



Golden Ridge Project, NE Tasmania

Gold Resource Definition Drilling to Commence at Brilliant Prospect

Highlights

- **Resource definition drilling is set to commence** at the Brilliant Gold Prospect, part of Flynn's flagship Golden Ridge Project in NE Tasmania.
- **Initial 21-hole, 2,500m drilling program** will comprise in-fill and extensional drilling to support Mineral Resource studies at Brilliant.
- Latest assay results from **trench sampling confirms a continuous near-surface gold mineralised footprint** over more than 110m of strike, remaining open to the northeast, including:
 - **BTR01A:** 20m @ 0.60 g/t Au, including 9m @ 0.84 g/t Au
 - **BTR01B:** 28m @ 0.34 g/t Au, including 10m @ 0.53 g/t Au
 - **BTR02:** 33m @ 0.56 g/t Au, including 11m @ 1.04 g/t Au
 - **BTR04:** 32m @ 0.37 g/t Au, including 10m @ 0.77 g/t Au
- **Limited testing of near-surface gold mineralisation** at Brilliant by previous drilling, providing an opportunity for the upcoming program to systematically define this zone and assess its potential for future mining.
- The program forms part of Flynn's **accelerated project development pathway in Tasmania** following the recent registration of Mining Lease Application 6M/2026 and execution of the non-binding Ore Purchase Agreement with Henty Gold Mine.
- **Planning also underway for additional resource definition drilling** at the Trafalgar prospect plus exploration step-out drilling between and along-trend from the Brilliant and Trafalgar prospects.
- For further information or to post questions, go to the Flynn Gold Investor Hub at <https://flynnngold.com.au/link/yVd0gr>

Flynn Gold Limited (**ASX: FG1**, "Flynn" or "the Company") is pleased to announce the results of recent trenching activities and that a program of resource delineation drilling is set to commence next week at the Brilliant Gold Prospect within its 100%-owned Golden Ridge Project in northeast Tasmania (Figure 1). This represents the first drilling activity to be undertaken at Brilliant since 2022.



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ASX: FG1

ABN 82 644 122 216

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Share Price: **A\$0.02**

Cash (30/06/26): **A\$1.12M**

Debt: **Nil**

Ordinary Shares: **608.6M**

Market Cap: **A\$12.2M**

Options

Listed (FG1O): **50.6M**

Listed (FG1OA): **118.7M**

Unlisted Options: **65.5M**

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

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Managing Director and CEO

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Managing Director and CEO Neil Marston commented:

“With the recently announced Mining Lease application and the non-binding ore purchase agreement with Henty Gold Mine, we now have a clearer pathway to advance the Golden Ridge Project. The approved drilling program set to commence next week at the Brilliant Prospect marks the first concrete step in that process. The program will start with one drill rig, and we are looking to add further rigs in due course to fast-track the drilling at Golden Ridge.

“Our latest trenching results have confirmed a coherent near-surface gold footprint over more than 110 metres of strike which is open to the north-east and beyond the area of previous drilling.

“The upcoming program is designed to better define near-surface mineralisation along strike and then systematically test the system at depth. Drilling results will support a Mineral Resource Estimate at Brilliant and allow us to assess mining options as part of a potential low-capex development pathway.

“Defining a resource at Brilliant is the first step in a systematic plan which will include follow-up resource definition drilling at Trafalgar as well as exploration drilling of the largely untested 3km trend between the two prospects.

“Intrusive-related gold system type deposits are globally known to be very large. The extensive footprint of gold anomalism at Golden Ridge, which includes our discoveries at Brilliant and Trafalgar, provides strong evidence that this is another large IRGS system.”

Brilliant Prospect – Background

The Brilliant Prospect forms part of Flynn Gold’s flagship Golden Ridge Project in northeast Tasmania. Exploration by the Company has identified gold mineralisation associated with an extensive intrusive-related gold system (IRGS) defined along a 9km zone following the southern contact margin of the Golden Ridge Granodiorite with the hornfelsed Mathinna Group metasediments (Figure 1).

In November 2024, the Company reported an Exploration Target in accordance with the JORC Code (2012) including the Trafalgar, Brilliant and Link Zone prospects¹.

The combined Exploration Target is estimated at **3.5 to 5.4 million tonnes** grading **3.0 to 4.0 g/t Au** for **449,000 oz to 520,000 oz** of contained gold.

The Brilliant component of that Exploration Target is estimated at **1.4 to 2.2 million tonnes** grading **1.6 to 1.9 g/t Au** for **82,000 oz to 115,000 oz** of contained gold.

