

ASX ANNOUNCEMENT

29 July 2026

Quarterly Activities Report for 30 June 2026

Highlights

- Phase 1 drilling successfully **confirmed copper-gold mineralisation** at both the Northern Gold and Eastern Breccia prospects, validating the Company's exploration model.
- **High-grade results at Northern Gold** included **7.38 metres at 0.55% Cu and 0.46g/t Au**, confirming a mineralised magnetite skarn system associated with the Dooloo Diggings Fault.
- Broad mineralised intervals at Eastern Breccia returned up to **45.55 metres at 0.07% Cu and 0.43g/t Au, including 6.0 metres at 0.28% Cu and 2.18g/t Au**, confirming a large intrusion-related hydrothermal system.
- Drilling validated **multiple exploration datasets**, demonstrating a strong correlation between magnetic inversion modelling, induced polarisation, surface geochemistry and copper-gold mineralisation, significantly reducing exploration risk.
- Phase 2 diamond drilling commenced, targeting deeper extensions of the mineralised system at Eastern Breccia and follow-up drilling at Northern Gold to assess the scale and **higher-grade potential of the project**.

Golden Globe Resources Ltd ("GGR" or the "Company") is pleased to provide the following quarterly activities summary for the period ended 30 June 2026.

Dooloo Creek Project, Queensland

During the quarter, the Company completed the Phase 1 diamond drilling program at the Dooloo Creek Project, with encouraging results confirming the presence of copper-gold mineralisation at both the Northern Gold and Eastern Breccia prospects. The drilling has significantly advanced the Company's geological understanding of the project, validating the exploration model developed from integrated geological mapping, geochemistry, geophysics and historical exploration.

The Phase 1 drilling program was designed to test several high-priority targets generated through the integration of magnetic inversion modelling, induced polarisation (IP), surface geochemistry and structural interpretation. The initial results have successfully demonstrated a strong relationship between these datasets and the observed copper-

gold mineralisation, substantially reducing exploration risk and providing confidence in the Company's targeting methodology.

Northern Gold Prospect

Diamond drill hole NG001 successfully intersected the targeted magnetite skarn system associated with the Dooloo Diggings Fault, a major north-northeast trending regional structure recognised as an important control on mineralisation throughout the project area.

The hole intersected a broad magnetite-actinolite skarn sequence between 52.87 metres and 68.55 metres, containing subordinate epidote and garnet alteration together with two distinct magnetite-sulphide skarn zones characterised by abundant sulphide mineralisation and elevated copper and gold grades.

Significant assay results included:

- **7.38 metres at 0.55% Cu and 0.46g/t Au from 53.62 metres, including:**
 - **1.0 metre at 2.74% Cu and 2.6g/t Au.**

Within the broader skarn interval, assays also returned:

- **2.18 metres at 1.66% Cu and 1.67 g/t Au**, accompanied by 0.31% bismuth, highlighting the association of copper-gold mineralisation with elevated bismuth within the sulphide-rich zones.



Figure 1. Strong results from magnetite-sulphide skarn in NG001

Additional geological observations included extensive chlorite alteration of the host andesitic volcanoclastics, multiple pyrite-bearing intervals and numerous rhyolite dykes, all of which are considered favourable indicators of intrusion-related mineralisation.

The drill hole successfully confirmed the presence of the interpreted skarn system and demonstrated a clear relationship between the magnetic anomaly, favourable structural architecture and copper-gold mineralisation. The results provide strong support for further drilling targeting both the down-dip extension of the skarn and the interpreted intrusive body located west of the Dooloo Diggings Fault.

Eastern Breccia Prospect

Diamond drill hole EB001 was completed to test a large modelled magnetic inversion body coincident with strong induced polarisation chargeability and resistivity anomalies, together with a surface geochemical signature comprising anomalous gold, bismuth and molybdenum. The target was interpreted to represent a large intrusive breccia system associated with a concealed mineralising intrusion.

