

nickscali

L I M I T E D



Corporate Governance Statement 2026

Corporate Governance Statement

As at 7 August 2026

Overview

The Board of Directors of Nick Scali Limited (the 'Board') is responsible for the direction and supervision of Nick Scali Limited and the entities it controls business and for its overall corporate governance. The Board recognises the need to maintain the highest standards of behaviour, ethics and accountability.

References to the "Company" in this statement refer to Nick Scali Limited and "Board" to the board of Nick Scali Limited. References to the 'Group' refers to Nick Scali Limited and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 30 June 2026.

The Board is committed to effective corporate governance in order to ensure accountability and transparency to shareholders and other stakeholders, including customers, employees, staff and regulatory bodies. This includes ensuring that internal controls and reporting procedures are adequate and effective.

Responsibility for the management of the day to day operations and administration of the Group is delegated to the Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer. This Corporate Governance Statement has been prepared in accordance with the 4th Edition of the Australian Securities Exchange's ('ASX') Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council ('ASX Principles and Recommendations').

The Board lays solid foundations for management and oversight

The Board

The Board operates under a charter, which is available at <http://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance>. Under the charter, the responsibilities of the Board include:

- approving the objectives, strategies and long-term plans for the Company's continued

development and operation, formulated in conjunction with management;

- monitoring the implementation of these objectives, strategies and long-term plans to ensure the Group, to the best of its ability, delivers value to Shareholders;
- approval of management recommendations on significant capital expenditure;
- monitoring the Group's overall performance and financial results, including adopting annual budgets;
- ensuring that adequate systems of internal control exist and are appropriately monitored for compliance;
- selecting and reviewing the performance of the Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer ;
- ensuring significant business risks are identified and appropriately managed;
- overseeing the Companies sustainability strategy and targets, including climate related risks and opportunities;
- ensuring that adequate processes exist to identify and monitor climate related risks and opportunities;
- approving the Company's annual financial report and sustainability report;
- ensuring that the Group meets the statutory, regulatory and reporting requirements of ASX and requirements under the Corporations Act;
- ensuring that the Group, its Directors, officers, employees and Associates are aware of and comply with all relevant laws and regulations;
- reporting to shareholders on performance; and
- deciding the payment of dividends to shareholders.

The Board has delegated the day-to-day management of the Group to the Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer and other senior executives who are responsible for the following:

- implementing the strategic objectives set by the Board;
- management of the Group operating within the risk parameters set by the Board;
- managing the Group's reputation and operating performance in accordance with parameters set by the Board;
- running of the Group on a day-to-day basis;

- providing the Board with accurate and timely information to enable it to meet its responsibilities; and
- approving capital expenditure within delegated authority levels.

The number of meetings of the Board held and attended by each member is disclosed in the 'Meetings of directors' section of the Directors' Report.

Board appointments

Before appointing a director to the Board, or putting forward to shareholders a director for appointment, the Company undertakes comprehensive reference checks that cover elements such as the person's character, experience, employment history, qualifications, criminal history, bankruptcy history, and disqualified officer status. Directors are required to declare each year that they have not been disqualified from holding the office of director by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission ('ASIC').

An election of directors is held each year. A director that has been appointed during the year must stand for election at the next Annual General Meeting ('AGM'). At least one-third of directors, other than the Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer, must retire and seek re-election at each AGM of the Company.

The Company provides to shareholders for their consideration information about each candidate standing for election or re-election as a director that the Board considers necessary for shareholders to make a fully informed decision on their appointment or re-election. Such information includes the person's biography, which include experience and qualifications, details of other directorships, adverse information about the person that the Board is aware of including material that may affect the person's ability to act independently on matters before the Board, and whether the Board supports the appointment or re-election.

The terms of the appointment of a non-executive director are set out in writing and cover matters such as the term of appointment, time commitment envisaged, required committee work and other special duties, requirements to disclose their relevant interests which may affect independence, corporate policies and procedures, indemnities, and remuneration entitlements.