The size and grade of the Exploration Target is conceptual in nature and therefore is an approximation. There has been insufficient exploration to estimate a Mineral Resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in the estimation of a Mineral Resource. The Exploration Target has been prepared and reported in accordance with the 2012 edition of the JORC Code.

¹ See FG1 ASX Announcement dated 14 November 2024 for full details.

The combined Exploration Target only encompasses areas where Flynn has drill-tested vein mineralisation at Trafalgar, Brilliant and Link Zone and does not include areas of anomalous soil geochemistry, which the Company considers to be highly prospective for further gold mineralisation.

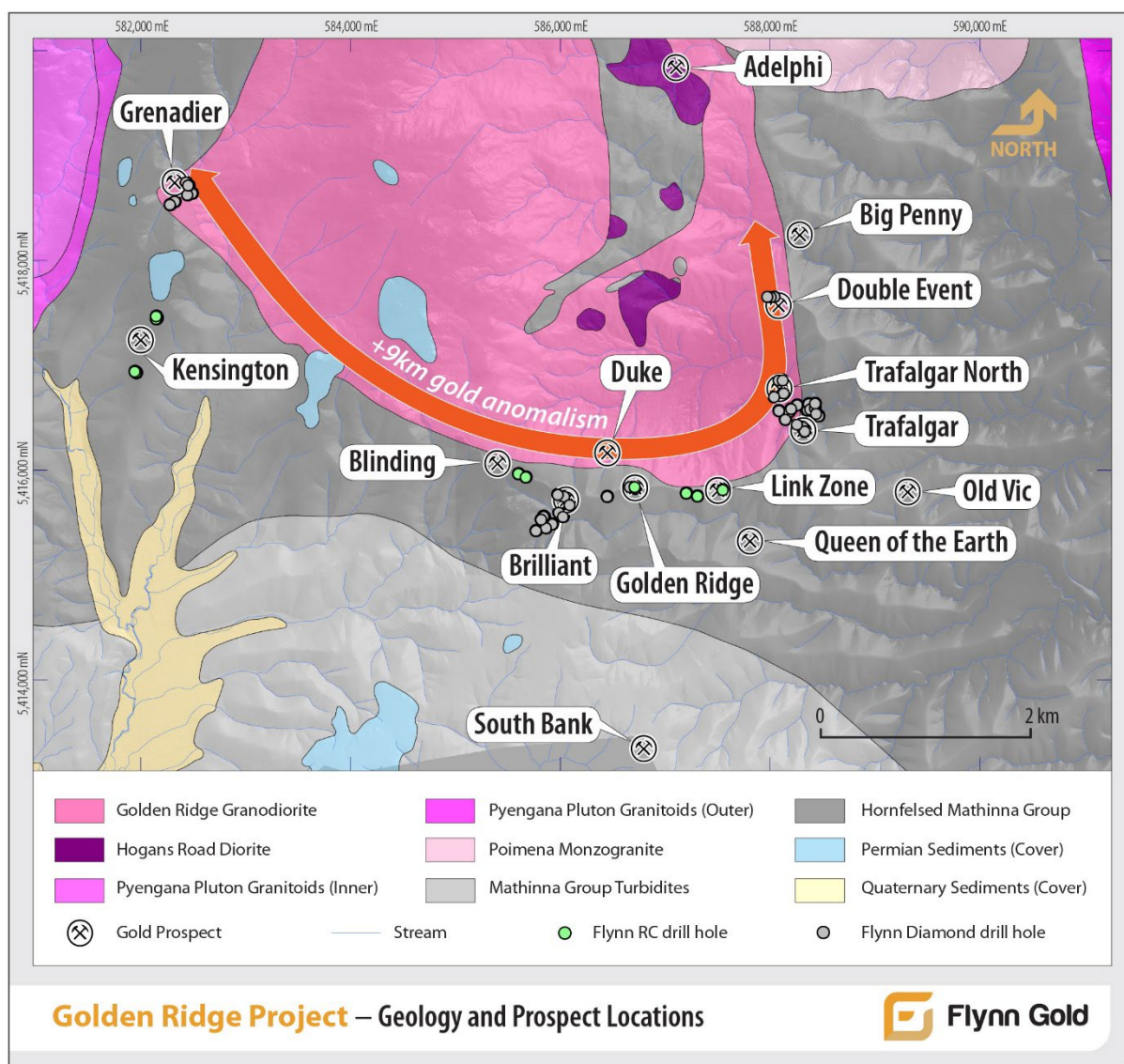


Figure 1 – Golden Ridge Project – Geology and Prospect Locations

Brilliant is the first of the Golden Ridge Exploration Target prospects to be advanced toward a maiden Mineral Resource Estimate. Planning is also underway for resource definition drilling at the Trafalgar prospect, as well as for a larger step-out exploration program to test the highly prospective zone between the two prospects.