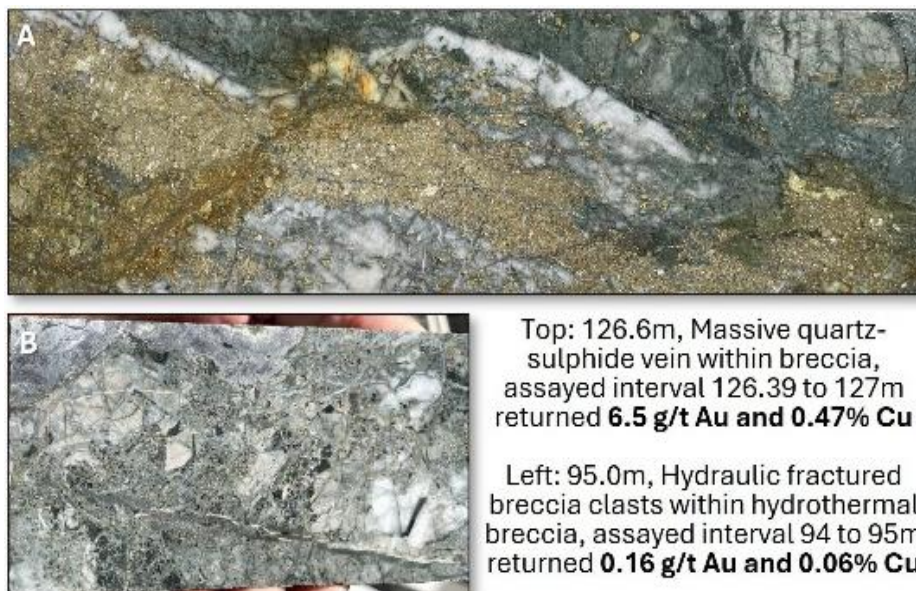


Figure 2.
Examples of
hydrothermal
brecciation as
seen in EB001

The hole intersected extensive chlorite alteration and sulphide mineralisation from approximately 46 metres to the end of hole at 498.4 metres, confirming the presence of a large hydrothermal system. Three distinct breccia zones were intersected between:

- **91.99–137.32 metres**
- **208.17–234.30 metres**
- **244.67–269.00 metres**

The upper breccia interval comprises a complex multi-phase intrusive breccia containing disseminated fine-grained sulphides within both the matrix and clasts, together with coarser sulphides associated with later veins and replacement textures. Assay results from the principal mineralised interval included:

- **45.55 metres at 0.07% Cu and 0.43 g/t Au from 92.0 metres**
 - **Including 6.0 metres at 0.28% Cu and 2.18 g/t Au from 125.0 metres**
 - **Including 0.61 metres at 0.47% Cu and 6.5 g/t Au**

A second mineralised interval returned:

- **10.0 metres at 0.22% Cu and 0.33 g/t Au from 218.0 metres.**

Geological logging identified strong sericite-carbonate alteration, widespread chlorite alteration and abundant sulphide mineralisation throughout the hole. Geochemical analysis also identified elevated concentrations of arsenic, silver, bismuth, cobalt and zinc associated with the copper-gold mineralisation.

The distribution of alteration and pathfinder elements suggests the mineralisation is derived from volatile-rich intrusive activity at depth. In particular, increasing copper and bismuth values associated with sulphide veins within the breccia are interpreted to represent progressively higher-temperature mineralisation, indicating the drill hole may have intersected the upper expression of a larger intrusive-related hydrothermal system.

The preservation of the older volcanic host rocks together with the intrusive breccia architecture suggests the Eastern Breccia prospect may represent a preserved vertical section through the mineralising system. This geological setting is considered analogous to several significant Queensland intrusion-related gold deposits, including Mount Leyshon, Kidston and Red Dome, where mineralisation strengthens toward the intrusive source at depth.

Geological Interpretation

The Phase 1 drilling program has substantially improved the Company's understanding of the Dooloo Creek mineral system. The combination of magnetite skarn mineralisation, multi-stage intrusive breccias, extensive hydrothermal alteration and widespread sulphide mineralisation confirms the presence of a large and fertile hydrothermal system.

Importantly, drilling has demonstrated a strong correlation between surface geochemical anomalies, magnetic inversion modelling, induced polarisation anomalies and copper-gold mineralisation. This validation of the Company's exploration model significantly enhances confidence in the remaining untested targets across the project area.

The observed alteration assemblages, intrusive relationships and sulphide distribution indicate that both the Northern Gold and Eastern Breccia prospects are likely manifestations of a broader intrusion-related copper-gold system. Geological interpretation suggests that the mineralised intervals intersected to date represent the upper levels of the hydrothermal system, with potential for stronger and higher-grade mineralisation closer to the intrusive source at depth.