Executive directors and senior executives are issued with service contracts which detail the above matters as well as the person or body to whom they

report, the circumstances in which their service may be terminated (with or without notice), and any entitlements upon termination.

The Company Secretary reports directly to the Board through the Chair and is accessible to all directors. The Company Secretary's role, in respect of matters relating to the proper functioning of the Board, includes:

- advising the Board and its Committees on governance matters;
- monitoring compliance of the Board and its Committees with policies and procedures;
- coordinating all Board business;
- retaining independent professional advisors;
- ensuring that the business at the meetings of the Board and its Committees is accurately recorded in the meeting minutes; and
- assisting with the induction and development of directors.

Diversity

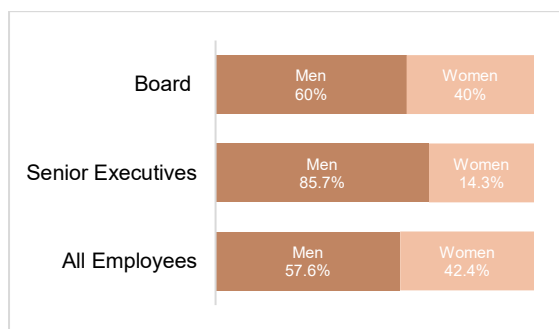
The Group has a diversity policy which requires the Board to set objectives to achieve a balanced representation of gender in Board, senior management and identified leadership roles.

The policy aims to provide a work environment where employees have equal access to career opportunities, training and benefits. It also aims to ensure that employees are treated with fairness and respect, and are not judged by unlawful or irrelevant reference to gender, age, ethnicity, race, cultural background, disability, religion, sexual orientation or caring responsibilities. This commitment enables the Group to attract and retain employees with the greatest range of skills and abilities.

The group's objectives in relation to gender diversity are:

- that all employees have equal access to opportunities in the workplace;
- to ensure there is equal pay for equal work;
- to continue to build an environment that is accepting of a diverse range of backgrounds and views; and
- to maintain gender diversity in the composition of the Board.

The respective proportions of women and men in the Group as at 30 June 2026 were as follows:



For this purpose, the Board defines a senior executive as a person who makes, or participates in the making of, decisions that affect the whole or a substantial part of the business. This includes all senior management as well as senior specialised professionals who report directly to the Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer. The Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer is included in the reported Board gender composition.

The Group continues to progress toward achieving its objectives in relation to gender diversity, and currently, all employees have equal access to opportunities regardless of gender and all employees receive equal pay for equal work.

The Group is compliant with the Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012 and Equal Opportunity for Women in the Workplace Act 1999. A copy of the Group's latest report to the Workplace Gender Equality Agency is available at <http://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance>

Board performance

The Board reviews its performance regularly, as well as the performance of individual committees and directors. The process of evaluation consists of assessing Board and Board committee activities, dynamics, composition, and processes and identifying areas that can be improved. This is achieved by way of collective and individual Board discussions, and surveys. The use of an external facilitator may be utilised periodically to assist in the review process. The Deputy Chair and Lead Independent Director oversees the annual Board and Committee performance evaluation and leads the annual performance review of the Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer.

A formal Board performance evaluation was completed in July 2026.

The Board conducts an annual performance assessment of the Executive Chair & Chief Executive

Officer against agreed performance measures determined at the start of the year. The Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer undertakes the same assessments of senior executives. In assessing the performance of the individual, the review includes consideration of the senior executive's function, individual targets, group targets, and the overall performance of the Group.

The Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer provides a report to the Board on the performance of senior executives together with remuneration recommendations which must be approved by the Remuneration and Human Resources Committee, and in the case of the Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer, by the Board. The last review of senior executives in accordance with this process was undertaken during June 2026.

The Board is structured to add value

Skills and experience

The Board has not established a separate nomination committee, instead the responsibility for the activities of a nominations committee rests with all non-executive directors as named in the Annual Report.