At Brilliant, historical drilling has identified a significant gold occurrence associated with sheeted and stockwork quartz-carbonate-sulphide veins in hornfelsed Mathinna Bed sediments over a 200m strike length, up to 40m wide and extending to a depth of over 200m.

Mineralisation remains open along strike and down-dip.

Brilliant Prospect – Trenching Results

The Company has recently completed the first part of a trenching and channel sampling program targeting the north-eastern extension to the Brilliant gold mineralisation. Results from the first trenches have confirmed a broad footprint of anomalous gold extending northeast along strike of previous drilling over a strike length of more than 110 metres (Figure 2).

These results define a near-surface mineralisation footprint that underpins priority targeting for the upcoming resource definition drilling program.

Significant channel sample intervals include:

- Trench BTR01A: 20m @ 0.60 g/t Au, including 9m @ 0.84 g/t Au
- Trench BTR01B: 28m @ 0.34 g/t Au, including 10m @ 0.53 g/t Au
- Trench BTR02: 33m @ 0.56 g/t Au, including 11m @ 1.04 g/t Au
- Trench BTR04: 32m @ 0.37 g/t Au, including 10m @ 0.77 g/t Au

Full details of trench samples are set out in Table 1 and Table 2.

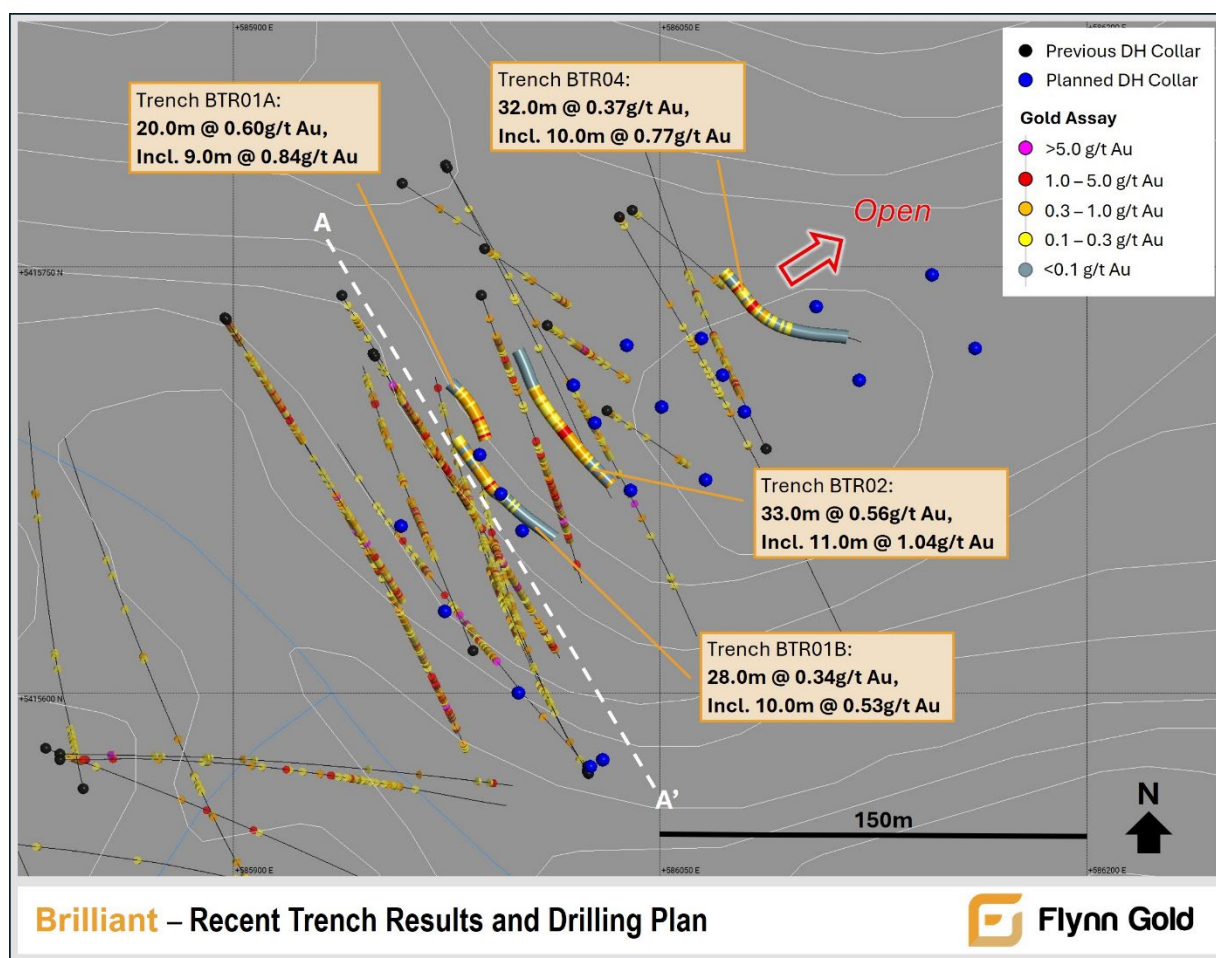


Figure 2 – Brilliant Prospect – Recent Trenching Results and Drilling Plan

Where previous drilling information exists below the southern-most trenches (BTR01A and BTR02B), results indicate that gold mineralisation can extend to significant depth below the surficial anomalous zones in trenches (Figure 3).

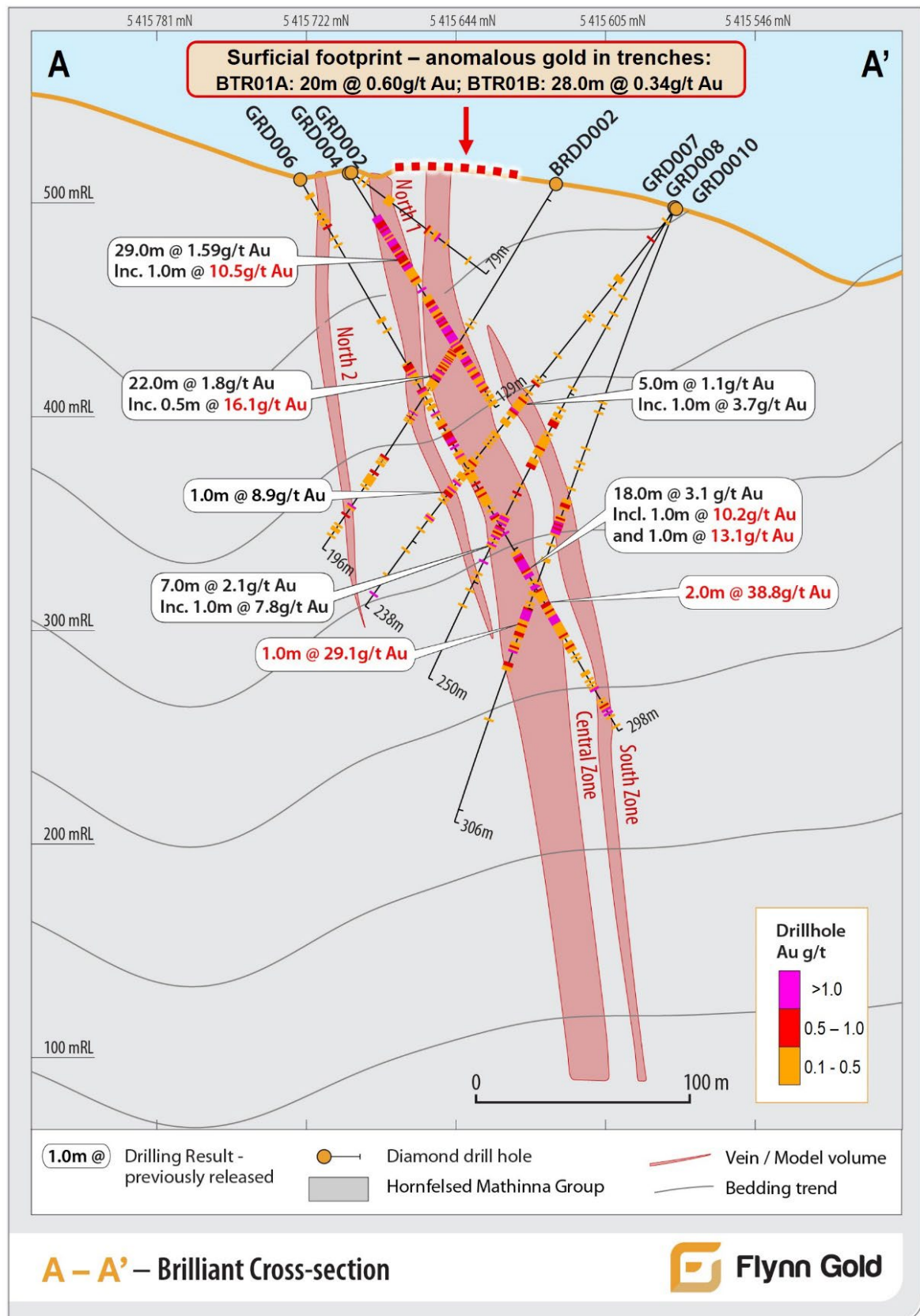


Figure 3 – Brilliant Cross-Section

Extensions of the anomalous gold in trenching to the northeast provides a strong vector for extensional and in-fill drill testing where existing drilling coverage is limited. Significantly, the anomalous gold results in previous drilling and new trenches defines a trend of gold mineralisation consistent with the trend towards the Trafalgar prospect, located 2.5km along strike to the northeast.