Phase 2 Drilling

Following the encouraging Phase 1 results, the Company commenced its Phase 2 drilling program during the quarter.

At the Eastern Breccia prospect, diamond drill hole EB002 is targeting the interpreted deeper portions of the mineralised breccia system beneath the broad copper-gold intervals intersected in EB001. The objective is to test the geological model that predicts increasing mineralisation and proximity to the intrusive source at depth.

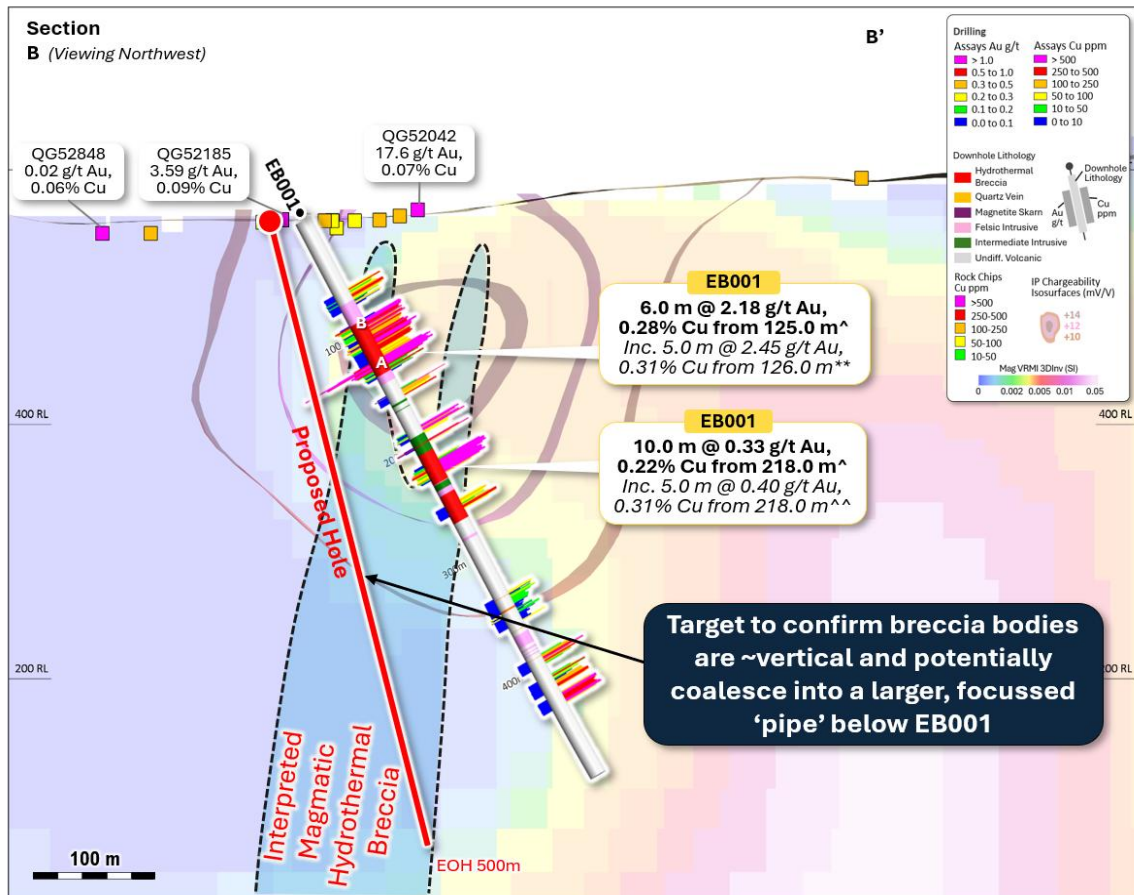


Figure 3. Projected Hole drilled as EB002.

A second diamond drill hole was also planned at the Northern Gold prospect to further evaluate the high-grade copper-gold skarn mineralisation intersected in NG001 while testing the core of the magnetic anomaly and the interpreted intrusive body located west of the Dooloo Diggings Fault.

The Company believes the Phase 1 drilling program has successfully validated its exploration model and established Dooloo Creek as a highly prospective district-scale intrusion-related copper-gold project. Results from the ongoing Phase 2 drilling program are expected to further refine the geological model and assess the potential scale of the mineralised system.

