REDCASTLE RESOURCES LTD

ASX Announcement

28 January 2026

Additional Shallow High-Grade Gold Intercepts from Redcastle Reef

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Highlights:

- **Exceptional high-grade gold intercepts returned from ongoing Grade Control (GC) drilling at Redcastle Reef (RR), confirming multiple robust high-grade shoots**
- **Outstanding results include:**
  - **BMRC147: 10m @ 50.11 g/t Au from 12m, incl.**
    - **1m @ 48 g/t Au from 12m,**
    - **1m @ 133 g/t Au from 15m and**
    - **1m @ 311 g/t Au from 19m**
  - **BMRC105: 21m @ 6.42 g/t Au from 8m, incl. 1m @ 70.7 g/t Au from 22m**
  - **BMRC079: 9m @ 11.8 g/t Au from 18m, incl. 1m @ 77.3 g/t Au from 19m**
  - **BMRC126: 11m @ 6.6 g/t Au from 13m, incl.**
    - **1m @ 26.8 g/t Au from 20m,**
    - **1m @ 19.9 g/t Au from 21m and**
    - **1m @ 17.5 g/t Au from 22m**
  - **BMRC068: 6m @ 8.07 g/t Au from 7m (plus 5m @ 7.94 g/t Au from 15m in a separate interval)**
  - **BMRC067: 7m @ 6.68 g/t Au from 17m**
  - **BMRC093: 13m @2.93 g/t Au from 17m**
  - **BMRC086: 8m @4.7 g/t Au from 3m**

[1] *Cautionary Statement: assay results such as 311 g/t Au are indicative of nuggety gold, known to occur at Redcastle Reef deposit, and are typically cut to a lower value in Mineral Resource Estimation (ASX: RC1 30 June 2025). Intercepts are downhole lengths. True widths are not yet determined. All gold values in this announcement are uncut.*

- **Results continue to reinforce the interpreted lode position and mineralisation continuity**

Redcastle Resources Limited ("Redcastle" or "the Company") is pleased to report that further assay results have been received from its ongoing Reverse Circulation (RC) grade control (GC) drilling programme at Redcastle Reef (RR) in the Eastern Goldfields.

The current batch comprises over 6,500 assay results from 134 newly completed drillholes (refer Annexure A), building on the 24 drillholes previously reported. At the time of these assays, a total of 7,110m has been drilled, representing approximately 55% completion of the planned RC GC programme. The results include numerous shallow and moderate-depth gold intercepts, with multiple long and high-grade intervals returned across the actively drilled sections.

After integration with the updated cross-sections, the latest assay results continue to confirm a coherent mineralised lode system, with repeatable higher-grade development across multiple adjacent sections. The lode geometry remains consistent with the Company's current geological interpretation, supporting strong continuity at the mining scale. Notably, the current footprint of very high-grade mineralisation (>20 g/t Au individual assays) exceeds that observed within the original MRE drilling dataset.

As previously announced (ASX: RC1, 21 November 2025), the planned GC drilling programme at (RR) comprises approximately 12,800m of drilling on an 8m x 6m grid, and is designed to improve grade definition for mine planning and gold production.

After all assay results have been received, validated and incorporated into the mine model, the expanded grade control dataset will support near-term mine planning and operational decision-making for the current year's production activities.

Chairman's comment

"Grade control drilling has recommenced in 2026 and this third batch of grade control assay results from Redcastle Reef continue to deliver beyond pre-drill expectations. Multiple robust high-grade intersections delineate the presence and continuity of well-defined high-grade shoots within the eastern sections of the deposit. Intercepts of this calibre over meaningful widths and spatial extent reinforce our confidence in the geological model and near-term mine planning and scheduling.

The closer-spaced drilling has confirmed the nuggety constituent of the RR deposit pursued by historical miners exists at depth and possibly further on the flanks of the deposit. In addition, the existence of shallow high-grade nuggety ore at or close to surface is similar to that which occurs at our Queen Alexandra deposit, allowing the Joint Venture easy access to high-grade material to be included in the first parcel for milling with limited strip, creating greater flexibility without compromising potential early cash flow. "

Drillhole Plan

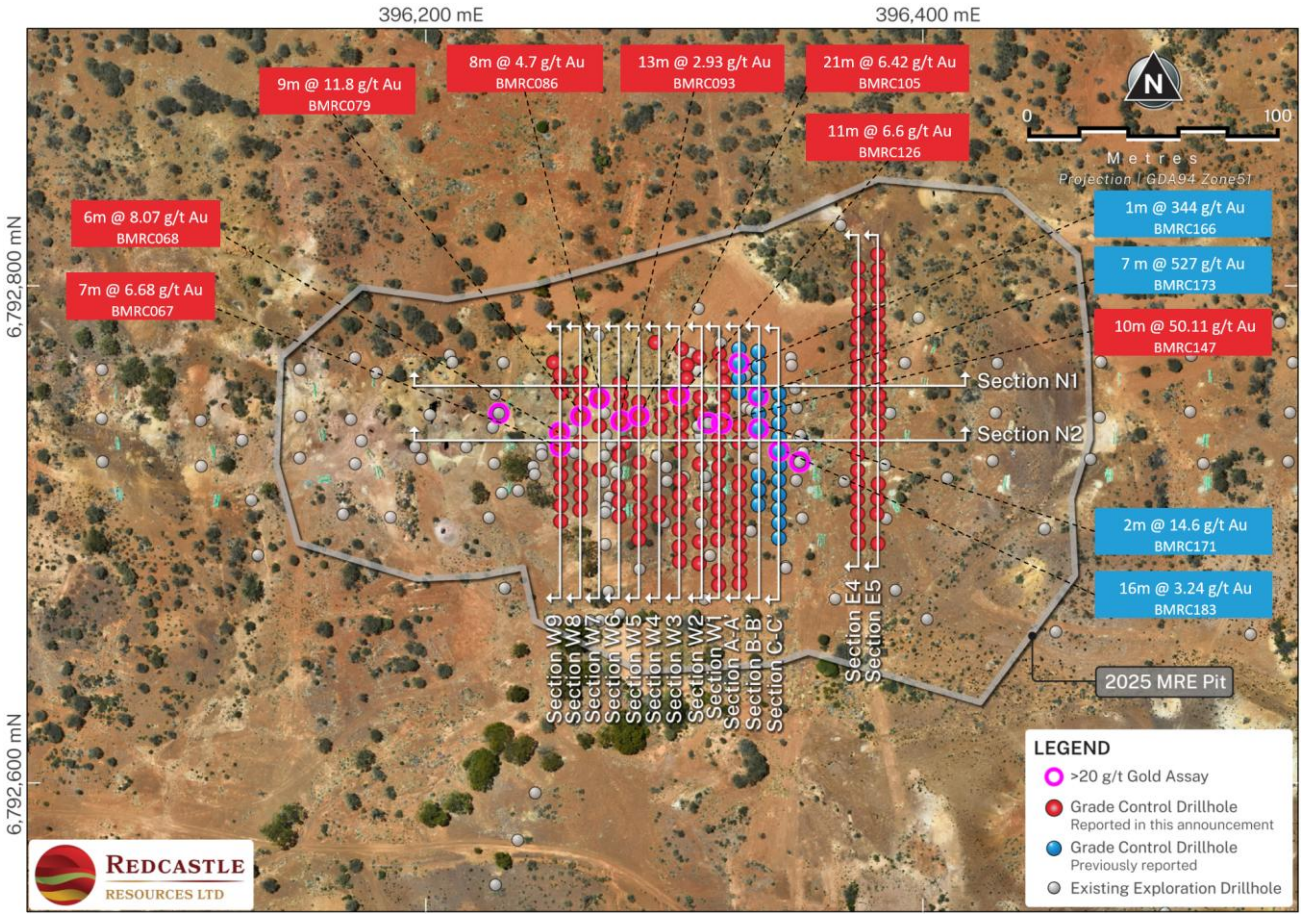

Figure 1 *Plan view of GC drillhole location and significant assays (Uncut gold values)*

Grade control (GC) drilling is being undertaken on a nominal 8 m x 6 m grid across the western, central, and eastern sections of the gold system. The geological interpretation and figures presented in this announcement are based on drilling and uncut gold assays as received up to 9 January 2026.

Plan view (Figure 1) shows the distribution of all completed GC drillholes for which assays have been reported at Redcastle Reef (RR), overlain on previously drilled exploration holes, together with referenced cross-section and long-section naming.

Highlighted drillholes indicate collar locations where greater than 20 g/t Au individual assays (purple halo) within holes have been returned.

The plan view illustrates a high degree of spatial correlation of high-grade gold mineralisation intersections across multiple adjacent sections, supporting grade continuity.

The spatial distribution of these high-grade assays as shown on sections demonstrates a coherent and continuous lode position, consistent with, and supporting, the Company's current geological interpretation as used in the Redcastle Reef MRE (ASX: RC1, 30/06/2025).

Note: The Redcastle Reef contains coarse gold and when estimating an MRE, high values are cut (ASX: RC1, 30/06/2025).

Drilling Results

Significant intercepts (≥1.0 g/t Au) from the latest batch of drilling are summarised in Annexure A Table 1 (Intercepts are calculated as length-weighted averages. No top-cut has been applied for reporting).

Drillhole collars are located in Annexure A Table 2.

Selected assay results (≥0.3 g/t Au) of the latest grade control drilling (uncut values) are summarised in Table 3.

Continuity and Gold Trend

The Company has reviewed the new assay results in the context of an updated set of sections:

- Western Sections (Sections W1 – W9, Figures 2 – 10): the broader dataset continues to show multiple mineralised positions and locally higher-grade zones, providing confidence that the mineralised system is continuous and correlates across the drilled corridor.
- Central Sections (Sections A, B and C, Figures 11 – 13): updated assays in Section A confirm the continuity and geometry of mineralisation within the central portion of the Redcastle Reef system, including locally enhanced grade development within the lodes. Sections B and C remain unchanged from previous disclosure and continue to support the established geological interpretation.
- Eastern Sections (Sections E4 and E5, Figures 14 and 15): newly reported intercepts, occur within the same lode position and demonstrate that higher-grade shoots persist within the active drilling sections than previously delineated by the resource drilling programs.
- Long-sections (Long-sections N1 and N2, Figures 16 and 17): mineralised intercepts remain spatially coherent along the interpreted trend, supporting the continuity required for near-term mine planning and grade control. These Long-sections support the current interpretation of mineralisation plunging to the East-Southeast and remain open in that direction as identified in previous RC drilling (ASX: RC1, 30/06/2025).

Drilling Sections

The following figures show the drilling cross-sections (W1 - W9, A, B and C, E4 - E5) and long-sections (N1 and N2). The true dips of structures will be determined from geological mapping and mining.

Assay intervals are shown as downhole lengths; true widths are not yet established and will vary with hole orientation and local lode geometry.

**Note: A reference line surface is shown at a nominal average elevation for illustrative purposes in all sectional views. Collar locations are correctly shown.*

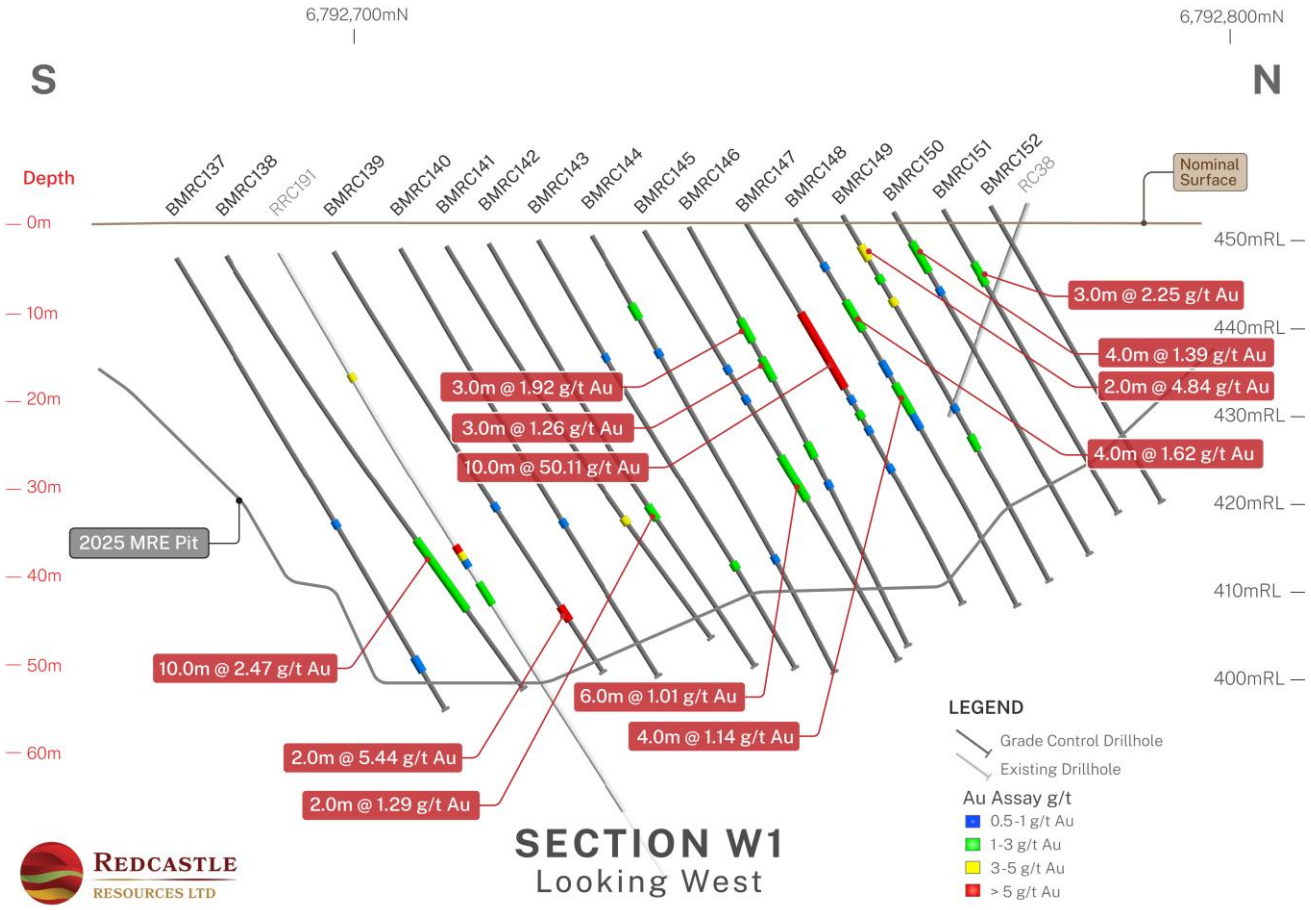

Figure 2 *Section W1 showing recent GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Mineralised intervals are intersected from shallow depths (~10–20 m from surface) and persist down-dip for at least ~50 m within this drilling section. The section shows a coherent mineralised envelope with locally developed high-grade zones, including the high-grade intercept in BMRC147 (10 m @ 50.11 g/t Au from 12 m) within the central part of the section, supported by adjacent holes that intersect continuous moderate to high-grade mineralisation.