Brilliant Prospect – Planned Drilling Program

Approvals are in place for an initial 21-hole drilling program totalling approximately 2,500m at Brilliant. The program is designed as a combination of in-fill and extensional drilling with the following key objectives:

- Systematically test and better define the near-surface gold mineralisation confirmed by recent trenching;
- Step-out strike and depth extension drilling;
- Generate geological and geotechnical information required to support mineral resource estimation studies; and
- Assess the potential for mining gold mineralisation in the context of the low-capex production pathway being evaluated under the Ore Purchase Agreement with Henty Gold Mine.

Mobilisation of the diamond drill rig from the Firetower Project to the Golden Ridge Project is to occur this week, with drilling at the Brilliant Prospect set to commence next week.

Large-Scale Exploration Upside and Planning

The Brilliant and Trafalgar prospects are located approximately 2.5km apart along the prospective southern contact of the Golden Ridge Granodiorite with the hornfelsed Mathinna Group metasediments. This contact zone hosts the current Exploration Target and represents a high-priority focus for further exploration.

Significant sections of the contact between Brilliant and Trafalgar have received only limited drill testing to date (Figure 1). The Company considers the zone to have strong potential for additional gold mineralisation along strike and at depth.

Planning is currently underway to systematically drill test this contact corridor as part of the broader strategy to grow and convert the Golden Ridge Exploration Target. The present drilling program at Brilliant represents the first step in this progressive approach.

Next Steps

- Additional trenching to be completed at Brilliant prospect;
- Source RC drill rig to accelerate drilling activities;
- Finalise permitting and planning for resource definition and extensional drilling at Trafalgar;
- Finalise permitting and planning for exploration drilling program between Brilliant and Trafalgar;
- Advance exploration of the broader contact zone as part of the IRGS strategy to grow and convert the Golden Ridge Exploration Target;
- Continued advancement of environmental baseline studies within MLA 6M/2026; and
- Metallurgical studies.

Approved by the Board of Flynn Gold Limited.

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About Flynn Gold Limited

Flynn Gold is an Australian mineral exploration company with a portfolio of projects in Tasmania. The Company has ten 100% owned tenements located in northeast Tasmania which are highly prospective for gold as well as tin and tungsten (see Figure 4).

The Company also has the Henty silver-lead-zinc project on Tasmania's mineral-rich west coast and the Firetower tungsten, gold and critical metals project located in northern Tasmania.

For further information regarding Flynn Gold please visit the ASX platform (ASX: FG1) or the Company's website www.flynnngold.com.au.