Source References

- ASX Announcement – 5 May 2026 – Strong Assay Results from Phase 1 Dooloo Creek Drill Program
- ASX Announcement – 30 June 2026 – Phase 2 Drilling underway at Dooloo Creek
- ASX Announcement – 29 October 2025 – Prospectus

CORPORATE

Financial

Following the exploration activities, Golden Globe Resources had a cash position of approximately \$3.5 million at the end of the June quarter. Related party payments for the quarter are as outlined in the Appendix 5B at section 6.1, a total of \$127,400 which includes the directors' fees and statutory superannuation paid to directors.

Use of Funds

Golden Globe Resources provides the following disclosures required by ASX Listing Rule 5.3.4 regarding a comparison of its actual expenditure to date since listing on 31 October 2025 against the 'use of funds' statement in its prospectus dated 19 August 2025.

Use of Funds under Prospectus	Funds allocated under Prospectus 19 Aug 2025	Funds expended between Placement and 30 Jun 2026	Variance	
Exploration Expenditure				
Dooloo Creek	3,664,063	1,494,236	2,169,827	59%
Alma	164,000	12,008	151,992	93%
Neila Creek	1,802,575	1,052,475	750,100	42%
Total	5,630,638	2,558,720	3,071,918	55%
Operational Expenditure				
Additional Expenses and Working Capital	2,199,371	1,994,974	204,397	9%
Costs of Offer (excluding GST)	998,170	775,237	222,933	22%
Total	3,197,541	2,770,211	427,330	13%
Total Use of Funds	8,828,179	5,328,931	3,499,248	40%

Table - Use of funds from A\$8.5 million placement

A summary of the exploration and project evaluation expenditures for the June 2026 quarter is provided as follows:

Item	Q4 2026 (\$)
Drilling exploration	900,516
Geophysical surveys	58,774
Exploration Management	285,083
Surface Right Usage	-
Administrative costs	476,118
Other	-
Grand Total	1,720,491

This release has been compiled by and approved by the Board of GGR.

Enquiries

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List of Tenements

The current tenement status is:



GGR has acquired a 100% legal and/or beneficial interest in 3 granted tenements in Queensland.

GGR completed a Joint Venture Agreement with ARGODATA to earn up to a 90% interest in a granted tenement in New South Wales.

The total area of the tenements is 267.97km².

During the Quarter, the area of GGR's tenement portfolio was reduced following completion of the regulatory 50% relinquishment of the Alma tenement EPM27722, on 27 January 2026. The mandatory relinquishment of 50% of EPM27728, the Ridler Creek tenement, Dooloo Creek project will occur in the next quarter.

Tenement	Type	Status	Expiry	Area (km ²)	Ownership
Dooloo Creek Project					
EPM 15343	Exploration Licence	Granted	20 Jun 2029	21.82	100%
EPM 27728	Exploration Licence	Granted	28 Jul 2026	56.12	100%
Alma Project					
EPM 27722	Exploration Licence	Granted	21 Dec 2030	147.3	100%
Neila Creek Project					
EL 8864	Exploration Licence	Granted	17 Jun 2027	42.73	100%

ABOUT GOLDEN GLOBE RESOURCES

The Dooloo Creek project (EPM 15343 & EPM 27728) is located 500km northwest by road from Brisbane and approximately 50km north of the township of Monto in southeast Queensland, Australia and is prospective for gold and copper mineralisation.

The Neila Creek tenement (EL8864) is an early-stage exploration prospect. However, its location in a recognised volcanic belt hosting large scale, world class mineralised systems offers a special opportunity. Three main historic prospects are located on the tenement and are of a structurally controlled copper – gold nature.

The Alma project (EPM 27722) is located approximately 670km by road northwest of Brisbane. It is reasonable to conclude the area is prospective for a spectrum of mineral systems including porphyry copper gold, epithermal veins, intrusion related gold, and possibly Mt. Morgan type gold copper.

Competent Persons Statement

The information included within this release is a fair representation of available information compiled by Colin McMillan B.Sc., MAusIMM, a competent person who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Colin McMillan is employed by GGR Ltd as Managing Director & CEO and has been Head of Geology for the Company. Colin McMillan has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code of Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Colin McMillan consents to the inclusion in this presentation of the matters based on his work in the form and context in which it appears.