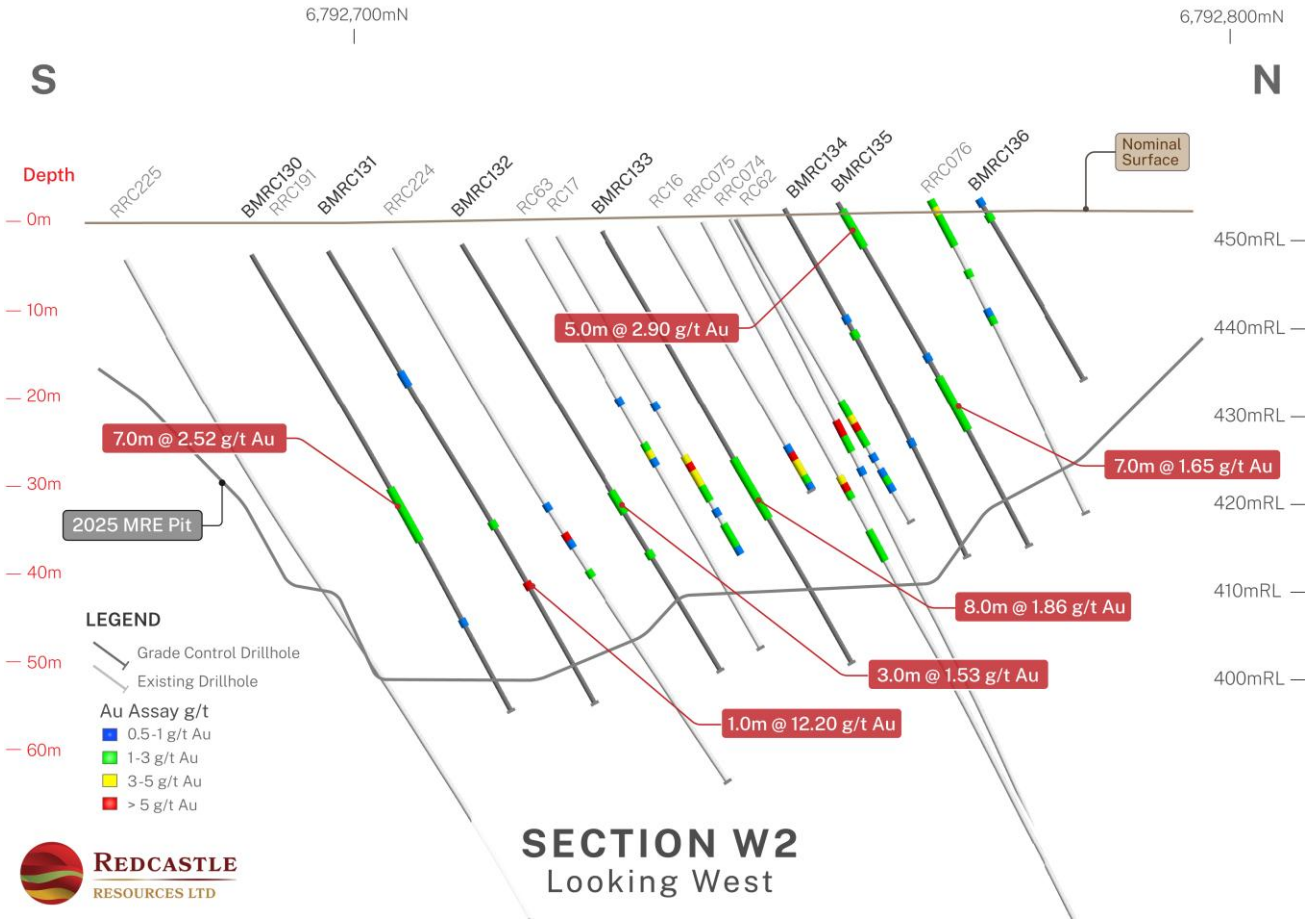

Figure 3 *Section W2 showing recent GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Section W2 illustrates the western-central portion of the Redcastle Reef grade control and highlights near-surface mineralisation with strong continuity along a consistent lode position. Mineralisation commences from very shallow depths in this drilling section (e.g. BMRC135: 5 m @ 2.90 g/t Au from 1 m and BMRC136: 1 m @ 2.16 g/t Au from 2 m) and continues down-dip into the mid-depth range, with adjacent holes intersecting coherent mineralised intervals that support continuity at mining scale (e.g. BMRC133: 8 m @ 1.86 g/t Au from 30 m and BMRC131: 1 m @ 12.2 g/t Au from 44 m). The distribution of moderate to high-grade intervals (including local >5 g/t Au zones) is consistent with a continuous lode envelope containing internally developed higher-grade shoots.

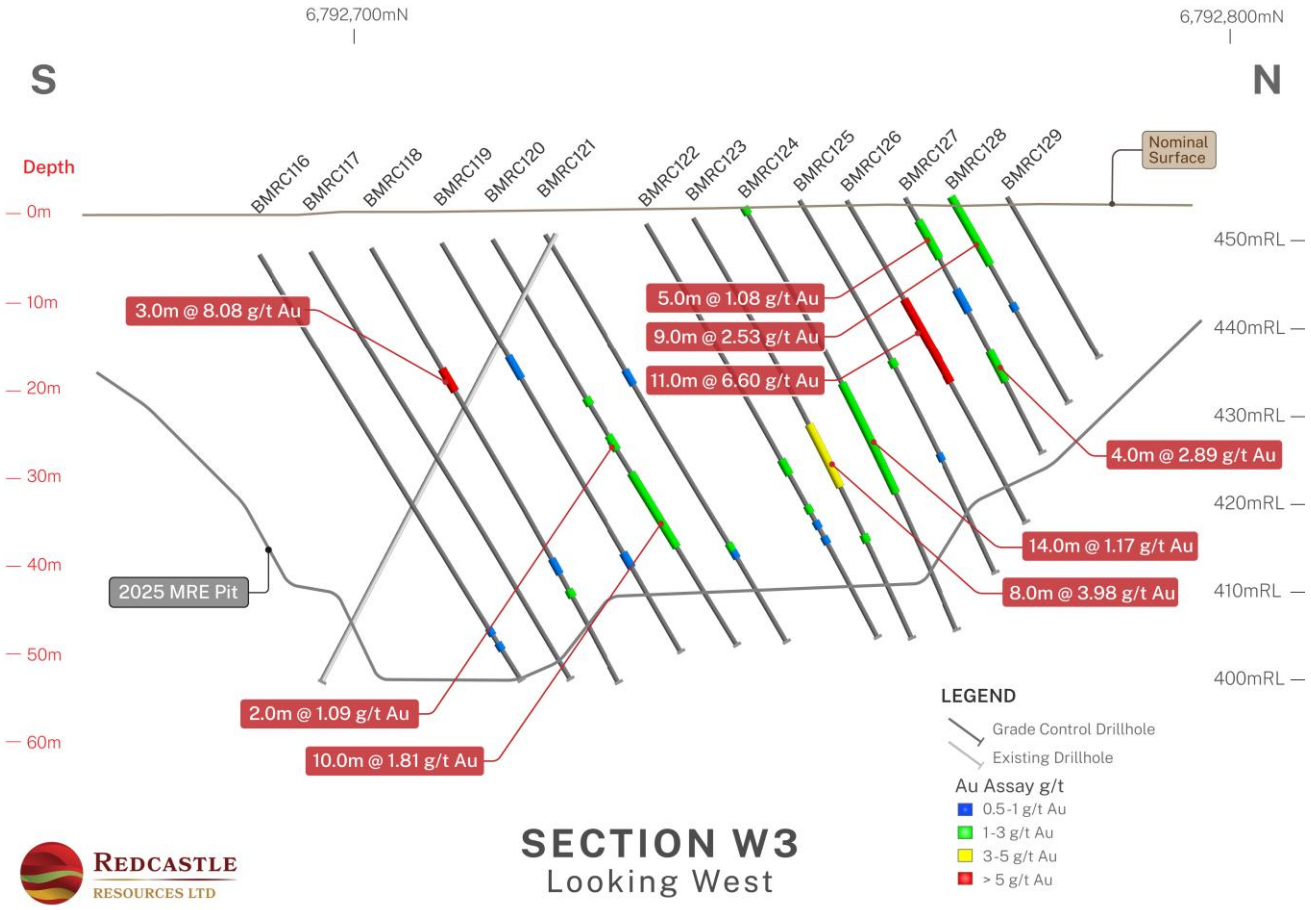

Figure 4 *Section W3 showing recent GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Section W3 shows a strong, continuous mineralised lode in the western-central drilling section of Redcastle Reef, with gold intersections occurring from the surface and extending to at least ~50 m below surface. Closely spaced grade control drilling on this section demonstrates good continuity of the mineralised envelope, with coherent higher-grade zones developed within the broader lode (e.g. BMRC128: 9 m @ 2.53 g/t Au from 0 m, BMRC126: 11 m @ 6.6 g/t Au from 13 m, BMRC123: 8 m @ 3.98 g/t Au from 27 m, and BMRC120: 10 m @ 1.81 g/t Au from 31 m). The distribution of grades across adjacent holes supports continuity at mining scale.

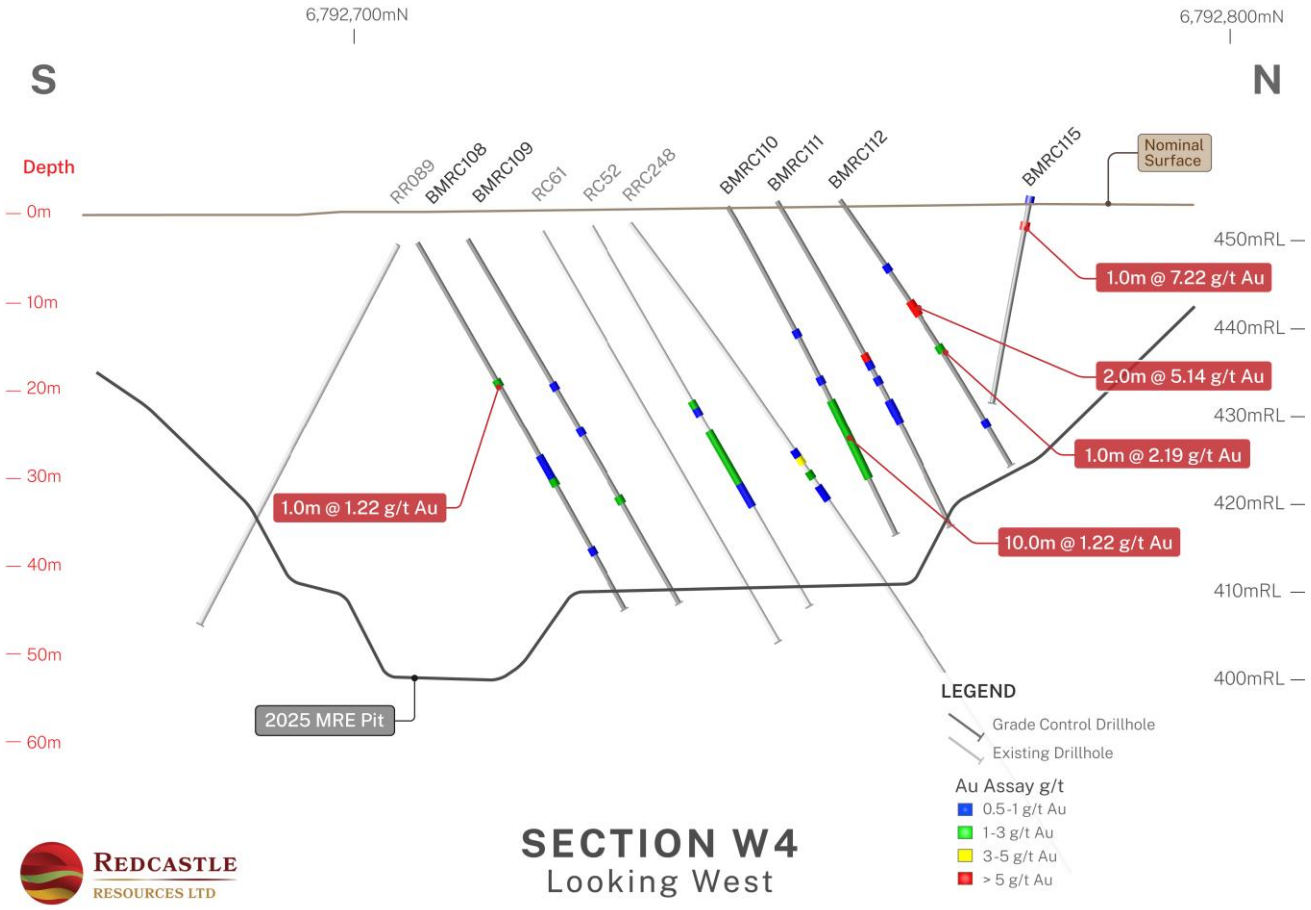

Figure 5 *Section W4 showing recent GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Section W4 confirms the lode persists into this drilling section, with mineralisation intersected from near surface through shallow to moderate depths in multiple holes, supporting continuity of the system at mining scale. BMRC115 returned a shallow high-grade interval (1 m @ 7.22 g/t Au from 3 m), while adjacent drilling demonstrates broader moderate-grade continuity (e.g., BMRC110: 10 m @ 1.22 g/t Au from 25 m, and discrete mineralised intervals in BMRC108 and BMRC109). Overall, the section supports a consistent lode position with local grade variability consistent with the known coarse-gold character of Redcastle Reef.

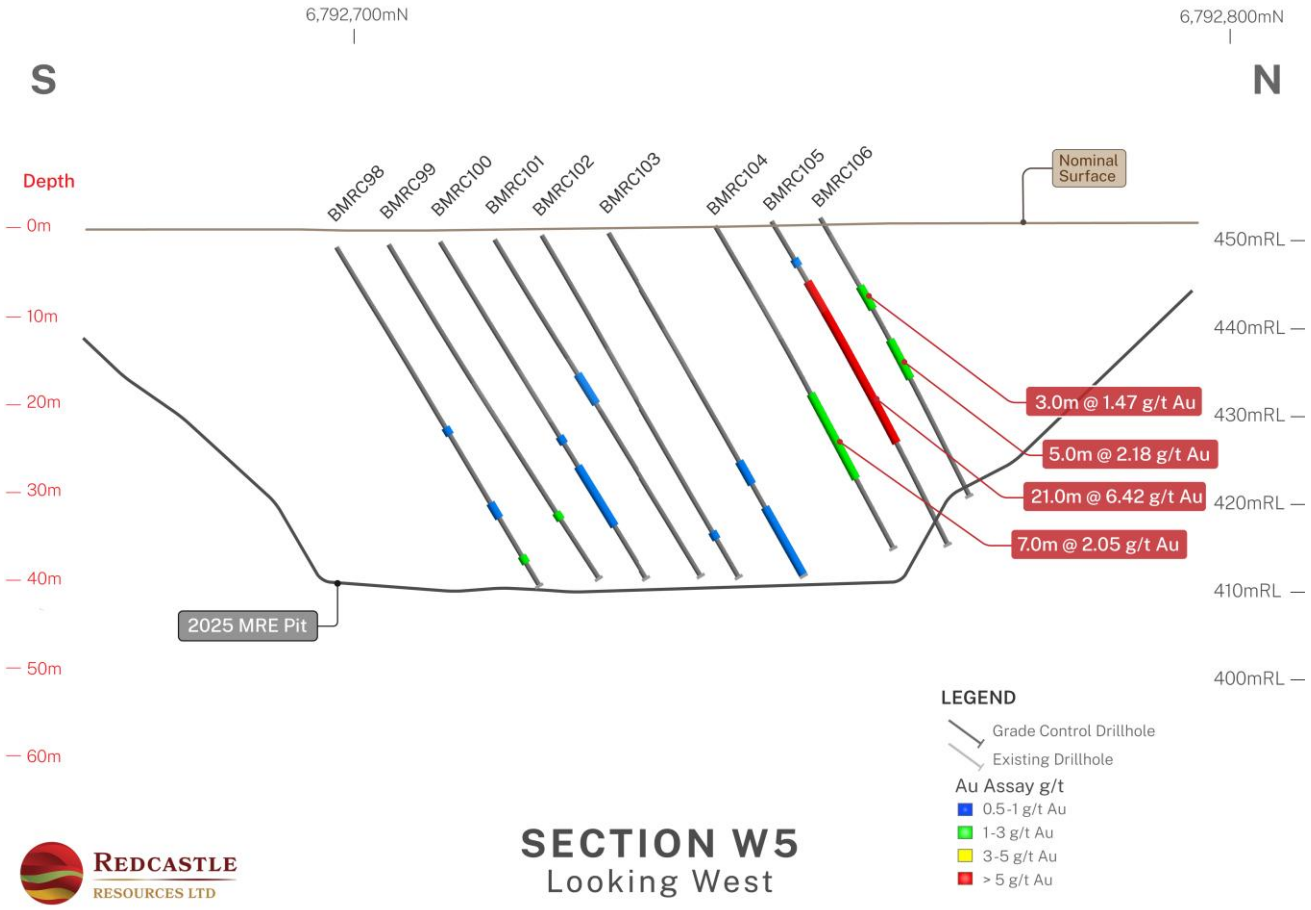

Figure 6 *Section W5 showing recent GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Section W5 illustrates the western portion of the current grade control drilling, where holes BMRC100–BMRC103 intersect a consistent mineralised position at shallow levels immediately below the current surface profile (around the 450 mRL level), with mineralisation continuing down-dip to approximately ~412 mRL. Gold grades on this section are predominantly within the 0.5–3 g/t Au range (blue–green), and the repeated intercept endowment across adjacent holes supports short-range continuity at mining scale consistent with the close-spaced drill grid.