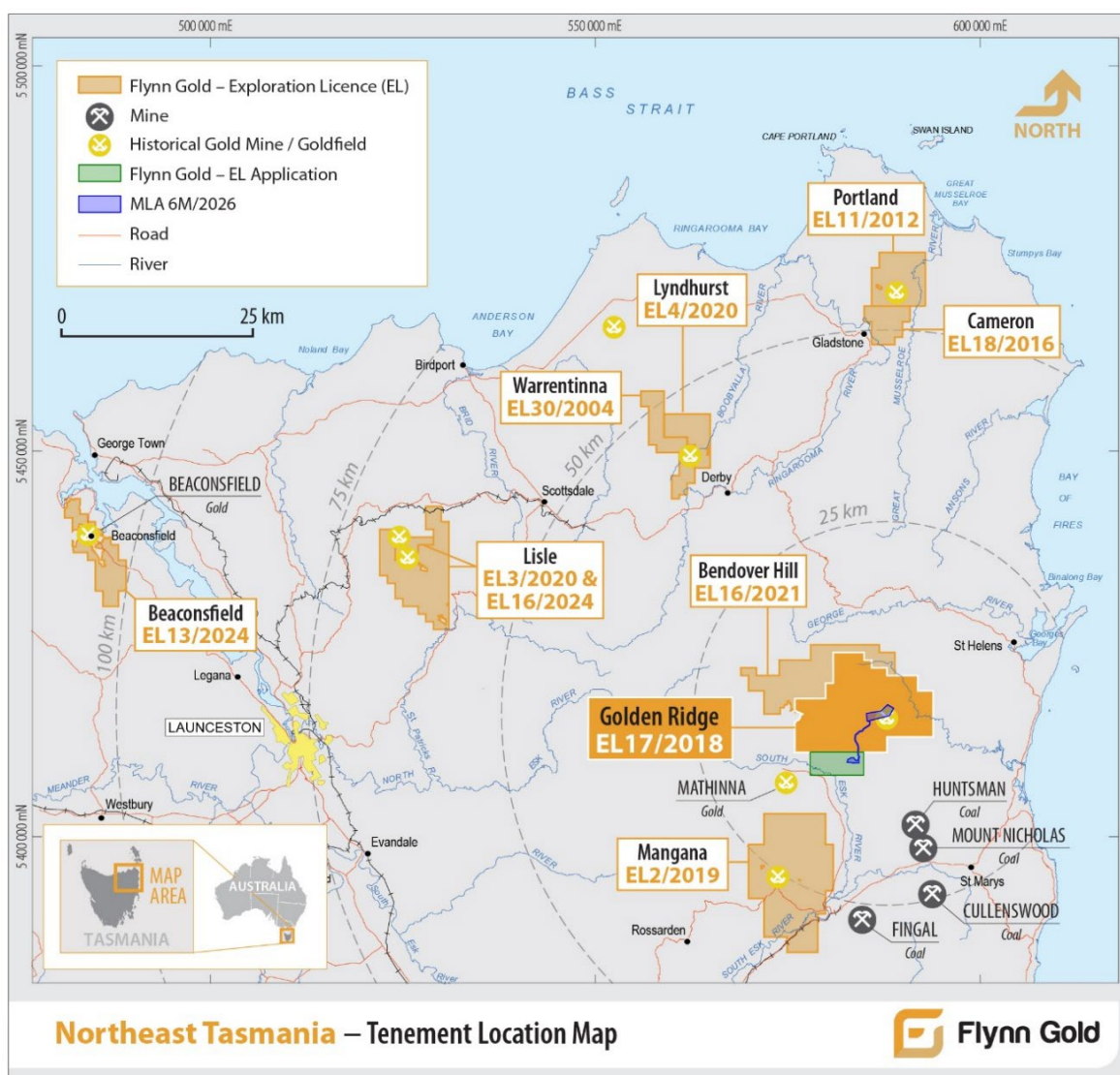


Figure 4 – Northeast Tasmania - Tenement Location Map

In accordance with Listing Rule 5.23.2, the Company confirms in this subsequent public report that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in any previous market announcements.

Competent Person Statement

The information in this ASX Announcement that relates to Exploration Results, including historical Exploration Results, is based on information compiled and reviewed by Mr Sean Westbrook, a Competent Person who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Westbrook is a consultant to Flynn Gold and is a shareholder in Flynn Gold Limited. Mr Westbrook has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the *Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves*. Mr Westbrook consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which they appear.

Forward Looking and Cautionary Statements

Some statements in this announcement regarding estimates or future events are forward-looking statements. They include indications of, and guidance on, future earnings, cash flow, costs and financial performance. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements preceded by words such as “planned”, “expected”, “projected”, “estimated”, “may”, “scheduled”, “intends”, “anticipates”, “believes”, “potential”, “predict”, “foresee”, “proposed”, “aim”, “target”, “opportunity”, “could”, “nominal”, “conceptual” and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements, opinions and estimates included in this report are based on assumptions and contingencies which are subject to change without notice, as are statements about market and industry trends, which are based on interpretations of current market conditions. Forward-looking statements are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied on as a guarantee of future performance. Forward-looking statements may be affected by a range of variables that could cause actual results to differ from estimated or anticipated results and may cause the Company’s actual performance and financial results in future periods to materially differ from any projections of future performance or results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. So, there can be no assurance that actual outcomes will not materially differ from these forward-looking statements.

References

FG1:ASX Announcement (Prospectus) dated 15 June 2021

FG1:ASX Announcement dated 22 November 2022

FG1:ASX Announcement dated 19 December 2022

FG1:ASX Announcement dated 14 November 2024

FG1: ASX Announcement dated 10 April 2026

FG1: ASX Announcement dated 22 July 2026

FG1: ASX Announcement dated 6 August 2026

Table 1: Trench Location Details – Brilliant Prospect, August 2026

Trench ID	Start Easting	Start Northing	RL (m)	Dip	Azimuth	Length (m)
BTR01A	585976	5415709	525	0	128	24
BTR01B	585978	5415690	522	0	146	50
BTR02	586000	5415721	529	0	154	58
BTR04	586121	5415724	533	0	291	57

Coordinate projection is MGA94, Zone 55.