Forward-Looking Statement

The information that has been extracted from prior announcements referred to in this release, are available to view at www.goldengloberesources.com. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and, in the case of exploration results, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement. The information in this announcement that relates to previous exploration results was first reported by the Company in accordance with ASX listing rule 5.7.

Cautionary Statement

This announcement may contain visual exploration results in respect of the tenements Project. Visual estimates of mineral abundance should never be considered a proxy or substitute for laboratory analyses where concentrations or grades are the factor of principal economic interest. Visual estimates also potentially provide no information regarding impurities or deleterious physical properties relevant to valuations.

Appendix 5B

Mining exploration entity or oil and gas exploration entity quarterly cash flow report

Name of entity

Golden Globe Resources Limited

ABN

13 169 640 144

Quarter ended ("current quarter")

30 June 2026

Consolidated statement of cash flows		Current quarter \$A'000	Year to date (12 months) \$A'000
1.	Cash flows from operating activities		
1.1	Receipts from customers	-	-
1.2	Payments for		
	(a) exploration & evaluation	-	-
	(b) development	-	-
	(c) production	-	-
	(d) staff costs	(25)	(598)
	(e) administration and corporate costs	(521)	(1,608)
1.3	Dividends received (see note 3)	-	-
1.4	Interest received	-	-
1.5	Interest and other costs of finance paid	-	-
1.6	Income taxes paid	-	-
1.7	Government grants and tax incentives	-	-
1.8	Other (GST Received)	60	211
1.9	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities	(486)	(1,995)

2.	Cash flows from investing activities		
2.1	Payments to acquire or for:		
	(a) entities	-	-
	(b) tenements	-	-
	(c) property, plant and equipment	-	(7)
	(d) exploration & evaluation	(1,234)	(2,590)
	(e) investments	-	-
	(f) other non-current assets	-	-

Consolidated statement of cash flows		Current quarter \$A'000	Year to date (12 months) \$A'000
2.2	Proceeds from the disposal of:		
	(a) entities	-	-
	(b) tenements	-	-
	(c) property, plant and equipment	-	-
	(d) investments	-	-
	(e) other non-current assets	-	-
2.3	Cash flows from loans to other entities	-	-
2.4	Dividends received (see note 3)	-	-
2.5	Other (provide details if material)	-	-
2.6	Net cash from / (used in) investing activities	(1,234)	(2,597)

3.	Cash flows from financing activities		
3.1	Proceeds from issues of equity securities (excluding convertible debt securities)	-	8,706
3.2	Proceeds from issue of convertible debt securities	-	-
3.3	Proceeds from exercise of options	-	-
3.4	Transaction costs related to issues of equity securities or convertible debt securities	-	(584)
3.5	Proceeds from borrowings	-	-
3.6	Repayment of borrowings	-	(240)
3.7	Transaction costs related to loans and borrowings	-	-
3.8	Dividends paid	-	-
3.9	Other (provide details if material)	-	-
3.10	Net cash from / (used in) financing activities	-	7,882

4.	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period	(1,720)	3,290
4.1	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	5,272	262
4.2	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities (item 1.9 above)	(486)	(1,995)
4.3	Net cash from / (used in) investing activities (item 2.6 above)	(1,234)	(2,597)
4.4	Net cash from / (used in) financing activities (item 3.10 above)	-	7,882

Consolidated statement of cash flows		Current quarter \$A'000	Year to date (12 months) \$A'000
4.5	Effect of movement in exchange rates on cash held	-	-
4.6	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	3,552	3,552

5. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the quarter (as shown in the consolidated statement of cash flows) to the related items in the accounts	Current quarter \$A'000	Previous quarter \$A'000
5.1 Bank balances	3,552	5,272
5.2 Call deposits	-	-
5.3 Bank overdrafts	-	-
5.4 Other	-	-
5.5 Cash and cash equivalents at end of quarter (should equal item 4.6 above)	3,552	5,272

6. Payments to related parties of the entity and their associates	Current quarter \$A'000
6.1 Aggregate amount of payments to related parties and their associates included in item 1	97
6.2 Aggregate amount of payments to related parties and their associates included in item 2	30
\$69,500 was paid to Colin McMillan as remuneration for the months April 2026 to June 2026. \$45,000 was paid to Raymond Raad as remuneration for the months April 2026 to June 2026. A total of \$12,900 of superannuation was paid to related parties during the quarter ending 30 June 2026.	