The Board is responsible for addressing board succession issues and for ensuring that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to discharge its duties.

The Board currently believes that its membership adequately provides the appropriate mix of skills and experience. External consultants may be brought in with specialist knowledge to address areas where applicable.

The mix of skills and experience comprised in the current Board and that the Board would look to maintain, and the proportion of the Board possessing such skills and experience is as follows:

- retail management experience, including large format retail and general retail in Australia and New Zealand (60%);
- logistics and supply chain management (40%);
- financial expertise including technical accounting knowledge, capital management, capital markets, mergers and acquisitions (80%);
- experience within fast moving consumer businesses, including brand management (60%);

- experience with property investment, leasing and management (80%);
- human resources experience including setting remuneration frameworks (100%);
- risk management experience including identifying risks and oversight of financial and non-financial risk management and controls (80%);
- legal including corporate and securities law (60%);
- broad experience in the listed environment (80%);
- experience in sustainability and environmental risks, strategy and reporting (60%); and
- international business exposure (60%).

Details of the directors, their term of office and their qualifications, skills and experiences are detailed in the Directors' Report (included within the Annual Report).

Independence

The Board assesses annually the independence of each director to ensure that those designated as independent do not have any alliance to the interests of management, substantial shareholders or other relevant stakeholders. They must be free of any interest, position, association or relationship that might influence, or reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect, their capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the Company and its security holders generally.

The Board may determine that a director is independent notwithstanding the existence of an interest, position, association or relationship of the kind identified in the examples listed under Recommendation 2.3 of the ASX Principles and Recommendations. Having regard to Recommendation 2.3, the majority of the Board at the reporting date were considered to be independent.

The Board has determined that Anthony Scali is the most appropriate person to lead the Board as Executive Chair. Anthony Scali is not considered to be an independent director of the Company.

The Board considers this structure to be appropriate for the Company given Mr Scali's deep knowledge of the business and the furniture retailing industry, his proven leadership of the Company and his capacity to drive the Company's next phase of growth. The Board has appropriate safeguards to preserve independent oversight including the appointment of

Bill Koeck as Deputy Chair and Lead Independent Director.

New directors undertake an induction program coordinated by the Company Secretary on behalf of the Board. The program includes strategy briefings, explanations of Group policies and procedures, governance frameworks, cultures and values, corporate history, director and executive profiles and other pertinent company information. Where appropriate, a director development program is coordinated by the Company Secretary to ensure that directors can enhance their skills and remain abreast of important developments to enable them to discharge their director obligations as effectively as possible.

The Company promotes ethical and responsible behaviour

Values and Code of Conduct

The Group promotes ethical and responsible behaviour through its values and Code of Conduct. The Group's values of supportiveness, confidence, achievement, leadership and integrity are supported through the Group's Code of Conduct which is available at <http://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance>.

The Code of Conduct is applicable to all directors, senior executives and employees of the Group, and, in summary, requires the following of each director, senior executive and employee:

- act respectfully, honestly and with dignity towards customers, visitors, suppliers and other Employees;
- act in good faith and in the best interests of the Company and not make disparaging, defamatory or untruthful comments about the Group (including on personal social media accounts);
- act with integrity and professionalism and make truthful statements, promises or commitments in all business dealings;
- act with competence and in a safe manner with regard to themselves and others in the course of doing business and in the delivery of performance to expected standards in their role;
- act in accordance to all Group policies, processes and procedures respective of terms

- and conditions of employment and any changes as amended from time to time;
- act, in accordance with the Nick Scali Diversity and Inclusion Policy, without unlawful discrimination, harassment, victimisation or bullying towards anyone with whom they interact in the course of doing business;
- act with respect in protecting and safeguarding Group property and assets;
- maintain the confidentiality of Group and customer information as required by Group policy and or relevant legislation;
- only use, or permit the use of, Group property, information, intellectual property, resources or funds for authorised purposes;
- act in a manner so as not to cause a conflict with a personal, business or financial interest with their duties to the Group and not enter into any arrangement or participate in any activity that would conflict with the Group's best interests or would be likely to negatively impact the Group's reputation;
- not take advantage of their position in the Group or the opportunities arising from it for personal gain, act in accordance with the Group Securities Trading Policy when dealing with Nick Scali Limited securities and, report potential breaches of this policy to the Chief Financial Officer;
- uphold all laws and regulations that apply to their employment and the Group; and
- act ethically and not deliberately participate in illegal activities

The Board is informed of any material breach of the Group's Code of Conduct.