Table 2: Trench Significant Mineralised Intercepts – Brilliant Prospect, August 2026

Trench ID	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au (g/t)
BTR01A	4	24	20	0.60
Including	14	23	9	0.84
BTR01B	0	28	28	0.34
Including	13	23	10	0.53
BTR02	14	47	33	0.56
Including	31	42	11	1.04
BTR04	25	57	32	0.37
Including	40	50	10	0.77

Intercepts are reported as along-trench (“downhole”) intervals. A cut-off of 0.1 g/t Au has been applied for the reported broad low-grade intervals. Higher-grade (“Including”) intervals were calculated based on a 0.5g/t Au cut-off. Internal dilution of up to 3m has been allowed. Intervals are reported as along-trench length. True width is not yet determined.

JORC Code Table 1 for Exploration Results

Section 1: Sampling Techniques and Data

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	<i>Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as downhole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc.). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</i>	Sampling described in this report relates to channel sampling of new trenches. Any references to previous diamond drilling, rock-chip sampling or soil sampling results relate to previously reported data, with corresponding FG1 ASX announcements cited in the report body.
	<i>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</i>	Trench samples were from a channel taken from the floor or wall of the trench at nominal 1.0m interval lengths between. The horizontal channel line was cut in the floor or just above the floor in the wall. Samples are considered representative of the mineralised intervals. All samples were collected by qualified geologists or experienced exploration field technicians under geological supervision.
	<i>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.</i>	The mineralisation referenced in this announcement comprises broad low- to moderate-grade gold zones in the shallow near-surface that are interpreted to represent a surficial mineralisation "footprint".
Drilling techniques	<i>Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc.) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc.).</i>	No new drilling data contained in this announcement. (Trenching allows for complete recovery of sample within the designated sample channel).
Drill sample recovery	<i>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</i>	No new drilling data contained in this announcement.
	<i>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</i>	No new drilling data contained in this announcement.
	<i>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</i>	No new drilling data contained in this announcement.
Logging	<i>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</i>	Basic geological logging of trench channel sampling is considered sufficient to support geological interpretation and future Mineral Resource estimation studies. No geotechnical logging was carried out.
	<i>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</i>	Trench channel sample logging is qualitative and supported by some photography.
	<i>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</i>	All trenches were logged in full.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Subsampling techniques and sample preparation	<i>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</i>	No core sampling results reported.
	<i>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.</i>	Samples between 2.5 and 5kg were collected in field then sent to the lab where they were dried and split with a riffle splitter.
	<i>For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</i>	The sample preparation technique is considered appropriate for the style of mineralisation and sample type.
	<i>Quality control procedures adopted for all subsampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</i>	Sub-sampling, sample preparation and quality control followed industry standard procedures.
	<i>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</i>	Field duplicates of channel samples were taken in a line directly beside the original sample. Results demonstrate acceptable levels of variance for the style of mineralisation and stage of exploration.
	<i>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</i>	Sample sizes are considered appropriate for the style of mineralisation.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<i>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</i>	Samples were analysed at accredited ALS laboratories for Au by fire assay (AU-AA26). The method is considered total for the style of mineralisation. QA/QC included insertion of certified reference materials and blanks at regular intervals. Results demonstrate acceptable accuracy and precision.
	<i>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</i>	No geophysical tools were used to determine any element concentrations.
	<i>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established.</i>	QA/QC included insertion of certified reference materials, blanks, and field duplicate samples at regular intervals in accordance with industry standard practices. Results demonstrate acceptable accuracy and precision.
Verification of sampling and assaying	<i>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</i>	Significant intersections have been reviewed by company personnel and the Competent Person.
	<i>The use of twinned holes.</i>	No twinned drill holes have been completed.
	<i>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</i>	Assay data was received directly from the laboratory and stored in a validated electronic database. Original laboratory certificates are stored separately as pdf files.
	<i>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</i>	No adjustments have been made to the assay data.
Location of data points	<i>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drillholes (collar and downhole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</i>	Trench positions were surveyed by high-accuracy RTK method. Channel sample intervals were surveyed by chain-and-compass method using known reference points.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
	<i>Specification of the grid system used.</i>	Grid system used is MGA94 Zone 55.
	<i>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</i>	Survey accuracy is considered adequate for exploration reporting.
Data spacing and distribution	<i>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</i>	The reported Exploration Results in this announcement refers to channels sampling of four exploration trenches. Spacing is considered suitable for the reporting of exploration results.
	<i>Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</i>	No Mineral Resource or Ore Reserve estimates are reported in this announcement. Current data spacing (previous drilling and new trench results) is considered sufficient to demonstrate the presence of mineralisation. A planned drill program has been designed to provide infill and expansion drilling in order to support mineral resource studies.
	<i>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</i>	No compositing has been applied.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	<i>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</i>	Mineralisation is interpreted to be steeply dipping. Trench orientations are considered appropriate to achieve unbiased sampling.
	<i>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</i>	No sampling bias is currently identified.
Sample security	<i>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</i>	Samples were transported direct to assay laboratories by Flynn Gold staff under chain-of-custody procedures. Sample receipt and verification were completed by the laboratory. Sample tracking is recorded digitally.
Audits or reviews	<i>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</i>	No independent audits or reviews have been completed on the new reported data in this announcement. Internal review and data verification is carried out by the Competent Person. No material issues have been identified.