Mining exploration entity or oil and gas exploration entity quarterly cash flow report

7.	Financing facilities <i>Note: the term "facility" includes all forms of financing arrangements available to the entity.</i> <i>Add notes as necessary for an understanding of the sources of finance available to the entity.</i>	Total facility amount at quarter end \$A'000	Amount drawn at quarter end \$A'000
7.1	Loan facilities	-	-
7.2	Credit standby arrangements	-	-
7.3	Other (please specify) Shareholder loan	-	-
7.4	Total financing facilities	-	-
7.5	Unused financing facilities available at quarter end		-
7.6	Include in the box below a description of each facility above, including the lender, interest rate, maturity date and whether it is secured or unsecured. If any additional financing facilities have been entered into or are proposed to be entered into after quarter end, include a note providing details of those facilities as well.		

8.	Estimated cash available for future operating activities	\$A'000
8.1	Net cash from / (used in) operating activities (item 1.9)	(486)
8.2	(Payments for exploration & evaluation classified as investing activities) (item 2.1(d))	(1,234)
8.3	Total relevant outgoings (item 8.1 + item 8.2)	(1,720)
8.4	Cash and cash equivalents at quarter end (item 4.6)	3,552
8.5	Unused finance facilities available at quarter end (item 7.5)	-
8.6	Total available funding (item 8.4 + item 8.5)	3,552
8.7	Estimated quarters of funding available (item 8.6 divided by item 8.3)	2.07
	<i>Note: if the entity has reported positive relevant outgoings (ie a net cash inflow) in item 8.3, answer item 8.7 as "N/A". Otherwise, a figure for the estimated quarters of funding available must be included in item 8.7.</i>	
8.8	If item 8.7 is less than 2 quarters, please provide answers to the following questions:	
8.8.1	Does the entity expect that it will continue to have the current level of net operating cash flows for the time being and, if not, why not?	
	Answer: N/A	
8.8.2	Has the entity taken any steps, or does it propose to take any steps, to raise further cash to fund its operations and, if so, what are those steps and how likely does it believe that they will be successful?	
	Answer: N/A	
8.8.3	Does the entity expect to be able to continue its operations and to meet its business objectives and, if so, on what basis?	
	Answer: N/A	
	<i>Note: where item 8.7 is less than 2 quarters, all of questions 8.8.1, 8.8.2 and 8.8.3 above must be answered.</i>	

Compliance statement

- 1 This statement has been prepared in accordance with accounting standards and policies which comply with Listing Rule 19.11A.
- 2 This statement gives a true and fair view of the matters disclosed.

Date: 29 July 2026

Authorised by: Board
(Name of body or officer authorising release – see note 4)

Notes

1. This quarterly cash flow report and the accompanying activity report provide a basis for informing the market about the entity's activities for the past quarter, how they have been financed and the effect this has had on its cash position. An entity that wishes to disclose additional information over and above the minimum required under the Listing Rules is encouraged to do so.
2. If this quarterly cash flow report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the definitions in, and provisions of, *AASB 6: Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources* and *AASB 107: Statement of Cash Flows* apply to this report. If this quarterly cash flow report has been prepared in accordance with other accounting standards agreed by ASX pursuant to Listing Rule 19.11A, the corresponding equivalent standards apply to this report.
3. Dividends received may be classified either as cash flows from operating activities or cash flows from investing activities, depending on the accounting policy of the entity.
4. If this report has been authorised for release to the market by your board of directors, you can insert here: "By the board". If it has been authorised for release to the market by a committee of your board of directors, you can insert here: "By the [name of board committee – eg Audit and Risk Committee]". If it has been authorised for release to the market by a disclosure committee, you can insert here: "By the Disclosure Committee".
5. If this report has been authorised for release to the market by your board of directors and you wish to hold yourself out as complying with recommendation 4.2 of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's *Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations*, the board should have received a declaration from its CEO and CFO that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained, that this report complies with the appropriate accounting standards and gives a true and fair view of the cash flows of the entity, and that their opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.