The Group has a whistleblower policy which is available at <http://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance>. The Audit and Risk Committee receives a report of all material incidents reported under that policy.

The Group has an anti-bribery and corruption policy which is available at <http://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance>. The Board is notified of any breaches of this policy.

The Board safeguards the integrity of corporate reporting

The Audit & Risk Committee

The Board maintains an Audit & Risk Committee, the members of which are named in the Annual Report.

The majority of the members of the Audit & Risk Committee, including the Chair, are considered to be independent.

Details of the qualifications and experience of the members of the Audit & Risk Committee are included in the 'Information of directors' section of the Directors' Report.

Audit & Risk Committee meetings are held regularly throughout the year and operates under a charter approved by the Board. The Audit & Risk Committee's charter is available at <http://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance>, and in summary, its responsibilities under the charter are to support the Board in the areas of:

- financial reporting;
- external audit;
- risk management, internal control and internal audit;
- compliance; and
- sustainability reporting, including the Group's Modern Slavery Statement and climate-related reporting.

The number of Audit & Risk Committee meetings held and attended by each member is disclosed in the 'Meetings of directors' section of the Directors' Report.

In addition to these meetings the Chair of the Audit & Risk Committee met periodically throughout the year with both management and the external auditors.

Financial statements

The Group prepares a Half Year Report for the six months to 31 December, and an Annual Report for the twelve months to 30 June.

In relation to the financial statements for both the half-year ended 31 December 2025 and the financial year ended 30 June 2026, the Company's Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer provided the Board with declarations, that in their opinion:

- the financial records of the Group have been properly maintained;
- the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Group; and

- has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The Group's Half-Year Report and Annual Report are audited or reviewed by the Group's auditor, and the Company does not release to the market any periodic corporate report that is not audited or reviewed by the Company's auditor.

The process the Company uses to verify the content of any periodic corporate report that is not audited or reviewed by an independent auditor varies depending on the nature of the report. Non-financial and financial components are prepared by the Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer based on first-hand information known to them and using supporting data from Group records before being circulated for consideration to the appropriate Board committee (if relevant) for recommendation to the Board. The report is then considered by all members of the Board.

The Company makes timely and balanced disclosure

Continuous disclosure

The Company is committed to providing the market with complete and timely information about disclosure events in compliance with its continuous disclosure obligations and the Corporations Act 2001.

The Group maintains a policy that outlines the responsibilities relating to the directors, officers and employees in complying with the Company's disclosure obligations. Where any such person is of any doubt as to whether they possess information that could be classified as market sensitive, they are required to notify the Company Secretary immediately, in the first instance, so that appropriate analysis and internal consultation can be conducted. Legal advice may also be sought from the Company's external counsel.

The Company Secretary is required to consult with the Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer in relation to matters brought to their attention for potential announcement. Where the matter is urgent and the Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer is not contactable, the Deputy Chair and Lead Independent Director is contacted. Where the Deputy Chair and Lead Independent Director is not

contactable, the Company Secretary is to contact the Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee.

The Board is required to authorise announcements of significance to the Group such as significant acquisitions, disposals and closures, material profit upgrades or downgrades, dividend declarations and buybacks, and any other potential transaction identified by the Chair as being fundamentally significant.

The Company Secretary is responsible for advising when announcements are not required due to either circumstances such as where the information relates to matters of supposition or is insufficiently definite, it concerns an incomplete proposal or negotiation, the information is confidential or would represent a breach of law if disclosed, and where a reasonable person would not expect the disclosure of the information.