Section 2: Reporting of Exploration Results

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	<i>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</i>	The Golden Ridge Project covers a total area of 167km ² under a single exploration licence, EL17/2018, The licence is owned and controlled by Flynn Gold through its 100% owned subsidiary, Kingfisher Exploration Pty Ltd.
	<i>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</i>	Flynn Gold is not aware of any impediments to exploration.
Exploration done by other parties	<i>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</i>	The project has been explored since the 1980s, including mapping, geochemistry, geophysics and drilling. A total of 134 drill holes (~7,225m) have been completed in previous exploration campaigns.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		All historical exploration records are publicly available via the Tasmanian Government websites including Land Information System Tasmania (thelist.tas.gov.au). Previous exploration has been completed on Flynn Gold's projects by a variety of companies. Please refer to the FG1 Prospectus dated 30th March 2021 for details and references relating to previous work. Work conducted by previous operators at the Golden Ridge project is considered to be of a reasonably high quality, and done to industry standards of the day, with information incorporated into annual statutory reports.
Geology	<i>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</i>	Vein-hosted gold mineralisation at Golden Ridge is interpreted to be of the IRGS type, comprising narrow auriferous quartz veins with accessory pyrite, arsenopyrite and galena. While the mineralisation often sits within discrete veins, it also occurs over wider intervals that include stockwork, multiple sub-parallel vein sets and sheeted veins. Auriferous quartz veins are sub-vertical to steeply dipping to the north-west or south-east and striking northeast to east-northeast.
Drillhole information	<i>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drillholes:</i> • easting and northing of the drillhole collar • elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drillhole collar • dip and azimuth of the hole • downhole length and intersection depth • hole length.	No new drilling data reported in this announcement.
	<i>If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</i>	Information provided is considered sufficient for understanding the reported results.
Data aggregation methods	<i>In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</i>	Trench intercepts are reported as length-weighted averages. A cut-off of 0.1 g/t Au has been applied for the reported broad low-grade trench channel sampling intervals. Higher-grade ("including") intervals were calculated based on a 0.5g/t Au cut-off. Internal dilution of up to 3m has been allowed. No top-cutting has been applied, and no metal equivalents are reported.
	<i>Where aggregate intersections incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</i>	Short intercepts of high-grade results that have a material impact on overall intervals are reported as separate ("including") intercepts.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<i>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</i>	No metal equivalent values reported.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intersection lengths	<i>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</i>	Along-trench lengths are reported.
	<i>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</i>	No new drilling data reported in this announcement.
	<i>If it is not known and only the downhole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. "downhole length, true width not known").</i>	Intervals are reported as along-trench length. True width is not yet determined.
Diagrams	<i>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intersections should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</i>	Appropriate maps, sections and drill hole location plans are included to support interpretation of results. The diagrams are considered sufficient to illustrate the location of recent trenching, historical drilling and the proposed upcoming drilling program.
Balanced reporting	<i>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</i>	The Competent Person considers the results to be reported in a practical and balanced manner, including both high- and lower-grade intercepts. All relevant and material exploration data is shown on figures, presented in tables, and discussed in the text.
Other substantive exploration data	<i>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</i>	Previous exploration includes geophysics, geochemistry and drilling. A mineralised trend of approximately 400m strike (open) has been identified at Brilliant. No bulk sampling or metallurgical testwork has been completed.
Further work	<i>The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i>	Planned further work includes infill and expansion drilling, to support mineral resource estimation studies. Additional studies are being planned to support ongoing evaluation of the project, including mineralogical and metallurgical studies.
	<i>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</i>	Maps have been included in the main body of this announcement.