	179	184	0.3	5
26HZ089	234	287	0.6	53
26HZ090	421	440	0.4	19
26HZ090	476	487	0.4	11
26HZ090	501	503	0.5	2
26HZ090	558	564	0.3	6
26HZ090	589	594	0.4	5
26HZ091	136	173	0.4	37
26HZ091	188	192	1	4
26HZ091	234	283	0.6	49
26HZ091	294	296	0.4	2
26HZ091	332	337	0.8	5
26HZ093	24	34	0.3	10
26HZ093	153	163	0.3	10
26HZ093	227	242	0.3	15
26HZ094	38	53	0.4	15
26HZ094	282	285	0.7	3
26HZ094	296	311	0.3	15
26HZ094	366	402	0.6	36
26HZ094	428	442	0.7	14
26HZ096	216	217	1.6	1
26HZ096	320	333	0.3	13
26HZ096	348	351	0.4	3
26HZ096	365	403	0.6	38
26HZ096	534	552	0.8	18
26HZ097	286	296	0.4	10
26HZ097	327	344	0.9	17
26HZ097	359	445	1	86
26HZ097	474	485	0.3	11
26HZ098	300	325	0.9	25
26HZ098	336	366	0.4	30
26HZ099	27	28	1.6	1
26HZ099	217	223	1.3	6

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ099	369	375	0.5	6
26HZ100	179	190	0.4	11
26HZ101	201	215	0.5	14
26HZ102	153	169	0.6	16
26HZ102	212	213	1.6	1
26HZ102	238	272	0.4	34
26HZ103	299	301	1.2	2
26HZ104	375	381	0.3	6
26HZ104	399	437	0.3	38
26HZ104	468	470	0.5	2
26HZ104	543	550	0.5	7
26HZ105	133	135	0.4	2
26HZ105	383	397	8.9	14
26HZ105	429	459	0.4	30
26HZ105	478	487	0.4	9
26HZ105	493	504	0.3	11
26HZ105	514	523	0.3	9
26HZ105	527	533	0.4	6
26HZ105	544	548	0.3	4
26HZ106	306	309	3.6	3
26HZ106	425	441	0.5	16
26HZ106	471	474	0.6	3
26HZ106	488	490	0.4	2
26HZ106	495	497	0.3	2
26HZ106	581	589	0.6	8
26HZ107	282	283	1.9	1
26HZ107	299	308	0.8	9
26HZ108	161	166	1.3	5
26HZ108	178	182	0.6	4
26HZ108	193	196	0.5	3
26HZ108	203	205	0.3	2
26HZ108	216	217	1.7	1
26HZ108	246	265	0.3	19
26HZ108	270	295	0.4	25
26HZ110	609	612	0.5	3
26HZ110	666	683	1.3	17
26HZ110	694	719	0.4	25
26HZ110	765	791	1.2	26
26HZ110	827	853	0.4	26
26HZ110	868	870	0.3	2
26HZ110	876	880	0.6	4
26HZ111	14	21	0.5	7
26HZ111	394	397	0.9	3

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ111	520	531	0.8	11
26HZ112	333	336	0.5	3
26HZ112	370	394	0.6	24
26HZ112	415	461	0.4	46
26HZ113	318	336	0.5	18
26HZ113	355	358	0.3	3
26HZ113	396	434	0.3	38
26HZ113	458	460	4.2	2
26HZ113	493	499	0.9	6
26HZ113	526	543	0.5	17
26HZ114	286	292	0.5	6
26HZ114	334	336	0.5	2
26HZ115	417	431	0.7	14
26HZ115	444	482	0.4	38
26HZ115	534	546	0.6	12
26HZ115	559	569	0.4	10
26HZ116	393	397	0.4	4
26HZ116	405	408	0.6	3
26HZ116	457	480	0.3	23
26HZ116	518	522	1.1	4
26HZ116	553	558	1.1	5
26HZ118	70	71	6	1
26HZ118	156	176	0.6	20
26HZ118	366	374	0.5	8
26HZ119	3	5	10.7	2
26HZ119	212	238	0.3	26
26HZ119	316	330	1.6	14
26HZ119	373	396	0.3	23
26HZ119	407	424	0.3	17
26HZ119	446	453	0.7	7
26HZ121	173	177	0.3	4
26HZ121	231	236	0.3	5
26HZ121	260	262	0.6	2
26HZ121	326	328	2.2	2
26HZ122	204	211	1.5	7
26HZ122	240	247	0.4	7
26HZ122	318	336	0.6	18
26HZ123	273	278	0.4	5
26HZ123	321	338	0.5	17
26HZ123	342	372	0.6	30
26HZ124	85	87	0.4	2
26HZ124	189	205	2.5	16
26HZ124	221	224	2.2	3

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ124	326	374	0.6	48
26HZ125	135	141	0.6	6
26HZ125	162	218	1.6	56
26HZ125	232	238	0.6	6
26HZ126	218	219	3.8	1
26HZ126	230	241	0.3	11
26HZ127	245	305	1	60
26HZ127	327	361	2.1	34
26HZ128	219	224	0.4	5
26HZ128	274	311	1.7	37
26HZ128	332	344	0.6	12
26HZ129	334	348	0.3	14
26HZ129	360	389	0.5	29
26HZ129	545	560	0.3	15
26HZ129	568	577	0.3	9
26HZ131	336	385	1.7	49
26HZ131	395	423	0.4	28
26HZ131	470	472	0.5	2
26HZ131	560	566	1.3	6
26HZ132	334	336	0.4	2
26HZ132	346	363	0.4	17
26HZ132	370	377	0.3	7
26HZ132	380	384	0.3	4
26HZ132	388	390	0.4	2
26HZ132	631	634	1.3	3
26HZ132	841	846	0.7	5
26HZ133	783	792	0.5	9
26HZ133	821	850	0.5	29
26HZ134	274	292	0.4	18
26HZ135	214	284	2.9	70
26HZ135	298	299	1.7	1
26HZ136	559	570	0.5	11
26HZ136	588	593	0.5	5
26HZ136	607	638	0.9	31
26HZ136	650	652	0.3	2
26HZ137	281	320	0.9	39
26HZ137	335	355	0.7	20
26HZ137	378	383	0.4	5
26HZ137	389	391	0.3	2
26HZ137	425	431	0.5	6
26HZ137	472	477	0.4	5
26HZ137	495	510	0.3	15
26HZ139	592	595	0.5	3

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ139	776	786	0.3	10
26HZ139	806	809	0.9	3
26HZ139	835	861	0.3	26
26HZ140	450	463	0.8	13
26HZ140	492	499	1.1	7
26HZ140	547	552	0.3	5
26HZ141	276	299	0.5	23
26HZ141	366	411	0.8	45
26HZ141	424	427	1.2	3
26HZ142	653	657	0.3	4
26HZ142	663	719	0.4	56
26HZ142	735	755	0.8	20
26HZ142	786	788	0.4	2
26HZ143	195	197	0.6	2
26HZ143	329	345	0.3	16
26HZ144	438	441	0.4	3
26HZ144	481	515	0.4	34
26HZ144	546	550	0.3	4
26HZ144	556	558	0.3	2
26HZ144	594	602	0.9	8
26HZ145	432	459	6.4	27
26HZ145	479	488	0.4	9
26HZ145	499	578	2.8	79
26HZ145	627	634	0.5	7
26HZ146	403	417	0.3	14
26HZ146	422	430	0.3	8
26HZ146	459	471	0.7	12
26HZ146	495	497	0.5	2
26HZ146	535	538	0.4	3
26HZ146	574	588	0.4	14
26HZ146	630	644	0.4	14
26HZ146	667	701	0.6	34
26HZ146	714	730	0.6	16
26HZ146	734	790	0.4	56
26HZ147	390	392	0.4	2
26HZ147	407	430	0.3	23
26HZ147	441	505	1.4	64
26HZ148	305	309	0.7	4
26HZ148	341	348	0.3	7
26HZ148	372	444	0.6	72
26HZ148	574	578	0.5	4
26HZ150	368	372	0.3	4
26HZ150	379	380	1.5	1

Hole ID	From	To	Au (ppm)	Length
26HZ150	401	444	0.5	43
26HZ151	549	553	1.1	4
26HZ151	565	587	0.5	22
26HZ152	310	346	0.5	36
26HZ156	751	753	0.3	2
26HZ156	759	767	0.4	8
26HZ158	603	617	1.3	14
26HZ158	650	652	0.8	2
26HZ158	736	737	1.6	1
26HZ158	798	804	0.5	6
26HZ160	710	713	0.3	3
26HZ163	762	769	2	7
26HZ163	877	884	0.3	7