The Board receives copies of all material market announcements on the day they are made.

No member of the Group shall disclose market sensitive information to any person unless they have received acknowledgement from the ASX that the information has been released to the market.

Where the Company gives a presentation to either an existing or potential investor or to an analyst, a copy of the presentation materials are made available in advance on the ASX Markets Announcements Platform.

The Company respects the rights of security holders

Information about Nick Scali Limited

Information on the business and its corporate governance is available at www.nickscali.com.au.

Securities trading

The Group has a Securities Trading Policy for directors and employees. Subject at all times to not being in possession of inside information, directors and officers (and their related entities) must not deal in Nick Scali Limited securities during the designated blackout periods

Shareholder communication

The Company engages a share registry, MUFG Corporate Markets (AU) Limited (formerly known as Link Market Services Limited), to manage the majority of communications with shareholders.

Shareholders are encouraged to receive correspondence from the Company electronically, thereby facilitating a more effective, efficient and environmentally friendly communication mechanism with shareholders. Shareholders not already receiving information electronically can elect to do so through the share registry at www.mpms.mufg.com.

In order for investors to gain a greater understanding of the Group's business, governance practices, financial performance and future prospects, the Company schedules interactions during the year where it engages with institutional and private investors, analysts and the financial media.

These meetings and discussions must be approved by the Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer and are generally conducted by the Executive Chair & Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer. The discussions are restricted to explanations of information already within the market or which deal with non-price sensitive information. These meetings are not held within a four-week period in advance of the release of either the Half-Year Report or the Annual Report.

As an accompaniment to both the Annual Report and Half Year Report, the Company prepares and releases to the market a results presentation which provides additional information for shareholders.

The Half Year Report, Annual Report and announcements to the ASX are made available on the Company's website.

Annual General Meeting

The Notice of Meeting for the Company's 2026 Annual General meeting (AGM) will be provided to all shareholders and made available on the Company's website.

The Company encourages shareholders to attend the AGM and to send in questions prior to the meeting so that they may be addressed during the meeting.

The engagement partner of the Group's auditor attends the AGM and is available to answer questions from shareholders relevant to the audit.

All resolutions decided at the AGM, and any other meeting of shareholders, are decided by a poll of shareholders.

Written transcripts of the meeting and the results of any resolutions decided during the meeting will be made available on the Company's website.

The Board recognises and manages risk

Risk management

The Audit & Risk Committee recommends to the Board the policy and overall direction of risk management for the Group, whilst responsibility for day to day management of risk rests with Management. The Audit & Risk Committee, and through it the Board, receives a number of reports on the operation and effectiveness of the policies, processes and controls within the Group.

The charter of the Audit & Risk Committee includes the committee's responsibilities which include procedures for general risk oversight and monitoring, internal control and risk management, risk transfer and insurance and other responsibilities. The Group does not have an internal audit function, however, internal control reviews are undertaken on a periodic basis and the results are reported to the Audit & Risk Committee.

The Audit & Risk Committee assists the Board by providing independent and objective review, advice and assistance in developing Board policy and monitoring corporate activity within the scope of its responsibility, making recommendations to the Board for resolution, and assisting the Board in identifying and managing risks.

The Audit & Risk Committee reviews the Group's risk management framework at least annually to ensure that it is still suitable to the Group's operations and objectives and that the Group is operating within the risk parameters set by the Board. Such a review was completed during the year ended 30 June 2026.

The Audit & Risk Committee will oversee the Group's sustainability reporting processes, including climate-related risks, modern slavery obligations, and other ESG disclosures. While the Group is not currently exposed to material environmental or social sustainability risks, the assessment will be reviewed periodically.

Economic, environmental and sustainability risks

The Group is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian commonwealth or state law, and does not have any material exposure to economic, environmental and

social sustainability risks. Information on the business risks and how these are managed is provided in the 'Business Risk' section of the Directors' Report.