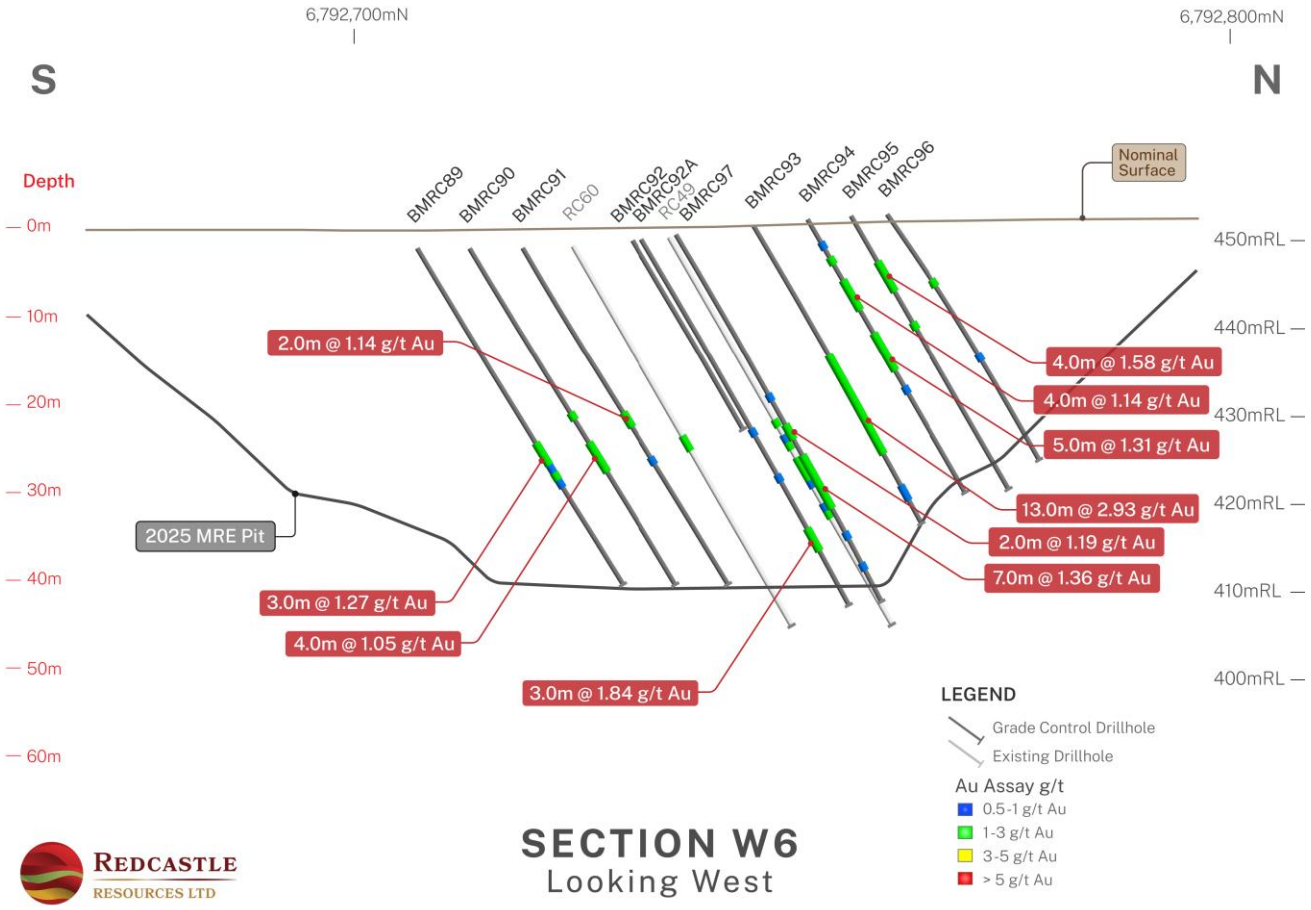

Figure 7 *Section W6 showing recent GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Section W6 provides a clear example of shallow, mine compatible mineralisation with multiple intersections occurring from just below the near-surface reference level (around 450 mRL) down ~30–40 metres vertically (to approximately 410–420 mRL). The drilling section shows good continuity of mineralised intervals across adjacent grade control/infill holes, defining a consistent lode geometry. Mineralisation is dominated by 1–3 g/t Au intervals (green) with local higher-grade pods (3–5 g/t Au, yellow) within the broader lode envelope, supporting continuity within the actively drilled section.

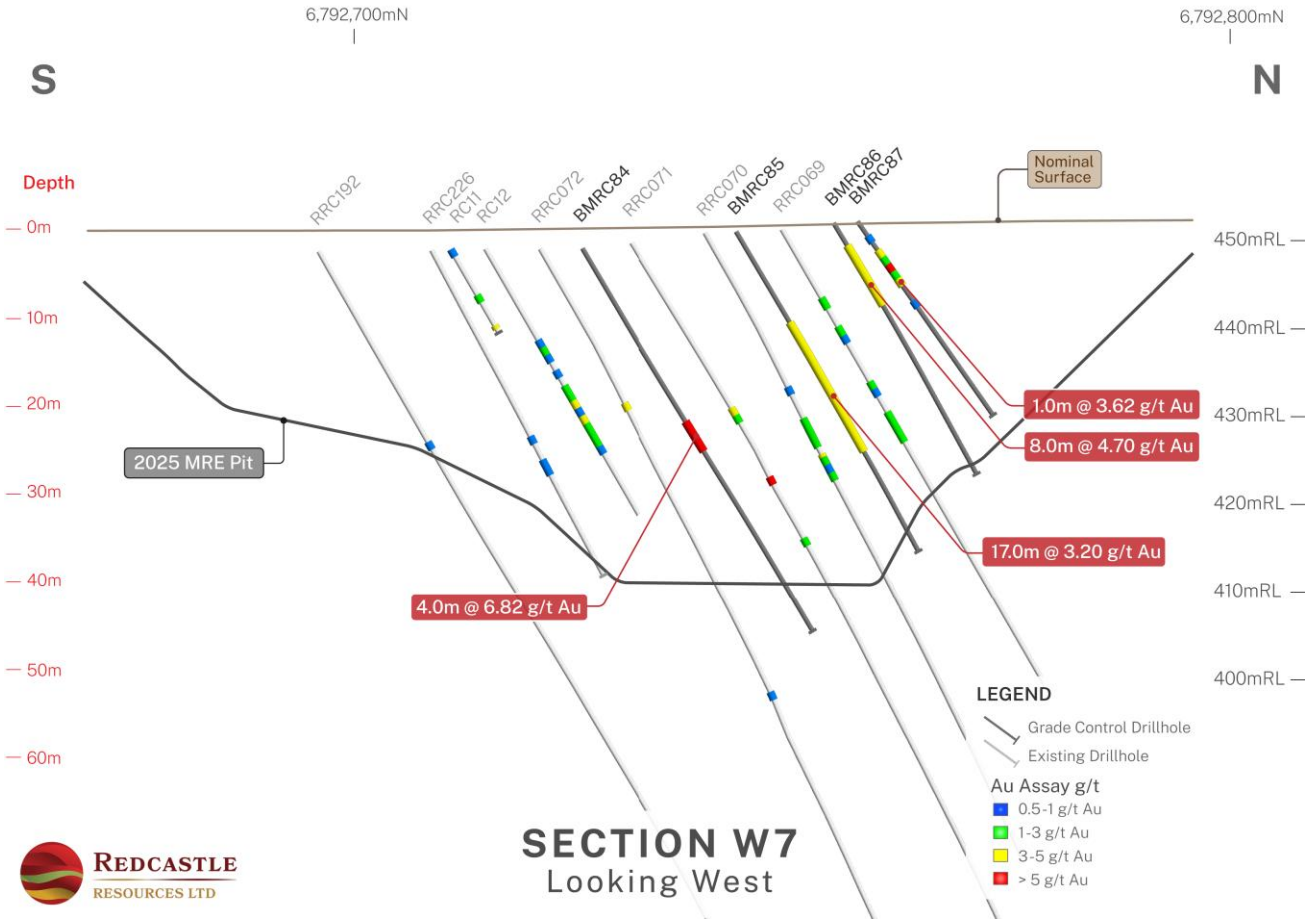

Figure 8 *Section W7 showing recent GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Section W7 shows shallow mineralisation developed from approximately 450 mRL to 410–420 mRL, with good continuity across adjacent grade control and existing drillholes. Mineralisation is dominated by 1–3 g/t Au intervals, with local higher-grade zones (3–5 g/t Au and minor >5 g/t Au) spatially consistent with the 2025 MRE mineralisation interpretation.

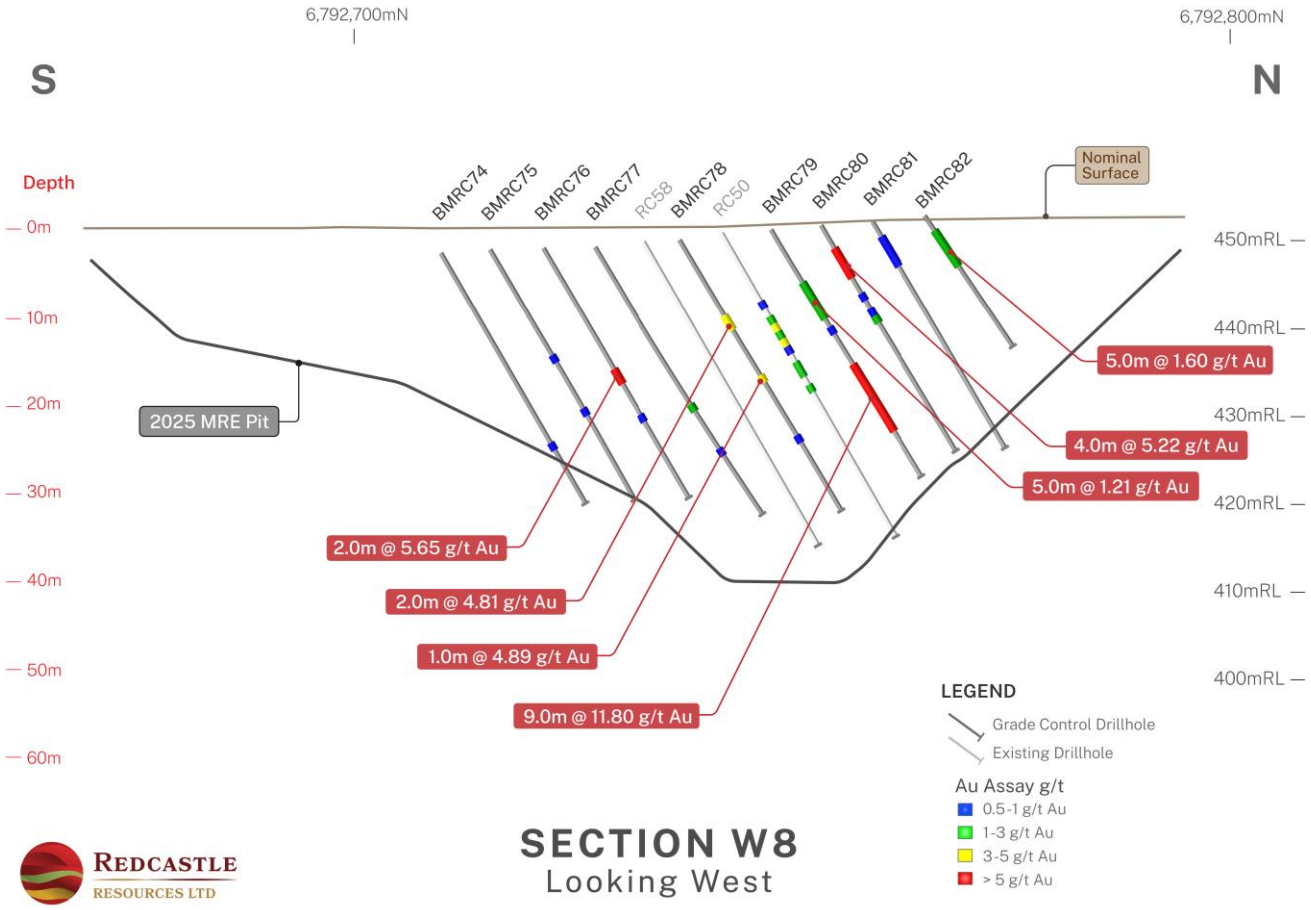

Figure 9 *Section W8 showing recent GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Section W8 illustrates multiple stacked mineralised intervals across adjacent holes, with a broad 1–3 g/t Au envelope and local high-grade (>5 g/t) zones. Mineralisation is present from near surface and extends down-dip through the upper part of the drilling section, supporting continuity and early mining.

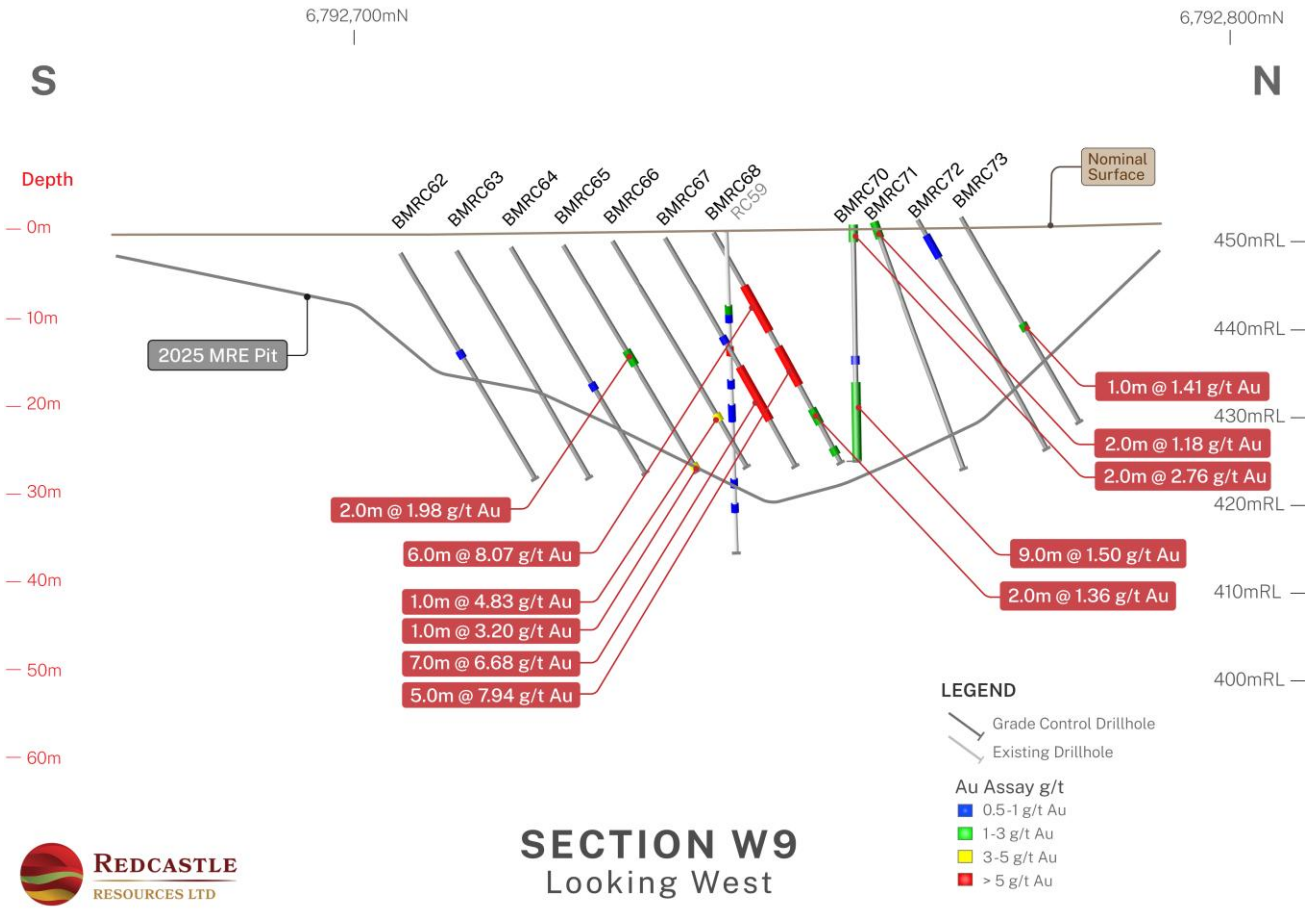

Figure 10 *Section W9 showing recent GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Section W9 highlights a near-surface lode position with a clearly defined mineralised zone. Mineralisation commences immediately below surface (within the upper ~5–10 m) and continues down-dip to at least ~30–35 m below surface, with good continuity between adjacent grade control holes. The section shows a broad envelope of 1–3 g/t Au mineralisation with internal higher-grade zones (3–5 g/t and >5 g/t Au), consistent with the Redcastle Reef's coarse-gold style mineralisation and the development of local high-grade shoots. Overall, W9 reinforces predictable mineralisation geometry at mining bench scale, directly supporting the original MRE interpretation and early mining confidence.

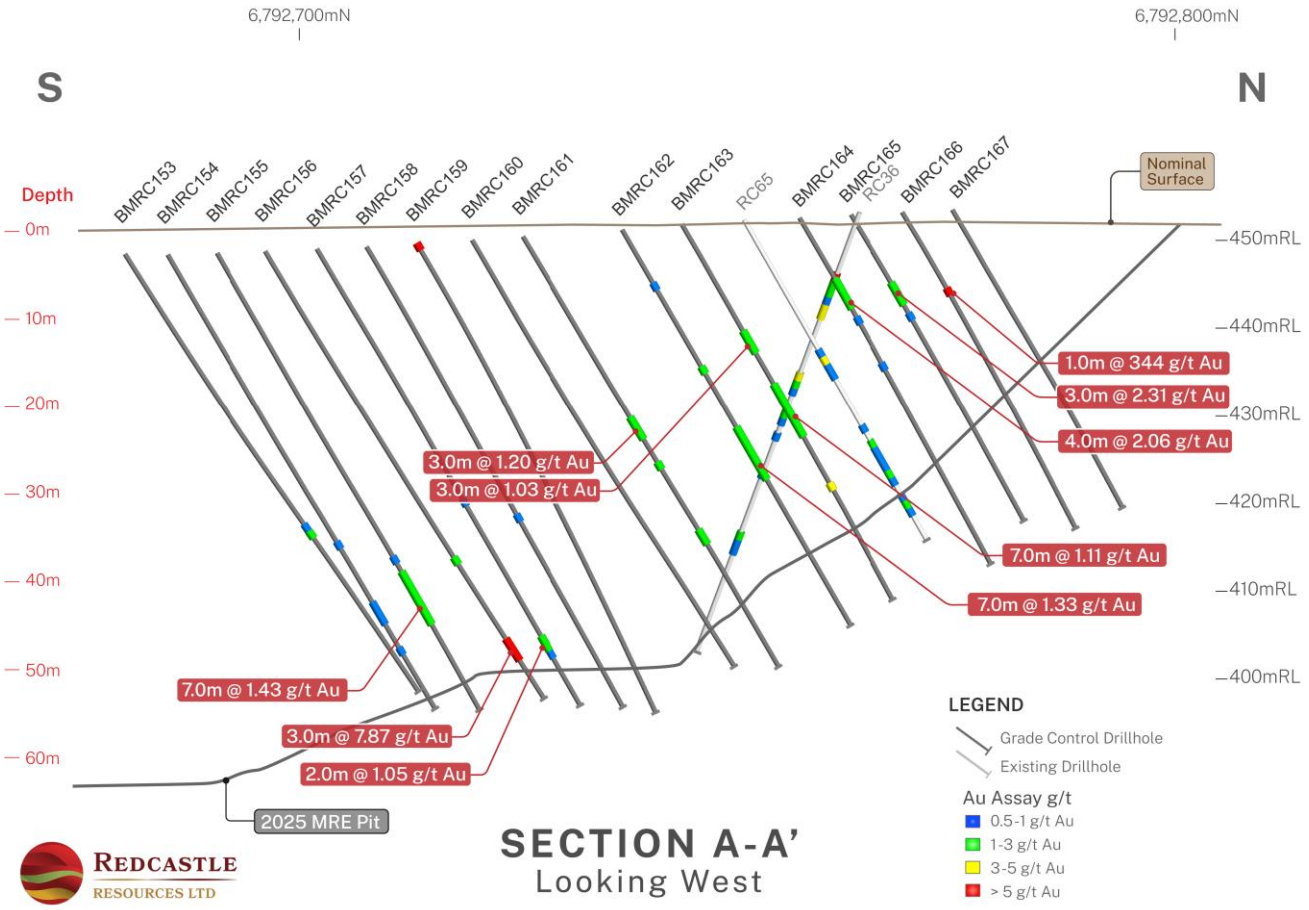

Figure 11 *Updated section A - A' showing GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

**Note: RC36 is a historical RAB hole and was not used in the MRE. However, it supports the current GC drilling.*

Section A - A' highlights shallow, mine-relevant mineralisation and strong continuity within the current grade control pattern. Multiple holes intersect gold mineralisation from within the first ~10 m downhole, confirming near-surface lode development directly relevant to early mining benches. The lode remains well-defined down-dip over at least ~50 m of vertical extent on this section. The closely spaced drilling shows good continuity of mineralised intervals across adjacent holes, with higher-grade zones developed within a broader mineralised envelope, supporting a consistent lode position and predictable geometry at mining scale.

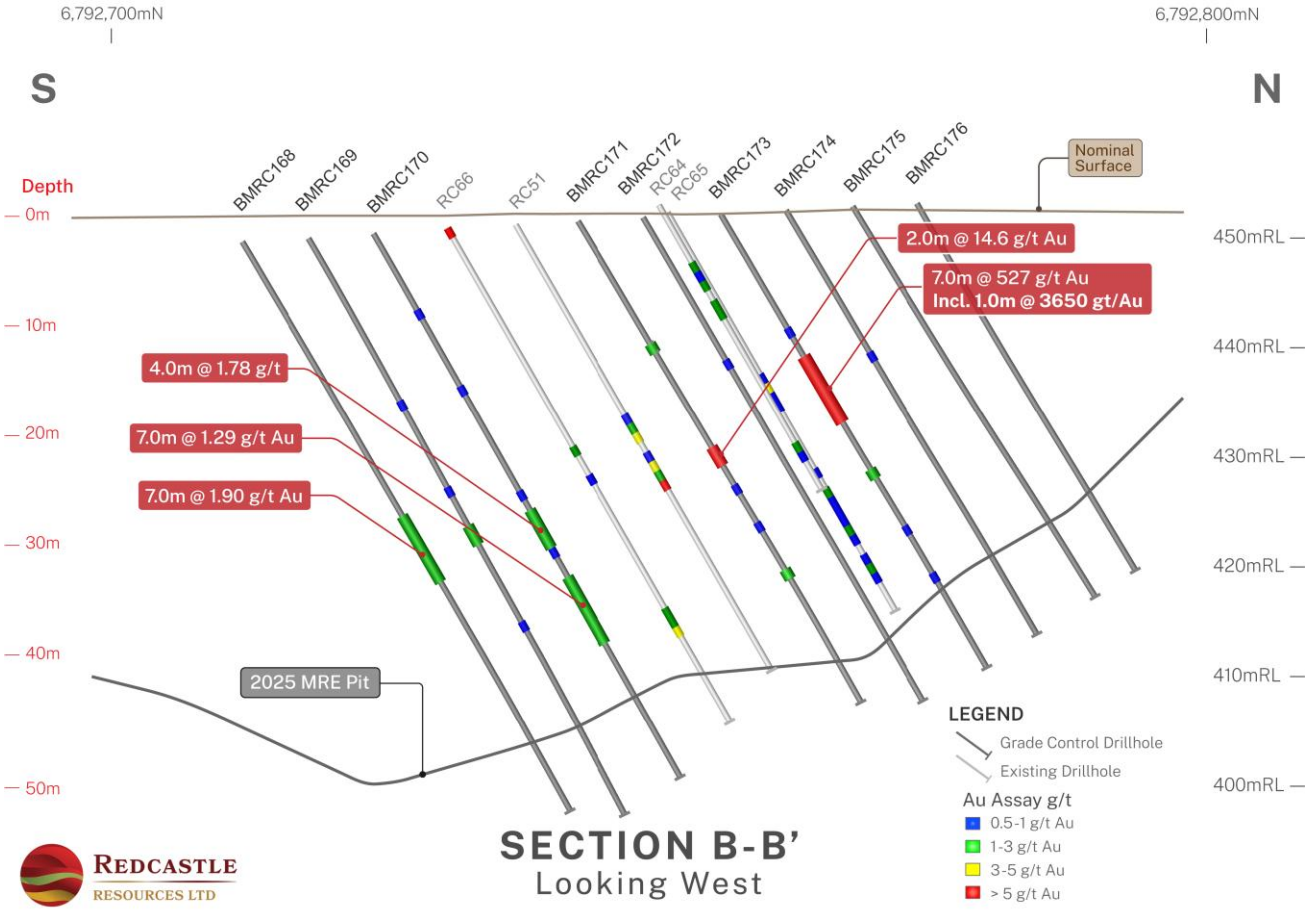

Figure 12 *Section B - B' showing GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Section B - B' provides additional geological support for the interpreted lode geometry and continuity of mineralisation through the central portion of the Redcastle Reef ("RR") system. Across this section, multiple drillholes intersect gold mineralisation at broadly consistent downhole positions, defining a coherent mineralised envelope that extends from near-surface levels down-dip and remains aligned with the existing structural interpretation. The southern part of the section is characterised by several moderate-grade intervals over meaningful widths (e.g. 4.0m @ 1.78 g/t Au, 7.0m @ 1.29 g/t Au and 7.0m @ 1.90 g/t Au), supporting continuity of the mineralised halo, while the northern end includes a more pronounced high-grade domain (e.g. 2.0m @ 14.6 g/t Au and 7.0m @ 527 g/t Au, incl. 1.0m @ 3,650 g/t Au, uncut gold values) that is consistent with localised high-grade shoots within a broader quartz vein/stockwork-hosted lode. The overall distribution of grades on Section B–B' is consistent with the broader structural interpretation of an east-plunging corridor of stronger mineralisation within the RR lode and provides a robust link in geological confidence between adjacent drill sections.

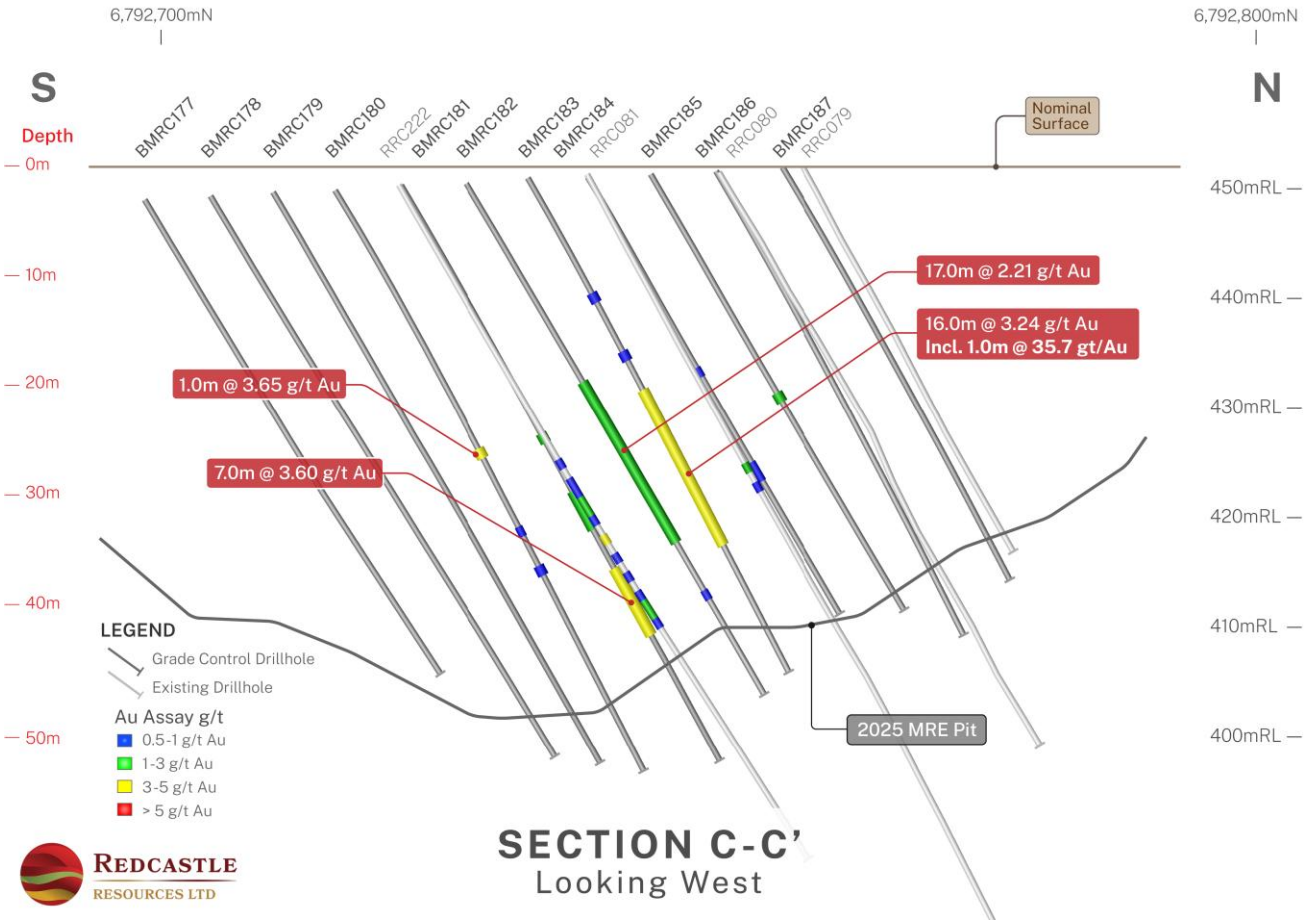

Figure 13 *Section C - C' showing GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Section C - C' also provides strong evidence of continuous, mine-planning-relevant mineralisation within the RR deposit. Hole BMRC182 returned 17m @ 2.21 g/t Au from 21m, and the adjacent hole BMRC183 returned 16m @ 3.24 g/t Au from 22m, including a high-grade core of 1m @ 35.7 g/t Au. The close spatial association of these intercepts, combined with their comparable widths and grades, demonstrates a coherent mineralised shoot across the section. This continuity materially increases confidence in lode position, thickness and grade tenor across planned mining blocks and supports more reliable short-term scheduling.

Several holes positioned at interpreted ore-shoot margins (including BMRC167, BMRC177, BMRC178, BMRC179, BMRC184, BMRC186 and BMRC187) returned only very low-grade values and did not report significant intercepts. The contrasting 7m @ 1.9 g/t Au interval in adjacent hole BMRC168 demonstrates the potential for grade continuity even where mineralisation appears patchy at the margins, reinforcing the value of closely spaced GC drilling for confidence.

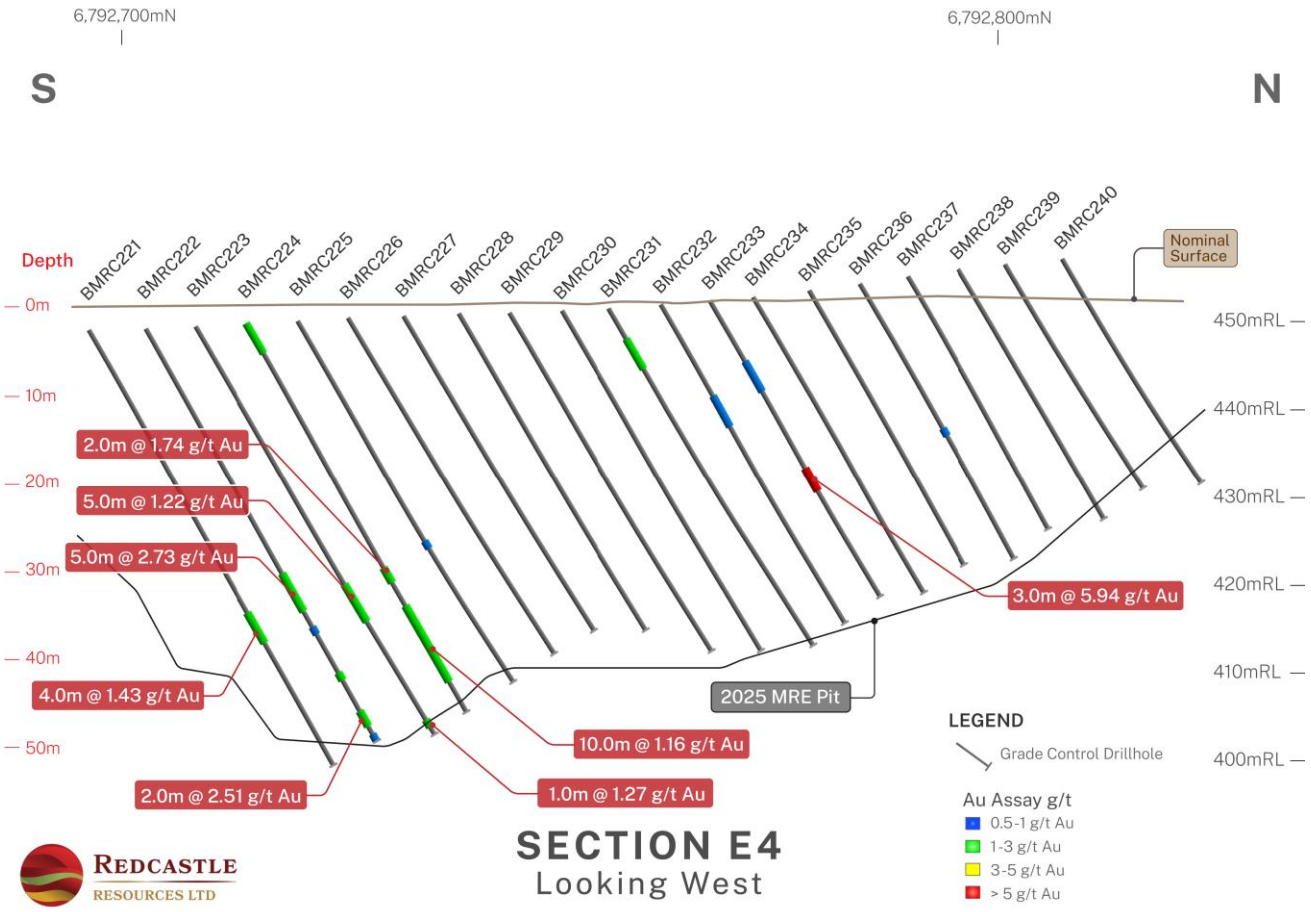

Figure 14 *Section E4 previously reported showing GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Section E4 demonstrates a coherent and continuous zone of gold mineralisation, with multiple closely spaced intersections defining a well-developed lode position. Grades are predominantly in the ~1–3 g/t Au range, with local higher-grade (>3 g/t Au) intervals.

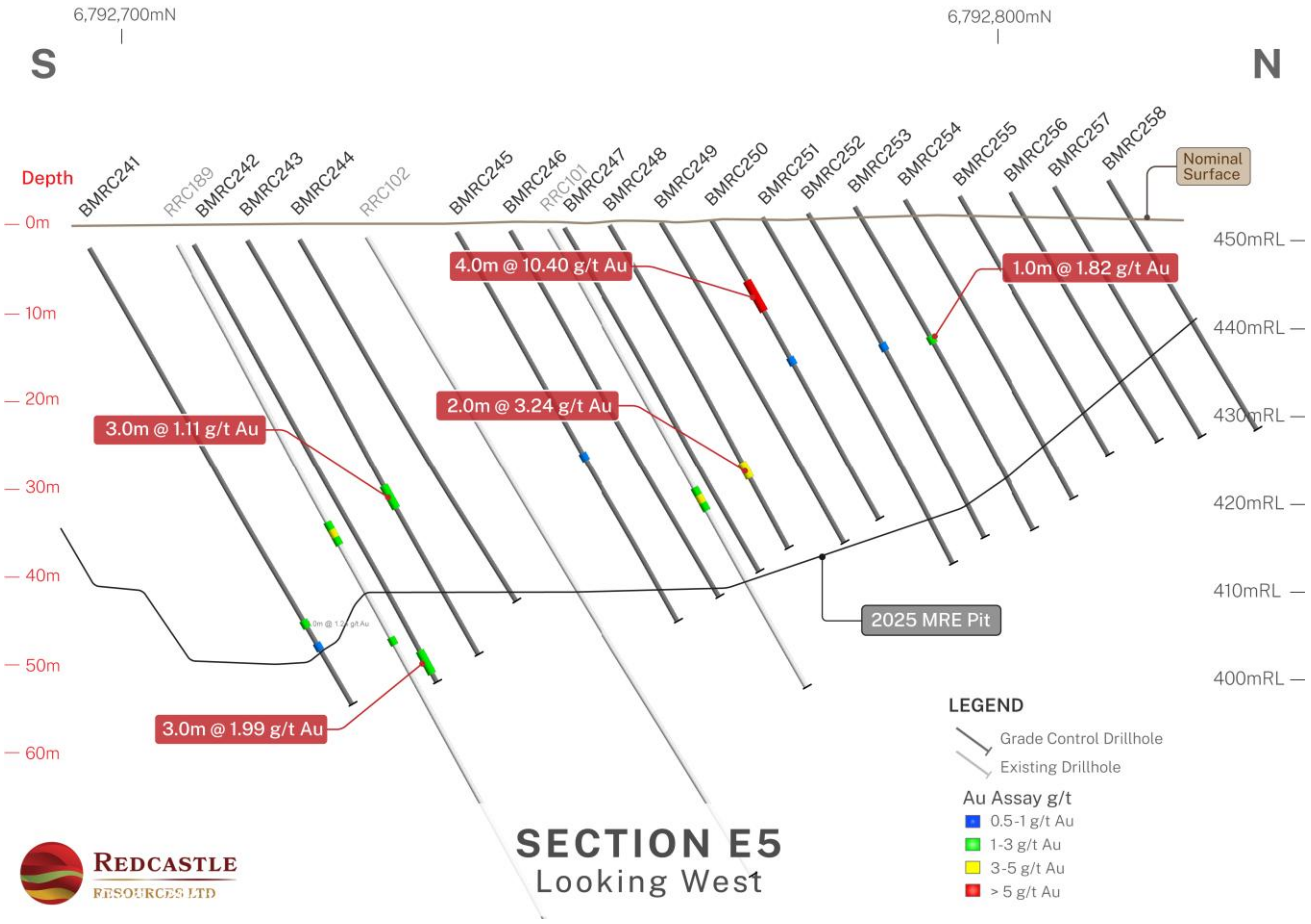

Figure 15 *Section E5 showing recent GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values)*

Section E5 indicates that mineralisation continues into this area but is more intermittent in grade than in the central sections. A standout shallow high-grade (>5 g/t Au) interval is present in BMRC250 (annotated on the section at ~10.4 g/t Au), with additional scattered low-to-moderate grade (0.5–3 g/t Au) intersections in other holes. Overall, the section supports extension of the Redcastle Reef mineralised system into E5, albeit with more variable thickness and intermittent grade consistent with an outer lode position.

Grade Continuity and Geological Interpretation on Sections

The close-spaced drilling shows good grade continuity on all sections. The overall trend of grades is consistent with the interpretation used in Redcastle Reef 2025 MRE (ASX: RC1, 30/06/2025).

In general, RR lodes are dipping to the South with the plunge to the East-Southeast.

Following the receipt of all grade control data, a detailed geological interpretation which incorporates updated geological logging will be completed.

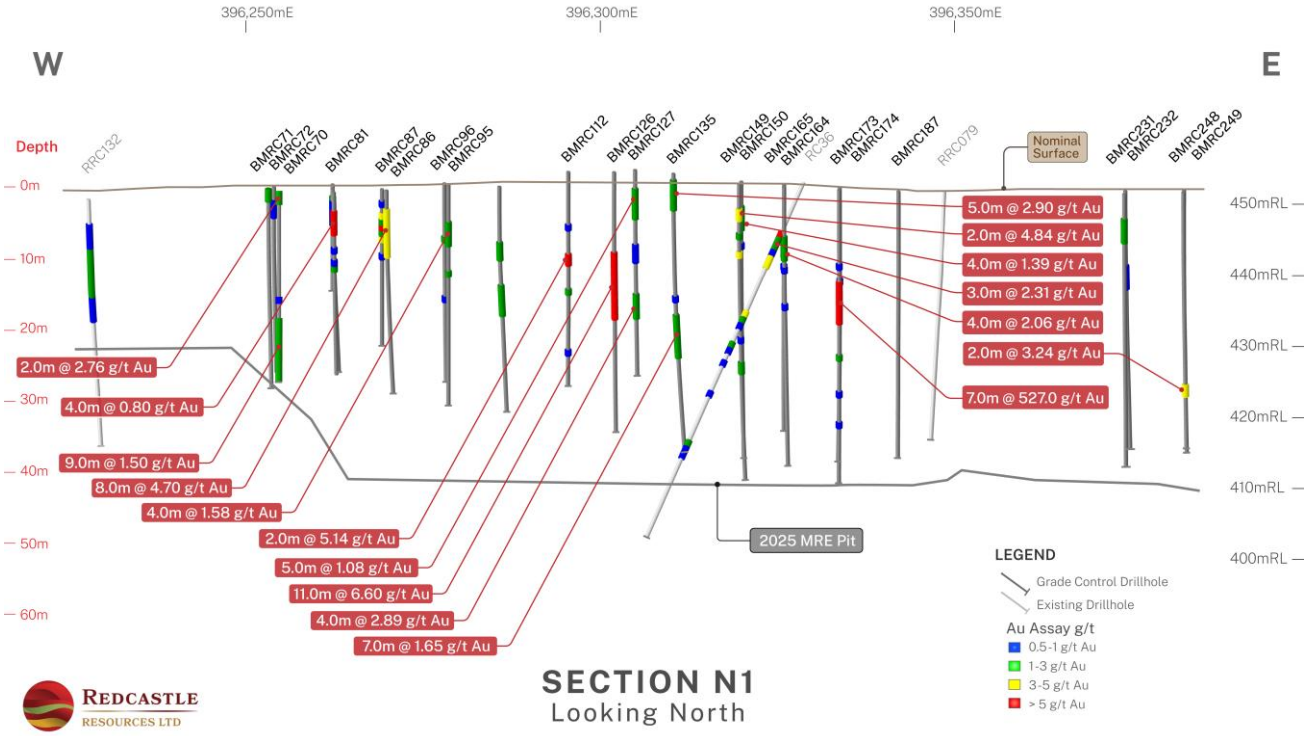

Figure 16 *Long Section N1 showing recent GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values) with mineralised trend towards the east*

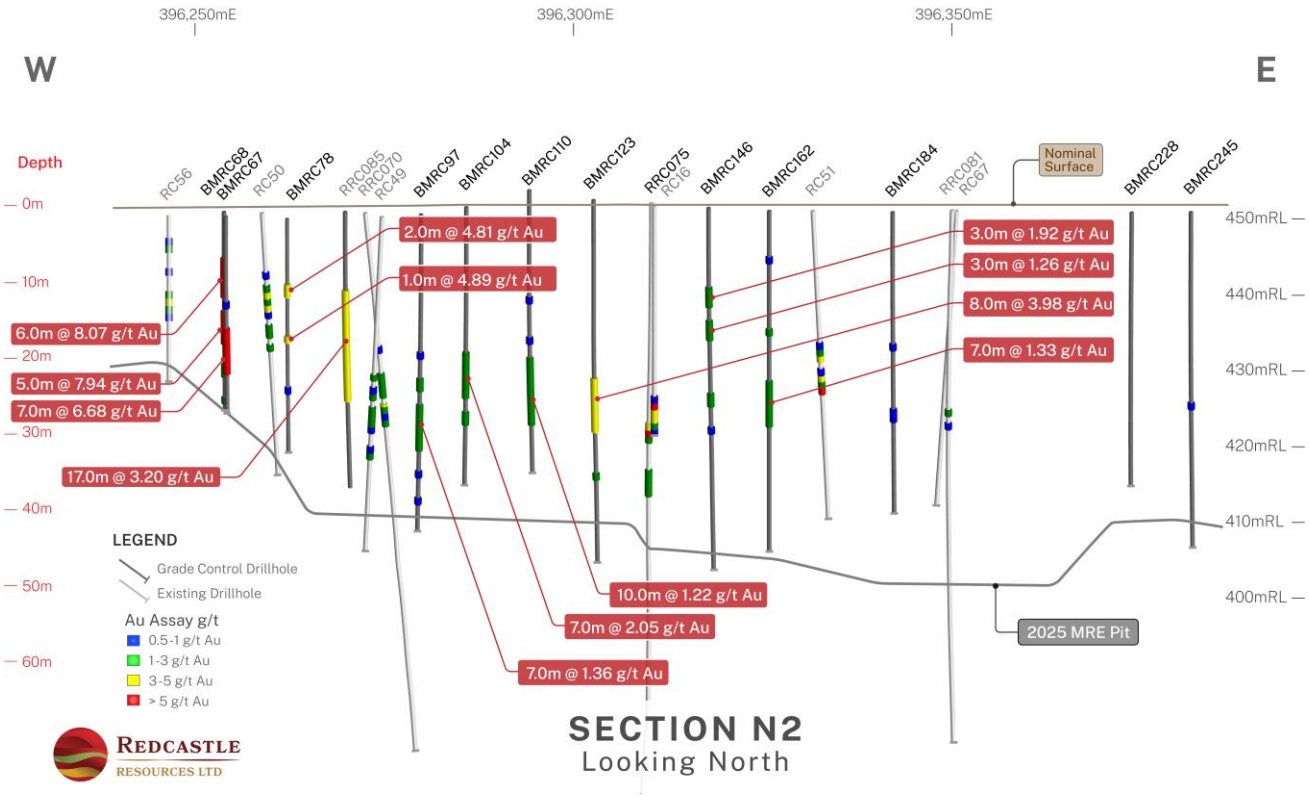

Figure 17 *Long Section N2 showing recent GC drilling (Uncut Gold Values) with mineralised trend towards the east*

Assaying and Quality Control

Samples were analysed for gold by fire assay using a 40g charge at Bureau Veritas, Kalgoorlie. A QA/QC programme incorporating certified reference materials (CRMs), blanks and duplicates were included in this batch.

QA/QC insertions included blanks and two CRM grade levels (nominally ~2 g/t Au and ~0.5 g/t Au), which are considered appropriate for grade control purposes across the key grade ranges relevant to mine planning and mining. CRM results returned within acceptable tolerance of their certified values, while blanks returned results at or near the lower detection limit, indicating no evidence of contamination or analytical bias.

Observed variability is consistent with the known nuggety style of gold mineralisation at Redcastle Reef.

Operational Compliance with JORC 2012

Additional information related to drilling, sample preparation, assaying, sample security and QA/QC are found in Annexure B JORC 2012 Table 1 appended to this announcement.

Key Events and Forward Plans

The RB JV (operated by BML Ventures) continues to progress activities to support potential mining operations, subject to the required approvals and commercial decisions.

With respect to the grade control drilling programme:

- GC drilling recommenced on 4 January 2026.
- GC drilling continues at RR without incident and is approximately 88% complete as of the latest weekly report of 22 January 2026.
- Interpretation of GC drilling results will be updated as additional assays are received.
- Redcastle Reef is historically known as a centre of coarse gold. Initiating confirmatory check assays for the high-grade 'nuggety' interval(s) (e.g., gravimetric finish and/or screen fire assay), will be undertaken where considered necessary.

Given the GC drilling results to date, RC1 has begun evaluating the additional data acquisition requirements including re-assaying exceptionally high grade results as well as the schedule for revising the current RR MRE upon receipt of all GC drilling assays.

Reference RC1 Announcements

Recent and relevant announcements relating to the QA and RR MRE lodged on the ASX include:

Date	Announcement
22 December 2025	Further High-Grade & Broad Gold Intercepts from RR Drilling
15 December 2025	Exceptional Gold Assay from Redcastle Reef Grade Control Drilling
21 November 2025	Grade control drilling underway at Redcastle Reef
30 July 2025	RC1 Lifts Mineral Resource Estimates to 42koz
5 May 2025	Final Assays Bolster and Enhance Redcastle Project Potential
5 March 2025	Additional High-Grade Gold Intersected in Eastern Goldfields
31 January 2025	Update on Redcastle Drilling Program
29 July 2024	Queen Alexandra Diamond Drilling Program Complete

Date	Announcement
9 July 2024	High Grade Intersection at Queen Alexandra
18 June 2024	Redcastle Project Drilling Update
14 May 2024	Redcastle Project Exploration Update
19 April 2024	Redcastle Project Exploration Update
20 February 2024	Queen Alexandra Maiden JORC Resource Estimate
22 December 2023	Drilling Returns Additional High Grade Gold Intercepts
7 December 2023	Consistent Shallow Gold Mineralisation at Queen Alexandra
21 November 2022	Further Shallow RC Drilling Results at Redcastle
21 September 2022	Update on RC Drilling at Redcastle
6 July 2022	Outstanding High Grade Shallow RC Drilling Results

About Redcastle Resources Ltd

Redcastle Resources Ltd (ASX: RC1) is a WA-based rapidly **emerging gold** company predicated on holding tenements in the right location, within a proven gold producing province; containing the right rocks and structures, that are conducive to finding commercial quantities of **high-grade gold** through the application of modern and innovative exploration techniques. Our **growth** strategy is committed to **growth** through targeted drilling, development, production and value accretive acquisitions to generate shareholder value as an integrated **gold exploration and production** company.

Redcastle's Portfolio is located ~60 kilometres east-southeast of the Gwalia Gold Mine. The portfolio comprises a series of contiguous tenements centrally located within a region known as the "*golden circle*", an area delineated by multi-million-ounce gold mining operations within the highly prospective Leonora-Laverton portion of the greenstone belt of the eastern Yilgarn. In August 2025, RC1 and BML Ventures Ltd formed a Joint Venture (RB JV) (ASX: RC1 10 August 2025) that is focused on exploiting potential gold deposits within three of the RPA tenements including QA and RR.

RC1's Portfolio is divided into the ***Redcastle Project Area (RPA)*** and ***TBone Belt (TBone)***. RPA has a JORC compliant Mineral Resource Estimate at Queen Alexandra (QA) and Redcastle Reef (RR) (ASX: RC1 30 June 2025), and several highly prospective target areas which have demonstrated the clear potential to add to this resource base. The TBone Belt remains fundamentally underexplored by modern techniques, and represents an exciting, scalable opportunity to build a pipeline of high-priority drill targets immediately adjacent to RPA.

Following the TBone Belt acquisition (ASX:RC1 20 August 2025), RC1's combined tenement portfolio in the Eastern Goldfields now covers an area of ~87km^2 comprising the following:

- *Prospecting Licenses (PLs): 55 (includes 2 pending)*
- *Mining Leases (MLs): 4*
- *Mining Lease Applications (MLAs): 8*

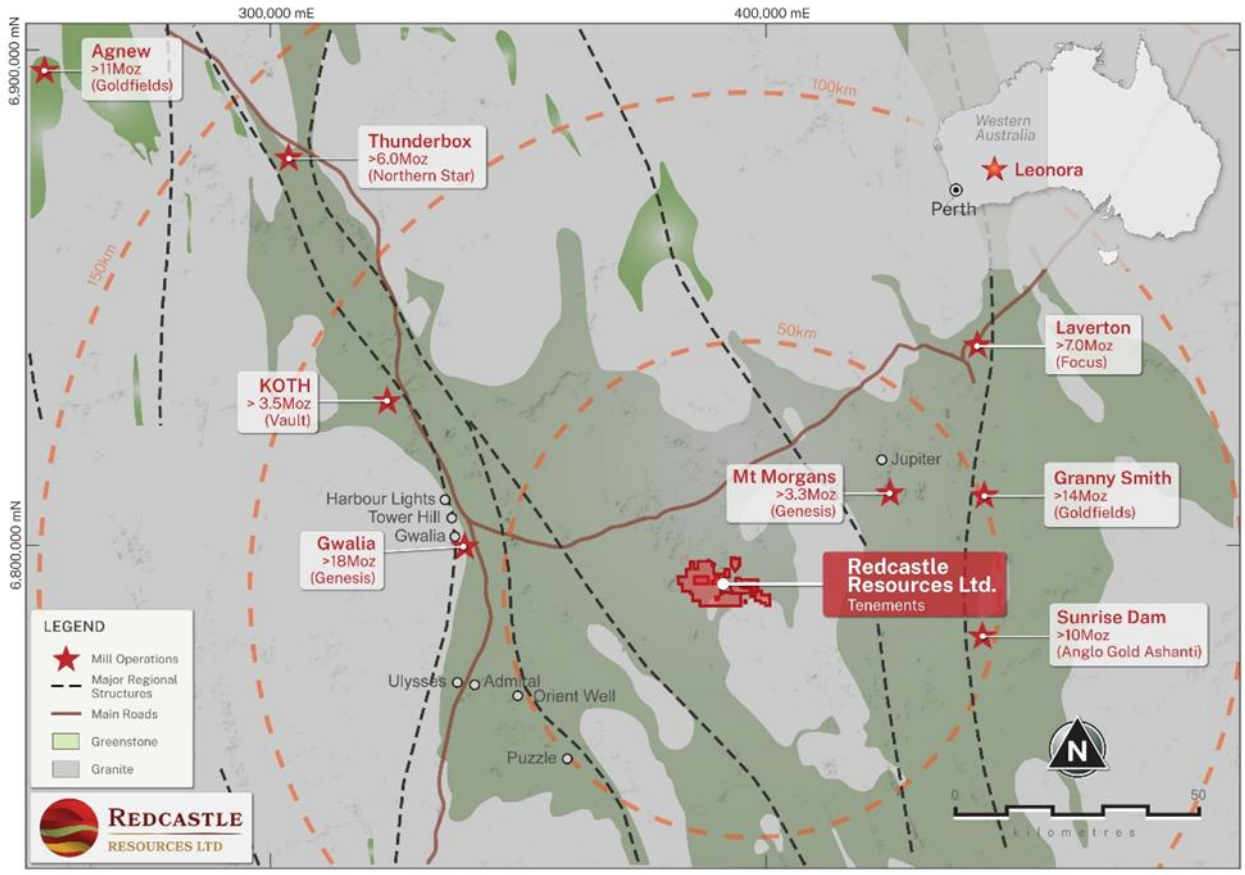

Figure 18 *Redcastle Project and TBone Package - tenements location plan*

This announcement has been approved for release to ASX by the Board of Redcastle Resources Ltd
-ENDS-

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Forward–Looking Statements

Some of the statements appearing in this announcement may be in the nature of forward-looking statements. You should be aware that such statements are only predictions and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. Those risks and uncertainties include factors and risks specific to the industries in which Redcastle operates and proposes to operate as well as general economic conditions, prevailing exchange rates and interest rates and conditions in the financial markets, among other things. Actual events or results may differ materially from the events or results expressed or implied in any forward-looking statement. No forward-looking statement is a guarantee or representation as to future performance or any other future matters, which will be influenced by a number of factors and subject to various uncertainties and contingencies, many of which will be outside Redcastle's control. No decision to proceed to production has been made, and any such decision will be subject to the outcomes of detailed feasibility studies.

In relying on the above mentioned ASX announcements and pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 5.23.2, the Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the above-mentioned announcements, and in the case of estimates of mineral resources, all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.

Competent Person Statement

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resource Estimation and grade control drilling results at Redcastle Reef is based on information compiled by Dr. Spero Carras, a Competent Person and consultant to the Company, who is a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (FAusIMM Membership No: 107972). Dr. Carras has sufficient experience (40+ years working on gold) that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. As Competent Person, Dr. Carras consents to the inclusion in the report of matters based on the information compiled by him, in the form and context in which it appears.

ANNEXURE A

Table 1 Significant Intercepts (Uncut values)

Hole ID	From	To	Interval	Ave Au g/t
BMRC065	14	16	2m	1.98
BMRC065	29	30	1m	3.20
BMRC066	23	24	1m	4.83
BMRC067	17	24	7m	6.68
BMRC068	7	13	6m	8.07
BMRC068	15	20	5m	7.94
BMRC068	23	25	2m	1.36
BMRC068	28	29	1m	1.35
BMRC070	0	2	2m	2.76
BMRC070	18	27	9m	1.50
BMRC071	0	2	2m	1.18
BMRC073	14	15	1m	1.41
BMRC076	16	18	2m	5.65
BMRC077	21	22	1m	1.04
BMRC078	10	12	2m	4.81
BMRC078	18	19	1m	4.89
BMRC079	7	12	5m	1.21
BMRC079	18	27	9m	11.80
BMRC080	3	7	4m	5.22
BMRC080	12	13	1m	1.32
BMRC082	2	7	5m	1.60
BMRC084	23	27	4m	6.82
BMRC085	12	29	17m	3.20
BMRC086	3	11	8m	4.70
BMRC087	2	9	7m	3.62
BMRC089	26	29	3m	1.27
BMRC089	30	31	1m	1.05
BMRC090	22	23	1m	1.53
BMRC090	26	30	4m	1.05
BMRC092A	38	41	3m	1.84
BMRC093	17	30	13m	2.93
BMRC094	5	6	1m	1.87
BMRC094	8	12	4m	1.14
BMRC094	15	20	5m	1.31
BMRC095	6	10	4m	1.58
BMRC095	14	15	1m	1.55
BMRC096	9	10	1m	2.04
BMRC097	25	27	2m	1.19
BMRC097	29	36	7m	1.36
BMRC098	41	42	1m	1.00
BMRC099	36	37	1m	2.04
BMRC100	34	36	2m	1.26

Hole ID	From	To	Interval	Ave Au g/t
BMRC101	18	19	1m	1.97
BMRC103	30	31	1m	1.04
BMRC103	36	38	2m	1.23
BMRC103	44	45	1m	1.15
BMRC104	22	29	7m	2.05
BMRC104	31	33	2m	1.19
BMRC105	8	29	21m	6.42
BMRC106	9	12	3m	1.47
BMRC106	16	21	5m	2.18
BMRC108	18	19	1m	1.22
BMRC108	31	32	1m	1.40
BMRC109	34	35	1m	1.18
BMRC110	25	35	10m	1.22
BMRC112	14	16	2m	5.14
BMRC112	20	21	1m	2.19
BMRC115	3	4	1m	7.22
BMRC118	16	19	3m	8.08
BMRC118	45	46	1m	2.48
BMRC120	21	22	1m	1.91
BMRC120	26	28	2m	1.09
BMRC120	31	41	10m	1.81
BMRC121	41	43	2m	1.02
BMRC122	31	33	2m	1.20
BMRC123	27	35	8m	3.98
BMRC123	41	42	1m	2.27
BMRC124	0	1	1m	2.21
BMRC124	23	37	14m	1.17
BMRC125	21	22	1m	2.14
BMRC126	13	24	11m	6.60
BMRC127	3	8	5m	1.08
BMRC127	20	24	4m	2.89
BMRC128	0	9	9m	2.53
BMRC130	31	38	7m	2.52
BMRC131	36	37	1m	1.83
BMRC131	44	45	1m	12.20
BMRC132	33	36	3m	1.53
BMRC132	41	42	1m	2.24
BMRC133	30	38	8m	1.86
BMRC134	16	17	1m	2.42
BMRC135	1	6	5m	2.90
BMRC135	23	30	7m	1.65
BMRC136	2	3	1m	2.16

Hole ID	From	To	Interval	Ave Au g/t
BMRC138	39	49	10m	2.47
BMRC139	48	50	2m	5.44
BMRC141	37	38	1m	3.53
BMRC142	35	37	2m	1.29
BMRC143	43	44	1m	1.01
BMRC144	9	11	2m	1.01
BMRC145	30	36	6m	1.01
BMRC146	12	15	3m	1.92
BMRC146	17	20	3m	1.26
BMRC146	28	30	2m	1.01
BMRC147	12	22	10m	50.11
BMRC147	25	26	1m	1.30
BMRC148	11	15	4m	1.62
BMRC148	22	26	4m	1.14
BMRC149	4	6	2m	4.84
BMRC149	8	9	1m	1.56
BMRC149	11	12	1m	3.87
BMRC149	29	31	2m	1.12
BMRC150	4	8	4m	1.39
BMRC151	7	10	3m	2.25
BMRC153	38	39	1m	1.06
BMRC155	42	49	7m	1.43
BMRC156	41	42	1m	1.01
BMRC156	52	55	3m	7.87
BMRC157	51	53	2m	1.05
BMRC159	0	1	1m	17.00
BMRC161	24	27	3m	1.20
BMRC161	30	31	1m	1.42
BMRC161	39	41	2m	1.05
BMRC162	18	19	1m	1.29
BMRC162	26	33	7m	1.33
BMRC163	14	17	3m	1.03
BMRC163	21	28	7m	1.11
BMRC163	34	35	1m	3.42
BMRC221	37	41	4m	1.43
BMRC222	32	37	5m	2.48
BMRC222	45	46	1m	1.01
BMRC222	50	52	2m	2.51
BMRC223	34	39	5m	1.22
BMRC223	52	53	1m	1.27
BMRC224	32	34	2m	1.74
BMRC224	37	47	10m	1.16
BMRC233	22	25	3m	5.94
BMRC241	49	50	1m	1.24

Hole ID	From	To	Interval	Ave Au g/t
BMRC242	53	56	3m	1.99
BMRC243	32	35	3m	1.11
BMRC248	31	33	2m	3.24
BMRC250	8	12	4m	10.40
BMRC253	17	18	1m	1.82

Uncut Values, intercepts cut-off grade 1.0 g/t, may include internal grades less than 1.0 g/t.

Table 2. Summary of Grade Control (GC) Drillhole Collar Information

Hole ID	Easting (m)	Northing (m)	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Dip(°)	Azimuth(°)
BMRC062	396254	6792705	449	30	-60	0
BMRC063	396254	6792712	449	30	-60	0
BMRC064	396254	6792718	449	30	-60	0
BMRC065	396254	6792724	450	30	-60	0
BMRC066	396254	6792729	450	30	-60	0
BMRC067	396254	6792735	451	30	-60	0
BMRC068	396254	6792741	451	30	-60	0
BMRC070	396255	6792757	452	27	-90	0
BMRC071	396253	6792759	452	30	-60	0
BMRC072	396254	6792764	453	30	-60	0
BMRC073	396251	6792769	453	27	-60	0
BMRC074	396262	6792710	449	33	-60	0
BMRC075	396262	6792716	449	33	-60	0
BMRC076	396262	6792722	449	33	-60	0
BMRC077	396262	6792727	449	36	-60	0
BMRC078	396262	6792737	450	36	-60	0
BMRC079	396262	6792748	451	33	-60	0
BMRC080	396262	6792753	452	30	-60	0
BMRC081	396262	6792759	452	30	-60	0
BMRC082	396262	6792765	453	18	-60	0
BMRC084	396270	6792726	449	51	-60	0
BMRC085	396270	6792744	451	42	-60	0
BMRC086	396270	6792755	452	33	-60	0
BMRC087	396269	6792757	452	27	-60	0
BMRC089	396278	6792707	449	45	-60	0
BMRC090	396278	6792713	449	45	-60	0
BMRC091	396277	6792719	449	45	-60	0
BMRC092A	396278	6792733	450	48	-60	0
BMRC093	396279	6792746	452	39	-60	0
BMRC094	396278	6792752	453	36	-60	0
BMRC095	396279	6792757	453	36	-60	0
BMRC096	396278	6792761	453	33	-60	0
BMRC097	396280	6792737	451	48	-60	0
BMRC098	396286	6792698	449	45	-60	0
BMRC099	396286	6792704	450	45	-60	0
BMRC100	396286	6792710	450	45	-60	0
BMRC101	396286	6792716	450	45	-60	0
BMRC102	396286	6792721	451	45	-60	0
BMRC103	396286	6792729	451	45	-60	0
BMRC104	396286	6792741	452	42	-60	0
BMRC105	396286	6792748	452	42	-60	0
BMRC106	396286	6792753	453	36	-60	0
BMRC108	396294	6792707	450	48	-60	0

Hole ID	Easting (m)	Northing (m)	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Dip(°)	Azimuth(°)
BMRC109	396294	6792713	450	48	-60	0
BMRC110	396294	6792743	454	42	-60	0
BMRC111	396295	6792748	455	42	-60	0
BMRC112	396295	6792755	455	36	-60	0
BMRC115	396292	6792777	455	24	-80	180
BMRC116	396302	6792689	449	57	-60	0
BMRC117	396302	6792695	449	57	-60	0
BMRC118	396302	6792702	449	57	-60	0
BMRC119	396302	6792710	450	54	-60	0
BMRC120	396302	6792716	450	54	-60	0
BMRC121	396302	6792722	451	54	-60	0
BMRC122	396302	6792733	452	54	-60	0
BMRC123	396303	6792739	453	54	-60	0
BMRC124	396303	6792744	454	54	-60	0
BMRC125	396302	6792751	455	48	-60	0
BMRC126	396302	6792756	455	42	-60	0
BMRC127	396305	6792763	455	33	-60	0
BMRC128	396305	6792768	455	27	-60	0
BMRC129	396303	6792775	455	21	-60	0
BMRC130	396310	6792688	449	60	-60	0
BMRC131	396310	6792697	449	60	-60	0
BMRC132	396310	6792712	450	57	-60	0
BMRC133	396310	6792728	451	57	-60	0
BMRC134	396310	6792749	454	45	-60	0
BMRC135	396310	6792755	454	45	-60	0
BMRC136	396310	6792771	455	24	-60	0
BMRC137	396318	6792680	448	60	-60	0
BMRC138	396318	6792685	448	60	-60	0
BMRC139	396318	6792698	449	57	-60	0
BMRC140	396317	6792705	449	57	-60	0
BMRC141	396318	6792711	449	54	-60	0
BMRC142	396318	6792715	450	57	-60	0
BMRC143	396318	6792721	450	57	-60	0
BMRC144	396318	6792727	451	57	-60	0
BMRC145	396318	6792733	451	57	-60	0
BMRC146	396318	6792738	452	54	-60	0
BMRC147	396319	6792745	452	50	-60	0
BMRC148	396320	6792750	453	51	-60	0
BMRC149	396320	6792756	453	48	-60	0
BMRC150	396320	6792762	453	45	-60	0
BMRC151	396320	6792767	454	40	-60	0
BMRC152	396318	6792773	454	39	-60	0
BMRC153	396326	6792680	448	60	-60	0
BMRC154	396326	6792685	448	60	-60	0

Hole ID	Easting (m)	Northing (m)	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Dip(°)	Azimuth(°)
BMRC155	396326	6792691	449	60	-60	0
BMRC156	396326	6792696	449	60	-60	0
BMRC157	396326	6792702	449	60	-60	0
BMRC158	396326	6792708	449	60	-60	0
BMRC159	396326	6792713	450	60	-60	0
BMRC160	396326	6792720	450	57	-60	0
BMRC161	396326	6792726	450	57	-60	0
BMRC162	396326	6792737	451	52	-60	0
BMRC163	396326	6792744	452	49	-60	0
BMRC221	396374	6792696	449	57	-60	0
BMRC222	396374	6792703	449	54	-60	0
BMRC223	396374	6792708	450	54	-60	0
BMRC224	396374	6792714	450	51	-60	0
BMRC225	396374	6792720	450	48	-60	0
BMRC226	396374	6792726	451	45	-60	0
BMRC227	396374	6792732	451	42	-60	0
BMRC228	396374	6792738	451	42	-60	0
BMRC229	396374	6792744	451	45	-60	0
BMRC230	396374	6792750	451	45	-60	0
BMRC231	396374	6792756	452	45	-60	0
BMRC232	396374	6792762	452	42	-60	0
BMRC233	396374	6792767	453	39	-60	0
BMRC234	396374	6792772	453	39	-60	0
BMRC235	396374	6792778	454	36	-60	0
BMRC236	396374	6792784	454	36	-60	0
BMRC237	396374	6792790	455	33	-60	0
BMRC238	396374	6792795	456	33	-60	0
BMRC239	396374	6792801	457	30	-60	0
BMRC240	396374	6792807	457	30	-60	0
BMRC241	396382	6792696	449	60	-60	0
BMRC242	396382	6792708	450	57	-60	0
BMRC243	396382	6792714	450	54	-60	0
BMRC244	396382	6792720	450	48	-60	0
BMRC245	396382	6792738	451	51	-60	0
BMRC246	396382	6792744	451	48	-60	0
BMRC247	396382	6792750	452	45	-60	0
BMRC248	396382	6792756	452	42	-60	0
BMRC249	396382	6792762	452	42	-60	0
BMRC250	396382	6792767	452	39	-60	0
BMRC251	396382	6792773	453	45	-60	0
BMRC252	396382	6792778	453	42	-60	0
BMRC253	396382	6792784	454	42	-60	0
BMRC254	396382	6792789	455	39	-60	0
BMRC255	396382	6792796	455	34	-60	0

Hole ID	Easting (m)	Northing (m)	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Dip(°)	Azimuth(°)
BMRC256	396382	6792801	456	33	-60	0
BMRC257	396382	6792806	456	33	-60	0
BMRC258	396382	6792813	457	33	-60	0

Coordinates are in GDA94 / MGA Zone 51, rounded to the nearest metre.
Dip is reported in degrees. Azimuths are referenced to true north.

Table 3 Complete Assay Results – Grade Control Drilling (Uncut Values)
Note: Only assay results with Au ≥0.3 g/t are presented in this table.

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC062	13	14	0.81
BMRC063	16	17	0.34
BMRC064	18	19	0.71
BMRC064	19	20	0.48
BMRC065	14	15	2.95
BMRC065	15	16	1.01
BMRC065	17	18	0.41
BMRC065	22	23	0.45
BMRC065	28	29	0.40
BMRC065	29	30	3.20
BMRC066	12	13	0.39
BMRC066	21	22	0.32
BMRC066	22	23	0.34
BMRC066	23	24	4.83
BMRC066	24	25	0.37
BMRC066	25	26	0.32
BMRC067	13	14	0.99
BMRC067	16	17	0.36
BMRC067	17	18	4.47
BMRC067	18	19	4.90
BMRC067	19	20	24.70
BMRC067	20	21	4.48
BMRC067	21	22	3.54
BMRC067	22	23	3.87
BMRC067	23	24	0.81
BMRC068	7	8	1.30
BMRC068	8	9	6.84
BMRC068	9	10	0.58
BMRC068	10	11	6.05
BMRC068	11	12	31.30
BMRC068	12	13	2.37
BMRC068	15	16	3.06
BMRC068	16	17	17.10
BMRC068	17	18	5.12
BMRC068	18	19	13.30
BMRC068	19	20	1.12
BMRC068	23	24	0.55
BMRC068	24	25	2.18
BMRC068	25	26	0.45
BMRC068	28	29	1.35
BMRC070	0	1	4.30
BMRC070	1	2	1.22
BMRC070	3	4	0.45
BMRC070	4	5	0.41
BMRC070	11	12	0.42
BMRC070	13	14	0.46
BMRC070	15	16	0.59
BMRC070	17	18	0.42
BMRC070	18	19	3.02
BMRC070	19	20	2.15
BMRC070	20	21	1.22
BMRC070	21	22	1.02
BMRC070	23	24	0.51
BMRC070	25	26	1.07
BMRC070	26	27	4.31
BMRC071	0	1	1.64
BMRC071	1	2	0.72
BMRC071	12	13	0.30
BMRC072	2	3	0.99
BMRC072	3	4	0.58
BMRC072	4	5	0.50
BMRC072	5	6	0.40
BMRC072	28	29	0.45
BMRC073	11	12	0.38
BMRC073	14	15	1.41
BMRC073	15	16	0.36
BMRC074	21	22	0.35
BMRC074	23	24	0.33
BMRC074	24	25	0.37
BMRC074	25	26	0.51
BMRC075	14	15	0.91
BMRC075	20	21	0.30
BMRC075	21	22	0.89
BMRC076	16	17	1.95
BMRC076	17	18	9.36
BMRC076	18	19	0.35
BMRC076	22	23	0.57
BMRC076	23	24	0.34
BMRC077	21	22	1.04
BMRC077	25	26	0.38
BMRC077	27	28	0.96
BMRC077	30	31	0.31
BMRC078	10	11	6.39
BMRC078	11	12	3.23
BMRC078	18	19	4.89
BMRC078	26	27	0.87
BMRC078	30	31	0.47
BMRC079	7	8	2.17
BMRC079	8	9	0.54
BMRC079	9	10	1.86
BMRC079	11	12	1.48
BMRC079	13	14	0.56
BMRC079	16	17	0.42
BMRC079	18	19	11.60
BMRC079	19	20	77.30
BMRC079	20	21	1.60
BMRC079	21	22	2.36
BMRC079	22	23	1.24
BMRC079	23	24	7.39
BMRC079	24	25	2.49
BMRC079	25	26	1.66
BMRC079	26	27	0.55
BMRC080	1	2	0.36
BMRC080	3	4	2.82
BMRC080	4	5	4.48
BMRC080	5	6	10.40
BMRC080	6	7	3.20
BMRC080	9	10	0.53
BMRC080	10	11	0.32
BMRC080	11	12	0.69
BMRC080	12	13	1.32
BMRC081	2	3	0.97
BMRC081	4	5	1.40
BMRC081	5	6	0.51
BMRC081	6	7	0.41
BMRC082	2	3	1.43
BMRC082	4	5	1.81
BMRC082	5	6	1.22
BMRC082	6	7	1.86
BMRC082	9	10	0.38
BMRC082	16	17	0.36
BMRC084	21	22	0.31
BMRC084	23	24	7.43
BMRC084	24	25	0.73
BMRC084	25	26	16.20
BMRC084	26	27	3.55
BMRC084	28	29	0.38
BMRC085	0	1	0.42
BMRC085	12	13	3.08
BMRC085	14	15	1.17
BMRC085	15	16	1.41
BMRC085	16	17	17.30

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC085	17	18	3.19
BMRC085	18	19	0.46
BMRC085	19	20	8.30
BMRC085	20	21	2.35
BMRC085	21	22	0.47
BMRC085	22	23	3.58
BMRC085	23	24	1.10
BMRC085	24	25	5.48
BMRC085	25	26	2.20
BMRC085	26	27	2.03
BMRC085	27	28	0.72
BMRC085	28	29	1.44
BMRC086	3	4	2.30
BMRC086	6	7	2.05
BMRC086	7	8	5.42
BMRC086	8	9	0.32
BMRC086	9	10	24.30
BMRC086	10	11	2.89
BMRC087	2	3	0.71
BMRC087	4	5	3.87
BMRC087	5	6	1.22
BMRC087	6	7	6.04
BMRC087	7	8	2.95
BMRC087	8	9	10.30
BMRC087	11	12	0.71
BMRC089	14	15	0.30
BMRC089	26	27	1.68
BMRC089	27	28	1.53
BMRC089	28	29	0.62
BMRC089	29	30	0.61
BMRC089	30	31	1.05
BMRC089	31	32	0.60
BMRC089	32	33	0.39
BMRC090	20	21	0.47
BMRC090	22	23	1.53
BMRC090	23	24	0.32
BMRC090	26	27	0.46
BMRC090	27	28	1.56
BMRC090	28	29	1.62
BMRC090	29	30	0.56
BMRC091	22	23	1.16
BMRC091	23	24	1.13
BMRC091	24	25	0.46
BMRC091	26	27	0.32
BMRC091	27	28	0.41
BMRC091	28	29	0.67
BMRC092A	25	26	0.53

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC092A	27	28	0.32
BMRC092A	31	32	0.52
BMRC092A	32	33	0.43
BMRC092A	37	38	0.31
BMRC092A	38	39	1.11
BMRC092A	39	40	1.17
BMRC092A	40	41	3.24
BMRC093	17	18	1.51
BMRC093	19	20	0.40
BMRC093	20	21	0.55
BMRC093	21	22	0.54
BMRC093	22	23	26.30
BMRC093	23	24	1.65
BMRC093	24	25	0.47
BMRC093	26	27	4.13
BMRC093	28	29	1.29
BMRC093	29	30	0.67
BMRC093	33	34	0.40
BMRC093	34	35	0.67
BMRC093	35	36	0.70
BMRC094	1	2	0.47
BMRC094	3	4	0.83
BMRC094	5	6	1.87
BMRC094	8	9	1.81
BMRC094	10	11	1.13
BMRC094	11	12	1.57
BMRC094	15	16	1.48
BMRC094	16	17	2.68
BMRC094	17	18	0.40
BMRC094	18	19	0.80
BMRC094	19	20	1.20
BMRC094	22	23	0.64
BMRC094	23	24	0.44
BMRC095	6	7	0.71
BMRC095	8	9	4.68
BMRC095	9	10	0.84
BMRC095	14	15	1.55
BMRC095	15	16	0.36
BMRC095	18	19	0.48
BMRC096	7	8	0.49
BMRC096	9	10	2.04
BMRC096	19	20	0.92
BMRC097	21	22	0.94
BMRC097	25	26	1.86
BMRC097	26	27	0.53
BMRC097	28	29	0.32
BMRC097	29	30	0.95

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC097	31	32	2.83
BMRC097	32	33	1.28
BMRC097	33	34	2.24
BMRC097	34	35	1.51
BMRC097	35	36	0.56
BMRC097	36	37	0.34
BMRC097	39	40	0.63
BMRC097	43	44	0.60
BMRC097	45	46	0.46
BMRC098	24	25	0.52
BMRC098	27	28	0.40
BMRC098	30	31	0.45
BMRC098	33	34	0.31
BMRC098	34	35	0.60
BMRC098	35	36	0.89
BMRC098	38	39	0.41
BMRC098	41	42	1.00
BMRC099	13	14	0.48
BMRC099	34	35	0.31
BMRC099	35	36	0.30
BMRC099	36	37	2.04
BMRC100	26	27	0.71
BMRC100	29	30	0.40
BMRC100	30	31	0.85
BMRC100	32	33	0.60
BMRC100	33	34	0.41
BMRC100	34	35	1.69
BMRC100	35	36	0.83
BMRC100	37	38	0.66
BMRC101	18	19	1.97
BMRC101	21	22	0.66
BMRC101	23	24	0.42
BMRC102	28	29	0.32
BMRC102	39	40	0.98
BMRC103	29	30	0.48
BMRC103	30	31	1.04
BMRC103	31	32	0.35
BMRC103	32	33	0.84
BMRC103	34	35	0.33
BMRC103	35	36	0.30
BMRC103	36	37	1.55
BMRC103	37	38	0.92
BMRC103	40	41	0.31
BMRC103	41	42	0.92
BMRC103	42	43	0.32
BMRC103	44	45	1.15
BMRC104	22	23	1.09

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC104	23	24	1.57
BMRC104	24	25	0.32
BMRC104	25	26	0.94
BMRC104	26	27	2.57
BMRC104	27	28	6.29
BMRC104	28	29	1.60
BMRC104	30	31	0.44
BMRC104	31	32	0.51
BMRC104	32	33	1.87
BMRC104	33	34	0.49
BMRC104	37	38	0.37
BMRC105	5	6	0.54
BMRC105	8	9	2.46
BMRC105	10	11	1.31
BMRC105	11	12	8.60
BMRC105	13	14	1.00
BMRC105	14	15	9.14
BMRC105	15	16	1.16
BMRC105	16	17	1.92
BMRC105	17	18	3.42
BMRC105	18	19	1.16
BMRC105	19	20	1.80
BMRC105	20	21	1.28
BMRC105	21	22	5.99
BMRC105	22	23	70.70
BMRC105	23	24	1.75
BMRC105	24	25	13.00
BMRC105	25	26	5.13
BMRC105	26	27	1.65
BMRC105	27	28	2.10
BMRC105	28	29	1.20
BMRC106	9	10	0.71
BMRC106	10	11	1.41
BMRC106	11	12	2.31
BMRC106	16	17	1.05
BMRC106	17	18	2.05
BMRC106	18	19	1.25
BMRC106	19	20	0.47
BMRC106	20	21	6.07
BMRC106	23	24	0.30
BMRC106	27	28	0.31
BMRC108	18	19	1.22
BMRC108	28	29	0.56
BMRC108	29	30	0.81
BMRC108	30	31	0.59
BMRC108	31	32	1.40
BMRC108	40	41	0.74

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC109	19	20	0.96
BMRC109	22	23	0.43
BMRC109	23	24	0.34
BMRC109	25	26	0.94
BMRC109	31	32	0.38
BMRC109	34	35	1.18
BMRC110	16	17	0.74
BMRC110	22	23	0.57
BMRC110	23	24	0.36
BMRC110	25	26	1.06
BMRC110	26	27	1.36
BMRC110	27	28	2.25
BMRC110	28	29	0.92
BMRC110	29	30	0.98
BMRC110	30	31	1.74
BMRC110	31	32	1.31
BMRC110	32	33	0.80
BMRC110	33	34	1.15
BMRC110	34	35	0.65
BMRC110	35	36	0.30
BMRC110	36	37	0.32
BMRC111	20	21	8.03
BMRC111	21	22	0.56
BMRC111	22	23	0.32
BMRC111	23	24	0.92
BMRC111	24	25	0.38
BMRC111	26	27	0.92
BMRC111	27	28	1.03
BMRC111	28	29	0.64
BMRC111	30	31	0.33
BMRC112	9	10	0.94
BMRC112	14	15	9.16
BMRC112	15	16	1.13
BMRC112	16	17	0.34
BMRC112	20	21	2.19
BMRC112	30	31	0.70
BMRC115	0	1	0.91
BMRC115	1	2	0.37
BMRC115	3	4	7.22
BMRC116	47	48	0.30
BMRC116	50	51	0.57
BMRC116	52	53	0.79
BMRC116	53	54	0.38
BMRC116	54	55	0.34
BMRC117	49	50	0.35
BMRC118	16	17	2.62
BMRC118	17	18	17.60

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC118	18	19	4.03
BMRC118	38	39	0.35
BMRC118	41	42	0.91
BMRC118	42	43	0.77
BMRC118	45	46	2.48
BMRC119	15	16	0.62
BMRC119	16	17	0.58
BMRC119	17	18	0.54
BMRC119	31	32	0.35
BMRC119	41	42	1.20
BMRC119	42	43	0.53
BMRC120	21	22	1.91
BMRC120	26	27	1.66
BMRC120	27	28	0.52
BMRC120	31	32	1.37
BMRC120	32	33	0.55
BMRC120	33	34	0.39
BMRC120	34	35	0.44
BMRC120	35	36	1.85
BMRC120	36	37	1.57
BMRC120	37	38	0.60
BMRC120	38	39	6.52
BMRC120	39	40	3.71
BMRC120	40	41	1.18
BMRC121	41	42	1.40
BMRC121	42	43	0.64
BMRC121	18	19	0.54
BMRC121	19	20	0.77
BMRC121	37	38	0.34
BMRC122	30	31	0.44
BMRC122	31	32	1.04
BMRC122	32	33	1.37
BMRC122	33	34	0.40
BMRC122	37	38	1.01
BMRC122	39	40	0.60
BMRC122	40	41	0.43
BMRC122	41	42	0.51
BMRC123	25	26	0.44
BMRC123	27	28	0.55
BMRC123	28	29	4.45
BMRC123	29	30	8.48
BMRC123	30	31	5.01
BMRC123	31	32	7.52
BMRC123	32	33	4.64
BMRC123	33	34	0.73
BMRC123	34	35	0.49
BMRC123	35	36	0.42

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC123	37	38	0.37
BMRC123	40	41	0.44
BMRC123	41	42	2.27
BMRC124	0	1	2.21
BMRC124	23	24	1.65
BMRC124	24	25	0.56
BMRC124	25	26	0.85
BMRC124	26	27	1.06
BMRC124	27	28	3.61
BMRC124	28	29	0.71
BMRC124	29	30	0.48
BMRC124	30	31	0.50
BMRC124	31	32	2.13
BMRC124	32	33	1.43
BMRC124	33	34	1.09
BMRC124	34	35	0.32
BMRC124	35	36	0.57
BMRC124	36	37	1.37
BMRC124	43	44	0.42
BMRC125	17	18	0.41
BMRC125	21	22	2.14
BMRC125	23	24	0.45
BMRC125	33	34	0.64
BMRC126	13	14	2.04
BMRC126	14	15	1.15
BMRC126	15	16	0.39
BMRC126	16	17	0.81
BMRC126	17	18	0.49
BMRC126	18	19	0.58
BMRC126	19	20	0.39
BMRC126	20	21	26.80
BMRC126	21	22	19.90
BMRC126	22	23	17.50
BMRC126	23	24	2.53
BMRC126	24	25	0.34
BMRC127	1	2	0.47
BMRC127	2	3	0.47
BMRC127	3	4	2.65
BMRC127	4	5	0.30
BMRC127	5	6	0.95
BMRC127	6	7	0.33
BMRC127	7	8	1.18
BMRC127	10	11	0.37
BMRC127	12	13	1.15
BMRC127	13	14	0.48
BMRC127	14	15	1.26
BMRC127	20	21	8.66

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC127	21	22	0.47
BMRC127	22	23	1.71
BMRC127	23	24	0.74
BMRC128	0	1	0.68
BMRC128	1	2	1.49
BMRC128	2	3	0.43
BMRC128	3	4	12.40
BMRC128	4	5	3.27
BMRC128	5	6	2.02
BMRC128	6	7	1.56
BMRC128	7	8	0.45
BMRC128	8	9	0.51
BMRC128	14	15	0.50
BMRC130	15	16	0.31
BMRC130	31	32	2.72
BMRC130	32	33	0.39
BMRC130	33	34	0.40
BMRC130	34	35	6.70
BMRC130	35	36	1.59
BMRC130	36	37	4.21
BMRC130	37	38	1.66
BMRC130	38	39	0.42
BMRC130	48	49	0.51
BMRC130	56	57	0.35
BMRC131	16	17	0.84
BMRC131	17	18	0.54
BMRC131	36	37	1.83
BMRC131	38	39	0.44
BMRC131	44	45	12.20
BMRC131	45	46	0.31
BMRC131	48	49	0.47
BMRC132	33	34	2.46
BMRC132	34	35	1.24
BMRC132	35	36	0.88
BMRC132	40	41	0.43
BMRC132	41	42	2.24
BMRC132	44	45	0.34
BMRC133	36	37	4.61
BMRC133	37	38	1.31
BMRC133	38	39	0.38
BMRC133	1	2	0.36
BMRC133	30	31	0.78
BMRC133	31	32	0.32
BMRC133	32	33	0.55
BMRC133	33	34	0.94
BMRC133	34	35	2.21
BMRC133	35	36	4.19

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC134	6	7	0.33
BMRC134	14	15	0.52
BMRC134	16	17	2.42
BMRC134	25	26	0.35
BMRC134	28	29	0.36
BMRC134	30	31	0.70
BMRC134	31	32	0.43
BMRC135	1	2	2.56
BMRC135	2	3	2.48
BMRC135	3	4	5.18
BMRC135	4	5	2.78
BMRC135	5	6	1.50
BMRC135	20	21	0.50
BMRC135	23	24	0.72
BMRC135	24	25	1.15
BMRC135	25	26	4.57
BMRC135	26	27	1.95
BMRC135	27	28	1.50
BMRC135	28	29	1.08
BMRC135	29	30	0.58
BMRC136	0	1	0.67
BMRC136	1	2	0.31
BMRC136	2	3	2.16
BMRC136	3	4	0.39
BMRC137	35	36	0.55
BMRC137	53	54	1.50
BMRC137	54	55	0.40
BMRC138	39	40	3.30
BMRC138	40	41	0.96
BMRC138	41	42	4.09
BMRC138	42	43	8.76
BMRC138	43	44	0.39
BMRC138	44	45	0.65
BMRC138	46	47	4.31
BMRC138	47	48	1.44
BMRC138	48	49	0.62
BMRC139	34	35	0.54
BMRC139	40	41	0.41
BMRC139	42	43	0.37
BMRC139	45	46	0.35
BMRC139	48	49	10.00
BMRC139	49	50	0.87
BMRC140	36	37	0.82
BMRC141	37	38	3.53
BMRC142	26	27	0.38
BMRC142	35	36	0.53
BMRC142	36	37	2.04

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC142	37	38	0.34
BMRC142	49	50	0.42
BMRC143	15	16	0.77
BMRC143	34	35	0.31
BMRC143	43	44	1.01
BMRC143	48	49	0.32
BMRC144	9	10	1.30
BMRC144	10	11	0.72
BMRC144	15	16	0.57
BMRC144	37	38	0.32
BMRC144	42	43	0.72
BMRC145	18	19	0.92
BMRC145	22	23	0.58
BMRC145	30	31	0.80
BMRC145	31	32	0.64
BMRC145	32	33	0.63
BMRC145	33	34	1.01
BMRC145	34	35	2.20
BMRC145	35	36	0.80
BMRC145	36	37	0.43
BMRC145	37	38	0.45
BMRC146	12	13	4.00
BMRC146	13	14	1.05
BMRC146	14	15	0.72
BMRC146	17	18	1.46
BMRC146	18	19	0.41
BMRC146	19	20	1.90
BMRC146	28	29	0.86
BMRC146	29	30	1.15
BMRC146	31	32	0.44
BMRC146	32	33	0.40
BMRC146	33	34	0.52
BMRC146	36	37	0.32
BMRC147	12	13	48.00
BMRC147	13	14	0.35
BMRC147	14	15	1.51
BMRC147	15	16	133
BMRC147	16	17	1.51
BMRC147	17	18	1.13
BMRC147	18	19	0.78
BMRC147	19	20	311
BMRC147	20	21	2.77
BMRC147	21	22	1.05
BMRC147	23	24	0.65
BMRC147	25	26	1.30
BMRC147	27	28	0.57
BMRC147	28	29	0.45

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC147	31	32	0.31
BMRC147	32	33	0.83
BMRC148	0	1	0.34
BMRC148	6	7	0.90
BMRC148	9	10	0.35
BMRC148	11	12	0.69
BMRC148	12	13	3.27
BMRC148	13	14	1.41
BMRC148	14	15	1.10
BMRC148	18	19	0.41
BMRC148	19	20	0.57
BMRC148	20	21	0.50
BMRC148	22	23	0.97
BMRC148	23	24	1.96
BMRC148	24	25	0.62
BMRC148	25	26	1.02
BMRC148	26	27	0.57
BMRC148	27	28	0.51
BMRC149	1	2	0.34
BMRC149	4	5	5.33
BMRC149	5	6	4.34
BMRC149	8	9	1.56
BMRC149	11	12	3.87
BMRC149	16	17	0.40
BMRC149	25	26	0.69
BMRC149	29	30	1.31
BMRC149	30	31	0.92
BMRC149	47	48	0.39
BMRC150	4	5	1.57
BMRC150	5	6	0.38
BMRC150	6	7	2.42
BMRC150	7	8	1.19
BMRC150	8	9	0.47
BMRC150	10	11	0.69
BMRC150	11	12	0.37
BMRC150	13	14	0.31
BMRC151	7	8	2.86
BMRC151	8	9	2.14
BMRC151	9	10	1.76
BMRC151	10	11	0.37
BMRC152	0	1	0.34
BMRC153	37	38	0.58
BMRC153	38	39	1.06
BMRC153	47	48	0.33
BMRC154	36	37	0.36
BMRC154	38	39	0.82
BMRC154	46	47	0.69

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC154	47	48	0.57
BMRC154	48	49	0.64
BMRC154	52	53	0.56
BMRC155	40	41	0.71
BMRC155	42	43	2.62
BMRC155	43	44	0.99
BMRC155	44	45	0.70
BMRC155	45	46	1.30
BMRC155	46	47	1.53
BMRC155	47	48	1.45
BMRC155	48	49	1.39
BMRC156	41	42	1.01
BMRC156	52	53	3.05
BMRC156	53	54	19.80
BMRC156	54	55	0.75
BMRC157	33	34	0.51
BMRC157	41	42	0.39
BMRC157	51	52	1.49
BMRC157	52	53	0.61
BMRC157	53	54	0.71
BMRC158	35	36	0.56
BMRC158	37	38	0.34
BMRC158	41	42	0.35
BMRC159	0	1	17.00
BMRC159	6	7	0.31
BMRC160	21	22	0.30
BMRC160	32	33	0.32
BMRC160	34	35	0.33
BMRC161	24	25	0.55
BMRC161	25	26	1.71
BMRC161	26	27	1.33
BMRC161	29	30	0.38
BMRC161	30	31	1.42
BMRC161	33	34	0.32
BMRC161	36	37	0.38
BMRC161	38	39	0.32
BMRC161	39	40	1.08
BMRC161	40	41	1.02
BMRC162	7	8	0.50
BMRC162	18	19	1.29
BMRC162	24	25	0.34
BMRC162	25	26	0.48
BMRC162	26	27	1.25
BMRC162	27	28	0.65
BMRC162	28	29	1.18
BMRC162	29	30	1.63
BMRC162	30	31	2.14

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC162	31	32	0.64
BMRC162	32	33	1.85
BMRC163	0	1	0.34
BMRC163	14	15	0.69
BMRC163	15	16	1.97
BMRC163	16	17	0.43
BMRC163	21	22	1.35
BMRC163	22	23	0.81
BMRC163	23	24	0.58
BMRC163	24	25	2.30
BMRC163	25	26	1.47
BMRC163	26	27	0.49
BMRC163	27	28	0.78
BMRC163	29	30	0.45
BMRC163	30	31	0.46
BMRC163	34	35	3.42
BMRC221	28	32	0.39
BMRC221	37	38	0.53
BMRC221	38	39	0.45
BMRC221	39	40	4.00
BMRC221	40	41	0.76
BMRC221	55	56	0.30
BMRC222	32	36	2.32
BMRC222	36	37	3.14
BMRC222	39	40	0.57
BMRC222	45	46	1.01
BMRC222	46	47	0.43
BMRC222	48	49	0.45
BMRC222	50	51	1.93
BMRC222	51	52	3.09
BMRC222	53	54	0.71
BMRC223	34	35	1.11
BMRC223	35	36	1.76
BMRC223	36	37	0.98
BMRC223	37	38	0.55
BMRC223	38	39	1.71
BMRC223	41	42	0.47
BMRC223	44	45	0.38
BMRC223	52	53	1.27
BMRC224	0	4	1.48
BMRC224	32	33	2.73
BMRC224	33	34	0.75
BMRC224	37	38	2.41
BMRC224	38	39	3.08
BMRC224	39	40	0.33
BMRC224	40	41	0.43
BMRC224	41	42	1.14

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC224	42	43	1.21
BMRC224	43	44	0.78
BMRC224	44	45	0.98
BMRC224	45	46	0.59
BMRC224	46	47	0.68
BMRC224	50	51	0.31
BMRC225	29	30	0.75
BMRC225	36	37	0.40
BMRC227	32	33	0.38
BMRC231	4	8	2.33
BMRC232	12	16	0.94
BMRC233	8	12	0.54
BMRC233	22	23	7.32
BMRC233	23	24	10.00
BMRC233	24	25	0.51
BMRC234	0	4	0.45
BMRC235	32	36	0.46
BMRC236	19	20	0.50
BMRC237	13	14	0.49
BMRC238	10	11	0.48
BMRC239	18	19	0.30
BMRC241	40	41	0.35
BMRC241	49	50	1.24
BMRC241	52	53	0.68
BMRC242	53	54	1.27
BMRC242	54	55	1.33
BMRC242	55	56	3.36
BMRC243	32	33	0.67
BMRC243	33	34	1.49
BMRC243	34	35	1.16
BMRC245	29	30	0.65
BMRC246	31	32	0.45
BMRC246	32	33	0.48
BMRC247	12	16	0.31
BMRC247	35	36	0.30
BMRC248	28	29	0.42
BMRC248	31	32	5.97
BMRC248	32	33	0.52
BMRC249	8	12	0.34
BMRC250	8	12	10.40
BMRC250	18	19	0.65
BMRC250	32	33	0.31
BMRC250	33	34	0.41
BMRC251	18	19	0.33
BMRC251	19	20	0.34
BMRC252	17	18	0.52
BMRC252	19	20	0.31

Hole ID	Depth From	Depth To	Au g/t
BMRC252	21	22	0.31
BMRC253	16	17	0.39
BMRC253	17	18	1.82
BMRC254	18	19	0.45

Samples were analysed by Bureau Veritas Minerals, Kalgoorlie (40 g fire assay). Au results are uncut; Au lower detection limit is 0.005 g/t.

For clarity, only assay results with gold grades ≥0.3 g/t Au are reported in this table.

ANNEXURE B

JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1

report

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

- (Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	*Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.* *Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.* *Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.* *In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases, more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.*	• Industry Standard Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling techniques were employed to deliver consecutive 1 metre down-hole drill cuttings to the surface, whereby sample return is passed through a cyclone underflow into a stationary Metzke cone splitter attached to the underside of the cyclone. One sub-sample collection port is utilised to split each one metre down-hole sample, enabling one sub-sample split (~2-3kg) to be collected into calico bags. The remainder of the sample was then free dumped onto the ground surface, in rows of 20 single metre piles, near to the drill hole collar. • All drilling, sample collection and sampling handling procedures were supervised by BML's consultant geology personnel to today's industry standards. QA/QC procedures were implemented during the drilling program to today's industry standards. • All samples were obtained to enable total pulverisation and weights obtained for industry standard gold analysis.
Drilling techniques	*Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).*	• Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling techniques employed using face sampling hammer with a hole diameter of approximately 125mm. • Drill Rig is a Marooka-mounted AustEx X300 with on-board Atlas Copco 966psi/435cfm air compressor.
Drill sample recovery	*Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.* *Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure*	• Drilling was observed at all times and recoveries were observed to be high and consistent, thus sampling is considered to be representative, and without sample bias.

	representative nature of the samples. *Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.*	
Logging	*Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.* *Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.* *The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.*	• Drill chip samples were logged geologically to a level of detail suitable for grade control and mineral resource estimation. • Logging was qualitative and quantitative. • All drill samples were logged.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	*If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.* *If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.* *For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.* *Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.* *Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.* *Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.*	• RC drill samples were split, to obtain sub-samples for analysis, using a stationary cone splitter mounted beneath the sample cyclone attached to the drill rig. • RC drilling and sample splitting using cyclones and stationary cone splitters is considered to be industry standard and appropriate for evaluating Archaean gold lode deposits. • Field duplicate samples were taken at a ratio of 1 in 40 samples. Samples collected to date adequately repeat. • Certified Reference Material (CRM) were inserted into the sampling stream at a ratio of 1 in 40 samples. All samples were deemed to assay within acceptable tolerances.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	*The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.* *For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.* *Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established.*	• Samples were submitted to an independent laboratory (Bureau Veritas, Kalgoorlie). Industry standard sample preparation (dry, crush and total pulverisation) and analysis by 40g Fire Assay with AAS finish were employed. • CRM samples were inserted into the sampling stream, and samples submitted to the laboratory. • Review of QA/QC data did not reveal any bias and the levels of accuracy and precision to be appropriate for mine planning.
Verification of sampling and assaying	*The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.* *The use of twinned holes.*	• Verification of significant intersections was conducted internally by BML personnel. • There was no twinning of holes.

	Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. *Discuss any adjustment to assay data.*	• All data is entered into a computer database and verified. Data is recorded onto laptop computers and uploaded onto the Company's server. • No adjustments were made to the original laboratory assays.
Location of data points	*Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.* *Specification of the grid system used.* *Quality and adequacy of topographic control.*	• Drill hole collars were located using a Leica base station and roving units to obtain millimeter accurate collar pickups. • Coordinates are reported to GDA94 datum, UTM MGA94 Zone 51. • Topographic control is established using RTK GPS to an accuracy of ±0.1m
Data spacing and distribution	*Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.* *Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.* *Whether sample compositing has been applied.*	• RC drill samples were taken at 1 metre downhole intervals. The drill hole spacing is considered to be sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedures and classifications applied. • Sample compositing was not applied to RC drill samples,
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	*Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.* *If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.*	• The majority of RC drill holes were inclined at -60° towards true north, orthogonal to the main mineralisation trends. The quartz veins form a stockwork style of mineralisation and the drill direction was optimised to intersect all major orientations of the veins. • Although the veins are multi-directional, the drilling orientation is considered to provide unbiased sampling of the mineralised zones.
Sample security	*The measures taken to ensure sample security.*	• Sample security was maintained at all times by the BML's geological personnel. Individual samples were collected in pre-numbered calico bags, then collated into labeled poly-woven bags, zip-tied, and hand delivered direct to the laboratory (Bureau Veritas, Kalgoorlie).
Audits or reviews	*The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.*	• There has been no audit or review of sampling techniques and data.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

- (Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	*Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.* *The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a license to operate in the area.*	• Mining Lease 39/318 is registered 100% to E-Collate Pty Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of Redcastle Resources Ltd. • There are no current known impediments to obtaining a license to operate in the area. • Standard Western Australia royalties apply to the project.
Exploration done by other parties	*Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.*	• Previous explorers in this area include Hill Minerals (1980s) and Terrain Minerals (early 2000s), and their activities included geological mapping, magnetics and drilling.
Geology	*Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.*	• The geology comprises typical Archaean greenstone, shear-hosted gold mineralisation. This style of mineralisation is typical within Archaean greenstone sequences. • At Redcastle Reef, mineralisation has been historically recorded as being dominated by sigmoidal quartz veins within a quartz dolerite host. The highest grades and largest tonnages mined were associated with an east plunging 25 degrees (plunge) at 120 degrees (to the east). Fold closure has been mined down plunge from surface to -8m. • Mineralisation observed during the 2024-2026 drilling and surface mapping has identified quartz stockworks hosted by dolerite / quartz-dolerite lithologies and also within a felsic intrusive, which is considered to possibly be a pre-mineralisation event.
Drill hole Information	*A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:* *easting and northing of the drill hole collar* *elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar* *dip and azimuth of the hole* *down hole length and interception depth* *hole length.*	• Drill hole information is tabulated and attached to this report in Annexure A.

	If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.	
Data aggregation methods	*In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.* *Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.* *The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.*	• No data aggregation methods or metal equivalent values have been utilised in reporting of grade control results. • Reported intercepts are based on length weighting of assay data. • Most samples are of one metre length, some samples are four-metre composits. • All gold values are uncut.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	*These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.* *If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.* *If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known').*	• The majority of RC drill holes were inclined at -60° towards true north, orthogonal to the main mineralisation trends. The quartz veins form a stockwork style of mineralisation and the drill direction was optimised to intersect all major orientations of the veins. • Although the veins are multi-directional, the drilling orientation is generally considered to provide unbiased sampling of the mineralised zones. • As a consequence of the various orientations of the quartz veins, true widths are not necessarily known for individual veins, however the widths of the stockwork zones are considered to be close to being true widths.
Diagrams	*Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.*	• Plan view of sampling locations and results are included in the main body of this report. • Drill cross-sections and long-sections are included in the main body of this report.
Balanced reporting	*Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.*	• All RC drill results including collars and assays are tabulated and attached to this report.
Other substantive exploration data	*Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density,*	• There is no other meaningful and material exploration data to report.

	groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.	
Further work	*The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).* *Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.*	• The Company is continuing the drilling program to enable definitive mine planning and future grade control to be carried out.