The Board has responsibility for the governance oversight of environmental and social risks which includes approval of the sustainability strategy. Sustainability is also integrated within the Board committee governance structure including relevant considerations at the Audit & Risk Committee and the Remuneration & HR Committee.

The Board ensure fair and responsible remuneration

The Remuneration & HR Committee

The Board maintains a Remuneration & HR Committee, the members of which are named in the Annual Report.

Details of the qualifications and experience of the members of the Remuneration & HR Committee is detailed in the 'Information of directors' section of the Directors' Report.

The Remuneration & HR Committee operates under a charter approved by the Board. The Remuneration & HR Committee charter is available at <http://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance>, and in summary, its responsibilities under the charter are to monitor and advise the Board on the following matters:

- the Group's remuneration structure including long term incentives;
- remuneration of the Board;
- reviewing performance and remuneration arrangements and succession planning of senior management;
- the setting of overall guidelines for Human Resources policy, within which senior management determines specific policies;
- review of the Group's workplace health, safety and environment system of compliance and processes;
- reviewing the performance of the Board and its sub-committees, with the advice of external parties if appropriate;
- review and recommend to the Board Remuneration Report, contained within the Directors' Report.

Employees who have been granted share rights are prohibited from entering transactions to limit the economic risk of such rights whether through a derivative, hedge or similar arrangement. In addition, employees are prohibited from entering margin lending arrangements in respect of shares in the Company where those shares are offered as security for the lending arrangement.

The number of Remuneration & HR Committee meetings held and attended by each member is disclosed in the 'Meetings of directors' section of the Directors' Report.

When considered necessary, the Remuneration & HR Committee may obtain external advice from independent consultants in determining the Group's remuneration practices including remuneration levels.

Remuneration policies and outcomes

The Remuneration & HR Committee oversees remuneration policy and monitors remuneration outcomes to promote the interests of shareholders by rewarding, motivating and retaining employees.

Details of the Group's remuneration policies and the remuneration outcomes for directors and executives who are considered key management personnel are contained in the Remuneration Report, within the Directors' Report

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures

Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

Nick Scali Limited

ABN/ARBN

82 000 403 896

Financial year ended:

30 June 2026

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

- ☐ These pages of our annual report:
- ☒ This URL on our website: <https://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance>

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 7 August 2026 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date: 7 August 2026

Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement: Keith Toms Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: https://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation **in full** for the **whole** of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with “*insert location*” underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert “our corporate governance statement”. If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg “pages 10-12 of our annual report”). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg “www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/”).

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council’s recommendations **in full** for the **whole** of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: https://www.nickscali.com.au/diversity-policy and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at: https://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period. At 30 June 2026, 40% of the Board are female and 60% are male.	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: our corporate governance statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: our corporate governance statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	☒ and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	☒ and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	☒ and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at: pages 8-10 of our annual report and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: pages 8-10 of our annual report and the length of service of each director at: page 8-10 of our annual report	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	☐	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	☒ and we have disclosed our values at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	☒ and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: https://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: https://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: https://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: pages 10-12 of our annual report	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	☒ and we have disclosed our process at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	☒ and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: https://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	☒ and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: https://www.nickscali.com.au/investor-information	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	☒ and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	☒	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: pages 10-12 of our annual report	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	☒ and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at: our corporate governance statement	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	☒ and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes at: our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	☒ and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at: our corporate governance statement and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at 6 of our annual report	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://www.nickscali.com.au/corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: pages 10-12 of our annual report	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	☒ and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: pages 11-18 of our annual report	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	☒ and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: pages 11-18 of our annual report and in our corporate governance statement	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	☐ and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: [insert location]	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	☐	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR ☐ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	☐	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☒ we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable ☐ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES			
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:</i> The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	☐ and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at: [insert location]	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:</i> An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	☐ and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at: <i>[insert location]</i>	☐ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement